(根據公司條例於香港註冊成立之有限公司)

(Incorporated in Hong Kong with limited liability under the Companies Ordinance)

(股份代號: 440) (Stock Code: 440)

2017年度中期業績報告 2017 INTERIM REPORT

大新金融集團有限公司(「本公司」)董事會欣然宣佈本公司及其附屬公司(統稱「本集團」)截至2017年6月30日止6個月之中期業績報告及簡明綜合財務報表。截至2017年6月30日止6個月未經審核之扣除沒控制權股東溢利後股東應佔溢利為48億4千4百30萬港元。

The Directors of Dah Sing Financial Holdings Limited (the "Company") are pleased to present the Interim Report and condensed consolidated financial statements of the Company and its subsidiaries (collectively the "Group") for the six months ended 30 June 2017. The unaudited profit attributable to shareholders after non-controlling interests for the six months ended 30 June 2017 was HK\$4,844.3 million.

未經審核之中期簡明財務報表

UNAUDITED INTERIM CONDENSED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

本集團未經審核之2017年中期簡明綜合財務報表乃按照香港會計師公會(「香港會計師公會」)所頒佈之香港會計準則第34號「中期財務報告」而編製。

The unaudited 2017 interim condensed consolidated financial statements of the Group have been prepared in accordance with Hong Kong Accounting Standard No. 34 "Interim Financial Reporting" issued by the Hong Kong Institute of Certified Public Accountants ("HKICPA").

未經審核之簡明綜合收益賬

UNAUDITED CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED INCOME STATEMENT

截至6月30日止6個月

For the six months ended 30 June

千港元	HK\$'000	附註 Note	2017	經重列 Restated 2016	變動 Variance 百分比 %
持續經營業務 利息收入 利息支出	Continuing operations Interest income Interest expense		2,770,796 (877,914)	2,559,192 (781,614)	
淨利息收入	Net interest income	3	1,892,882	1,777,578	6.5
服務費及佣金收入 服務費及佣金支出	Fee and commission income Fee and commission expense		580,419 (125,360)	505,556 (109,198)	
淨服務費及佣金收入	Net fee and commission income	4	455,059	396,358	14.8
淨買賣收入 淨保費及其他收入 其他營運收入	Net trading income Net insurance premium and other income Other operating income	5 6	117,105 126,671 42,332	60,815 133,145 37,902	
營運收入 保險索償及支出淨額	Operating income Net insurance claims and expenses		2,634,049 (89,289)	2,405,798 (82,806)	9.5
扣除保險索償之營運收入 營運支出	Total operating income net of insurance claims Operating expenses	7	2,544,760 (1,281,419)	2,322,992 (1,170,703)	9.5 9.5
扣除減值虧損前之營運溢利 貸款減值虧損	Operating profit before impairment losses Loan impairment losses	8	1,263,341 (167,275)	1,152,289 (344,479)	9.6 (51.4)
扣除減值虧損後之營運溢利	Operating profit after impairment losses		1,096,066	807,810	35.7
出售其他固定資產之淨 (虧損)/收益 出售可供出售證券之淨收益 應佔聯營公司之業績 應佔共同控制實體之業績	Net (loss)/gain on disposal of other fixed assets Net gain on disposal of available-for-sale securities Share of results of an associate Share of results of jointly controlled entities		(106) 27,749 373,038 9,198	18 61,955 352,936 7,599	
除税前溢利 税項	Profit before taxation Taxation	9	1,505,945 (179,215)	1,230,318 (147,751)	22.4
持續經營業務之期間溢利	Profit for the period from continuing operations		1,326,730	1,082,567	22.6
已終止經營業務 已終止經營業務之期間溢利	Discontinued operations Profit for the period from discontinued operations	20	3,849,872	104,985	
期間溢利	Profit for the period		5,176,602	1,187,552	335.9
分配如下: 本公司股東 一來自持續經營業務 一來自已終止經營業務	Attributable to: Shareholders of the Company - From continuing operations - From discontinued operations		994,871 3,849,471	809,058 104,823	
沒控制權股東應佔溢利	Non-controlling interests		4,844,342 332,260	913,881 273,671	
期間溢利	Profit for the period		5,176,602	1,187,552	335.9
每股盈利 基本 一來自持續經營業務 一來自已終止經營業務	Earnings per share Basic - From continuing operations - From discontinued operations	10 10	HK\$2.97 HK\$11.49	HK\$2.41 HK\$0.31	
攤薄 一來自持續經營業務 一來自已終止經營業務	Diluted - From continuing operations - From discontinued operations	10 10	HK\$2.97 HK\$11.49	HK\$2.41 HK\$0.31	

未經審核之簡明綜合全面收益表

UNAUDITED CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF COMPREHENSIVE INCOME

截至6月30日止6個月

For the six months ended 30 June

千港元	HK\$'000	2017	2016
期間溢利	Profit for the period	5,176,602	1,187,552
期間其他全面收益	Other comprehensive income for the period		
可能會重新分類至綜合 收益賬的項目:	Items that may be reclassified to the consolidated income statement:		
證券投資 確認於權益之可供出售證券 公平值收益 公平值收益變現及轉移至 收益賬:	Investments in securities Fair value gain on available-for-sale securities recognised in equity Fair value gain realised and transferred to income statement upon:	256,632	182,781
一出售可供出售證券 投資重估儲備變動之遞延税項	Disposal of available-for-sale securities Deferred income tax on movements in investment	(27,749)	(61,955)
汉貝里旧附冊反勁之憑恐忧炽	revaluation reserve	(41,571)	(16,074)
		187,312	104,752
換算海外機構財務報表的 匯兑差異	Exchange differences arising on translation of the financial statements of foreign entities	166,116	(145,433)
扣除税項後之期間其他全面 收益/(虧損)	Other comprehensive income/(loss) for the period, net of tax	353,428	(40,681)
扣除税項後之期間全面收益總額	Total comprehensive income for the period, net of tax	5,530,030	1,146,871
分配如下: 沒控制權股東 本公司股東 一來自持續經營業務 一來自已終止經營業務	Attributable to: Non-controlling interests Shareholders of the Company - From continuing operations - From discontinued operations	417,495 1,248,515 3,864,020	261,164 768,087 117,620
和除税項後之期間全面收益總額	Total comprehensive income for the period, net of tax	5,530,030	1,146,871

未經審核之簡明綜合財務狀況表

UNAUDITED CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF FINANCIAL POSITION

		附註	2017年 6月30日 As at	2016年 12月31日 As at
千港元	HK\$'000	Note	30 Jun 2017	31 Dec 2016
資產	ASSETS			
現金及在銀行的結餘	Cash and balances with banks	11	14,996,722	15,083,632
在銀行1至12個月內到期的存款	Placements with banks maturing between one and twelve months		14 071 020	8,592,164
持作買賣用途的證券	Trading securities	12	14,071,032 9,057,460	8,967,783
指定以公平值計量且其變動	Financial assets designated at fair value		0,001,100	0,001,100
計入損益的金融資產	through profit or loss	12	1,013,550	611,159
衍生金融工具	Derivative financial instruments	13	570,362	1,177,322
各項貸款及其他賬目	Advances and other accounts	14	125,223,329	121,014,785
可供出售證券 持至到期證券	Available-for-sale securities	16 17	35,006,639	32,865,500
特主到 期 超 分	Held-to-maturity securities Investment in an associate	17	7,563,947 4,708,939	10,330,237 4,253,393
共同控制實體投資	Investments in jointly controlled entities		84,610	75,412
商譽	Goodwill		874,603	874,603
無形資產	Intangible assets		81,122	81,315
行產及其他固定資產	Premises and other fixed assets	18	2,178,634	2,151,421
投資物業	Investment properties	19	1,208,005	1,059,226
即期税項資產	Current income tax assets		1,297	5,098
遞延税項資產 分類為待出售之出售組別資產	Deferred income tax assets	20	72,551	68,286
刀無為付山旨之山旨組別貝庄	Assets of disposal group classified as held for sale	20	674,611	16,031,674
資產合計	Total assets		217,387,413	223,243,010
負債	LIABILITIES			
銀行存款	Deposits from banks		2,217,141	2,318,203
衍生金融工具	Derivative financial instruments	13	616,002	1,343,418
持作買賣用途的負債	Trading liabilities		7,856,209	7,748,887
客戶存款	Deposits from customers	21	154,093,325	152,436,415
已發行的存款證 後償債務	Certificates of deposit issued Subordinated notes	22 23	6,203,507 5,550,148	6,559,976 7,146,163
其他賬目及預提	Other accounts and accruals	20	9,214,474	5,399,385
即期税項負債	Current income tax liabilities		263,630	165,320
遞延税項負債	Deferred income tax liabilities		159,052	116,709
分類為待出售之出售組別負債	Liabilities of disposal group classified as held for sale	20	371,230	12,320,966
負債合計	Total liabilities		186,544,718	195,555,442
權益	EQUITY			
沒控制權股東	Non-controlling interests		6,190,615	5,870,786
本公司股東應佔權益	Equity attributable to the Company's shareholders			
股本	Share capital		4,248,559	4,248,559
其他儲備(包括保留盈利)	Other reserves (including retained earnings)		20,403,521	17,568,223
股東資金	Shareholders' funds	24	24,652,080	21,816,782
權益合計	Total equity		30,842,695	27,687,568
權益及負債合計	Total equity and liabilities		217,387,413	223,243,010

未經審核之簡明綜合權益變動表

截至2017年6月30日止6個月

UNAUDITED CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN EQUITY

For the six months ended 30 June 2017

本公司股東應佔權益 Attributable to the Shareholders of the Company

					沒控制權 股東	
		股本 Share	其他儲備 Other	保留盈利 Retained	Non- controlling	權益合計 Total
千港元	HK\$'000	capital	reserves	earnings	interests	equity
2017年1月1日結餘	Balance at 1 January 2017	4,248,559	949,722	16,618,501	5,870,786	27,687,568
期間溢利	Profit for the period	-	-	4,844,342	332,260	5,176,602
期間其他全面收益	Other comprehensive income for the period	-	268,193	-	85,235	353,428
一間附屬公司之沒控制權 股東投入股本	Capital contribution by non-controlling interests of a subsidiary	-	-	-	397	397
透過股權安排下於一間 附屬公司購入額外淨資產	Additional net assets in a subsidiary acquired via share option arrangement	-	(1,094)	-	2,252	1,158
以股權支付以股份 作為基礎報酬之撥備	Provision for equity-settled share-based compensation	-	320	-	(56)	264
因出售附屬公司 之儲備轉撥	Reserves released upon disposal of subsidiaries	-	(116,154)	396,314	-	280,160
附屬公司向其沒控制權 股東派發股息	Dividend paid to non-controlling interests of a subsidiary	-	-	-	(100,259)	(100,259)
2016年末期股息	2016 final dividend	-	-	(345,127)	-	(345,127)
2017年特別股息	2017 special dividend			(2,211,496)		(2,211,496)
2017年6月30日結餘	Balance at 30 June 2017	4,248,559	1,100,987	19,302,534	6,190,615	30,842,695

未經審核之簡明綜合權益變動表(續)

截至2017年6月30日止6個月(續)

UNAUDITED CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN EQUITY (Continued)

For the six months ended 30 June 2017 (Continued)

本公司股東應佔權益 Attributable to the Shareholders of the Company

		股本	其他儲備	保留盈利	沒控制權 股東 Non-	權益合計
千港元	HK\$'000	Share	Other	Retained earnings	controlling	Total
2016年1月1日結餘	Balance at 1 January 2016	4,248,559	1,037,596	15,158,931	5,463,846	25,908,932
期間溢利	Profit for the period	-	-	913,881	273,671	1,187,552
期間其他全面虧損	Other comprehensive loss for the period	-	(28,174)	-	(12,507)	(40,681)
一間附屬公司之沒控制權 股東投入股本	Capital contribution by non-controlling interests of a subsidiary	-	-	-	395	395
透過股權安排下於一間 附屬公司購入額外淨資產	Additional net assets in a subsidiary acquired via share option arrangement	-	(943)	-	2,102	1,159
以股權支付以股份 作為基礎報酬之撥備	Provision for equity-settled share-based compensation	-	549	-	19	568
附屬公司向其沒控制權 股東派發股息	Dividend paid to non-controlling interests of a subsidiary	-	-	-	(96,302)	(96,302)
2015年末期股息	2015 final dividend			(335,075)		(335,075)
2016年6月30日結餘	Balance at 30 June 2016	4,248,559	1,009,028	1 <u>5,737,737</u>	5,631,224	26,626,548

未經審核之簡明綜合現金流量結算表

UNAUDITED CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS

截至6月30日止6個月

For the six months ended 30 June

千港元	HK\$'000	附註 Note	2017	2016
經營活動之現金流量 經營活動所用現金淨額	Cash flows from operating activities Net cash used in operating activities	28	(6,999,190)	(2,031,330)
投資活動之現金流量 購置行產、投資物業及 其他固定資產 出售已終止經營業務,扣除已	Cash flows from investing activities Purchase of premises, investment properties and other fixed assets Disposal of discontinued operations,		(68,949)	(118,592)
售出現金 出售其他固定資產所得款項	net of cash disposed of Proceeds from disposal of other fixed assets	20(c)	6,152,237 1,223	1,444
投資活動流入/(所用)現金淨額	Net cash from/(used in) investing activities		6,084,511	(117,148)
融資活動之現金流量 償還後償債務 一間附屬公司之沒控制權 股東投入股本	Cash flows from financing activities Repayment of subordinated notes Capital contribution by non-controlling interests of a subsidiary		(1,660,074)	- 395
支付已發行後償債務及債務 證券之利息 附屬公司向其沒控制權股東	Interest paid on subordinated notes and debt securities issued Dividend paid to non-controlling interests		(185,780)	(137,623)
派發股息 派發普通股股息	of a subsidiary Dividend paid on ordinary shares		(100,259) (345,127)	(96,302) (335,075)
融資活動所用現金淨額	Net cash used in financing activities		(2,290,843)	(568,605)
現金及等同現金項目減少淨額	Net decrease in cash and cash equivalents		(3,205,522)	(2,717,083)
期初現金及等同現金項目	Cash and cash equivalents at beginning of the period		20,147,048	17,285,847
匯率變更之影響	Effect of foreign exchange rate changes		99,000	(35,290)
期末現金及等同現金項目	Cash and cash equivalents at end of the period		17,040,526	14,533,474
現金及等同現金項目結餘之分析:	Analysis of the balance of cash and cash equivalents:			
現金及在銀行的結餘 原到期日在3個月或以下之	Cash and balances with banks Money at call and short notice with an original		1,679,496	1,506,802
通知及短期存款 包括在持作買賣用途證券內	maturity within three months Treasury bills included in trading securities		10,006,250	7,324,639
之國庫票據 包括在可供出售證券內之國庫票據 原到期日在3個月或以下之在	Treasury bills included in available-for-sale securities		1,776,607 299,965	2,619,618
銀行的存款	Placements with banks with an original maturity within three months		3,278,208	3,082,415
			17,040,526	14,533,474

附註:

1. 一般資料

大新金融集團有限公司(「本公司」)與其附屬公司(統稱「本集團」)在香港、澳門及中國提供銀行、保險、金融及其他相關服務。

2. 未經審核之財務報表及會計政策

載於本中期業績報告之資料不構成法定之財 務報表。

本中期業績報告之若干財務資料,乃摘錄自根據香港公司條例第662(3)條及附表6第3部分已送呈公司註冊處及香港金融管理局(「香港金管局」)之截至2016年12月31日止年度之法定財務報表(「2016年財務報表」)。

2016年財務報表之核數師報告為無保留意見,當中不包括核數師在並無作出保留意見下提出須注意的任何事宜,以及並無載列香港公司條例第406(2)、407(2)或(3)條之聲明。

編製基準及會計政策

除以下所述外,編製2017年中期簡明綜合財務報表所採用之會計政策和計算方法與本集團截至2016年12月31日止年度已審核之年度財務報表所採用及所述者一致。

(甲) 未採納之新準則及詮釋

編製綜合財務報表時並未提早採納一 些於2017年1月1日以後開始之年度 期間生效之新準則及準則之修訂和詮 釋。除下列準則外,預期沒有其他新 準則及詮釋會對本集團之綜合財務報 表有重大影響:

香港財務報告準則第9號《金融工具》

該新準則論述金融資產和金融負債之 分類、計量及撤銷確認,引入對沖會 計處理之新規定及金融資產之新虧損 減值模式。

Note:

1. General information

Dah Sing Financial Holdings Limited (the "Company") and its subsidiaries (together the "Group") provide banking, insurance, financial and other related services in Hong Kong, Macau, and the People's Republic of China.

2. Unaudited financial statements and accounting policies

The information set out in this Interim Report does not constitute statutory financial statements.

Certain financial information in this Interim Report is extracted from the statutory financial statements for the year ended 31 December 2016 (the "2016 financial statements") which have been delivered to the Registrar of Companies as required by section 662(3) of, and Part 3 of Schedule 6 to, the Hong Kong Companies Ordinance and the Hong Kong Monetary Authority ("HKMA").

The auditor's report on the 2016 financial statements was unqualified; did not include a reference to any matters to which the auditor drew attention by way of emphasis without qualifying its report; and did not contain a statement under section 406(2), 407(2) or (3) of the Hong Kong Companies Ordinance.

Basis of preparation and accounting policies

Except as described below, the accounting policies and methods of computation used in the preparation of the 2017 interim condensed consolidated financial statements are consistent with those used and described in the Group's annual audited financial statements for the year ended 31 December 2016.

(a) New standards and interpretations not yet adopted

A number of new standards and amendments to standards and interpretations are effective for annual periods beginning after 1 January 2017, and have not been early adopted in preparing these consolidated financial statements. None of these is expected to have a significant effect on the consolidated financial statements of the Group, except for the following standards:

HKFRS 9, "Financial instruments"

The new standard addresses the classification, measurement and derecognition of financial assets and financial liabilities, introduces new rules for hedge accounting and a new impairment model for financial assets.

2. 未經審核之財務報表及會計政策(續)

編製基準及會計政策(續)

(甲) 未採納之新準則及詮釋(續)

香港財務報告準則第9號《金融工具》 (續)

本集團正持續評估及按香港財務報告 準則第9號籌劃金融資產及金融負債 之分類及計量。轉自香港會計準則第 39號《金融工具:確認及計量》之撤銷 確認規定並無改變。

新對沖會計處理規定將令對沖工具之 會計處理與本集團之風險管理方式更 緊密聯繫。一般來說,由於準則引引入 一種較建基於原則之方法,更多對期 關係將符合對沖會計處理。本集團認 為現時之對沖關係於採納香港財務 報告準則第9號時符合資格作持續對 沖。據此,本集團並不預期這對其對 沖關係之會計處理有重大影響。

新信貸虧損模式要求根據預期信貸虧損(取代香港會計準則第39號下之已產生信貸虧損)確認減值撥備。金面所於分類為按攤餘成本列賬之金融對務報告準則第15號《來自客戶應與對務報告準則第15號《來自客戶應應,對務報告準則第15號《來自客戶應應,貸款承擔及若干財務婚保合約收。 數下之合約資產、租賃給收。 在集團正持續評估及建立方法用以營虧定按照該新準則和基於新預期信貸虧定按照該新準則和基於新預期信貸虧損基礎下之減值撥備。

新準則並引入更多披露規定及呈列變 更。預期該等將改變本集團就有關金 融工具之披露性質及範圍,尤其於採 納新準則之年度。

香港財務報告準則第9號須於2018年 1月1日或以後開始之財政年度應用。 根據香港財務報告準則第9號終定本 之過渡性條款,分階段提早採納只容 許於2015年2月1日前開始之年度報告 期間。此日期後,該新規定必須全面 採納。本集團並無計劃於必須實行日 期前採納香港財務報告準則第9號。

2. Unaudited financial statements and accounting policies (Continued)

Basis of preparation and accounting policies (Continued)

(a) New standards and interpretations not yet adopted (Continued)

HKFRS 9, "Financial instruments" (Continued)

The Group is continuing its assessment and is making preparation of the classification and measurement of financial assets and financial liabilities in accordance with HKFRS 9. The derecognition rules have been transferred from HKAS 39, "Financial instruments: recognition and measurement" and have not been changed.

The new hedge accounting rules will align the accounting for hedging instruments more closely with the Group's risk management practices. As a general rule, more hedge relationships might be eligible for hedge accounting, as the standard introduces a more principles-based approach. The Group considers that the current hedge relationships would qualify as continuing hedges upon the adoption of HKFRS 9. Accordingly, the Group does not expect a significant impact on the accounting for its hedging relationships.

The new impairment model requires the recognition of impairment provisions based on expected credit losses rather than only incurred credit losses as is the case under HKAS 39. It applies to financial assets classified at amortised cost, debt and equity instruments measured at fair value through other comprehensive income, contract assets under HKFRS 15, "Revenue from contracts with customers", lease receivables, loan commitments and certain financial guarantee contracts. The Group is continuing its assessment and development on the methodologies to determine impairment provisions based on the new expected credit losses approach under this new standard.

The new standard also introduces expanded disclosure requirements and changes in presentation. These are expected to change the nature and extent of the Group's disclosures about its financial instruments particularly in the year of the adoption of the new standard.

HKFRS 9 must be applied for financial years commencing on or after 1 January 2018. Based on the transitional provisions in the completed HKFRS 9, early adoption by phases was only permitted for annual reporting periods beginning before 1 February 2015. After that date, the new rules must be adopted in their entirety. The Group does not intend to adopt HKFRS 9 before its mandatory date.

2. 未經審核之財務報表及會計政策(續)

編製基準及會計政策(續)

(甲) 未採納之新準則及詮釋(續)

香港財務報告準則第15號《來自客戶 合約的收入》

香港會計師公會已就收入之確認頒佈 新準則。其將取代涵蓋貨品及服務訂 約之香港會計準則第18號及涵蓋建築 訂約之香港會計準則第11號。新準 則確認收入之原則乃建基於客戶取得 貨品或服務之控制權。該準則容許一 個全面性追溯或部份性追溯方式之採 納。

管理層現正評估應用新準則對本集團 之財務報表的影響及已認明以下方面 可能受影響:

- 來自服務之收入 應用香港 財務報告準則第15號可能導致 因需確認個別表現責任而影響 收入確認之時間,
- 履行合約時所產生之若干成本 的會計處理 - 若干現時當作 費用支銷之成本按香港財務報 告準則第15號可能需要確認為 資產,及
- 香港財務報告準則第15號下之 退回權利規定收回客戶貨品之 權利及退款責任於資產負債表 需分開呈列。

在現階段,本集團仍未完成估計新準 則對本集團財務報表之影響,本集團 將於未來數個月內完成有關之評估。

香港財務報告準則第15號須於2018年 1月1日或以後開始之財政年度應用。 在現階段,本集團並無計劃於其生效 日期前採納該準則。 2. Unaudited financial statements and accounting policies (Continued)

Basis of preparation and accounting policies (Continued)

 (a) New standards and interpretations not yet adopted (Continued)

HKFRS 15, "Revenue from contracts with customers"

The HKICPA has issued a new standard for the recognition of revenue. This will replace HKAS 18 which covers contracts for goods and services and HKAS 11 which covers construction contracts. The new standard is based on the principle that revenue is recognised when control of a good or service transfers to a customer. The standard permits either a full retrospective or a modified retrospective approach for the adoption.

Management is currently assessing the effects of applying the new standard on the Group's financial statements and has identified the following areas that are likely to be affected:

- revenue from service the application of HKFRS 15 may result in the identification of separate performance obligations which could affect the timing of the recognition of revenue,
- accounting for certain costs incurred in fulfilling a contract – certain costs which are currently expensed may need to be recognised as an asset under HKFRS 15, and
- rights of return under HKFRS 15 requires separate presentation on the balance sheet of the right to recover the goods from the customer and the refund obligation.

At this stage, the Group has not yet completed the estimate of the impact of the new rules on the Group's financial statements, which will be completed in the coming months.

HKFRS 15 is mandatory for financial years commencing on or after 1 January 2018. At this stage, the Group does not intend to adopt the standard before its effective date.

2. 未經審核之財務報表及會計政策(續)

編製基準及會計政策(續)

(甲) 未採納之新準則及詮釋(續)

香港財務報告準則第16號《租賃》

由於經營租賃及融資租賃間之差別已消除,香港財務報告準則第16號將導致差不多所有租賃於資產負債表確認。根據新準則,一項資產(使用金融負債會被確認。唯一例外為短期及低值租賃。部分承擔可能包括在例外之短期及低值租賃,而部分承擔可能與安排有關而不符合為香港財務報告準則第16號之租賃。

出租人之會計處理將不會重大改變。

該準則將主要影響本集團經營租賃之 會計處理。本集團仍未確定不可取消 經營租賃承擔將如何導致資產及未來 償付負債之確認和其將會怎樣影響本 集團之溢利及現金流之分類。

新準則須於2019年1月1日或以後開始之財政年度應用。在現階段,本集團並無計劃於其生效日期前採納該準則。

沒有其他仍未生效之香港財務報告準則或詮釋會預期對本集團有重大影響。

除另有註明外,此中期簡明綜合財務報表概 以港幣千元位(千港元)列示,並經董事會批 准於2017年8月23日公佈。

此中期簡明綜合財務報表未經審核。

2. Unaudited financial statements and accounting policies (Continued)

Basis of preparation and accounting policies (Continued)

(a) New standards and interpretations not yet adopted (Continued)

HKFRS 16, "Leases"

HKFRS 16 will result in almost all leases being recognised on the balance sheet, as the distinction between operating and finance leases is removed. Under the new standard, an asset (the right to use the leased item) and a financial liability to pay rentals are recognised. The only exceptions are short-term and low-value leases. Some of the commitments may be covered by the exception for short-term and low value leases and some commitments may relate to arrangements that will not qualify as leases under HKFRS 16.

The accounting for lessors will not significantly change.

The standard will affect primarily the accounting for the Group's operating leases. The Group has not yet determined to what extent non-cancellable operating lease commitments will result in the recognition of an asset and a liability for future payments and how this will affect the Group's profit and classification of cash flows.

The new standard is mandatory for financial years commencing on or after 1 January 2019. At this stage, the Group does not intend to adopt the standard before its effective date.

There are no other HKFRSs or interpretations that are not yet effective that would be expected to have a material impact on the Group.

The interim condensed consolidated financial statements are presented in thousands of Hong Kong dollars (HK\$'000), unless otherwise stated, and were approved by the Board of Directors for issue on 23 August 2017.

These interim condensed consolidated financial statements have not been audited.

3. 淨利息收入

3. Net interest income

截至6月30日止6個月

For the six months ended 30 June

		2017	經重列 Restated 2016
利息收入	Interest income		
現金及在銀行的結餘 證券投資	Cash and balances with banks Investments in securities	182,740 491,661	135,239 390,618
各項貸款及其他賬目	Advances and other accounts	2,096,395	2,033,335
		2,770,796	2,559,192
利息支出	Interest expense		
銀行存款/客戶存款	Deposits from banks/Deposits from customers	686,433	634,245
已發行的存款證	Certificates of deposit issued	52,795	36,795
後償債務 其他	Subordinated notes Others	119,113	106,719
共他	Others	19,573	3,855
		877,914	781,614
利息收入包含 未以公平值計量且其變動計入 損益的金融資產之利息收入	Included within interest income Interest income on financial assets not at fair value through profit or loss	2,748,905	2,553,713
利息支出包含 未以公平值計量且其變動計入 損益的金融負債之利息支出	Included within interest expense Interest expenses on financial liabilities not at fair value through profit or loss	858,041	776,617
按皿H1业财权 限C/I1心 X III	iaii vaide tillougii prolit oi 1033	030,041	770,017

於截至2017年6月30日止及2016年6月30日 止6個月並無確認自減值資產之利息收入。 For the six months ended 30 June 2017 and 30 June 2016, there was no interest income recognised on impaired assets.

4. 淨服務費及佣金收入

截至6月30日止6個月

4. Net fee and commission income

For the six months ended 30 June

∞番別

			經重列
		2017	Restated 2016
服務費及佣金收入	Fee and commission income		
未以公平值計量且其變動計入	Fee and commission income from		
損益的金融資產及負債之	financial assets and liabilities not		
服務費及佣金收入	at fair value through profit or loss	77.004	70.050
一信貸有關之服務費及佣金 図 B 財務	- Credit related fees and commissions	77,261	78,358
一貿易融資	- Trade finance	38,312	37,245
一信用卡	- Credit card	155,237	142,418
其他服務費及佣金收入	Other fee and commission income		
- 證券經紀佣金	- Securities brokerage	49.258	36,189
- 保險銷售及其他	Insurance distribution and others	62,313	43,743
- 零售投資基金及財富管理服務	- Retail investment and wealth management services	125,615	108,997
-銀行服務費及手續費	- Bank services and handling fees	36,801	32,871
- 其他服務費	- Other fees	35,622	25,735
		580,419	505,556
111 水本工加入土山	For and constitution constitution		
服務費及佣金支出 未以公平值計量且其變動計入	Fee and commission expense		
捐益的金融資產及負債之	Fee and commission expense from financial assets and liabilities not		
服務費及佣金支出	at fair value through profit or loss		
-手續費及佣金	- Handling fees and commission	115,360	99,392
-已付其他費用	- Other fees paid	10,000	9,806
- 147 (1033/14	2220 para		
		125,360	109,198

本集團向第三方提供託管、受託、企業管理 及投資管理服務。該等以受信人身份持有之 資產並不包含在此等財務報表內。 The Group provides custody, trustee, corporate administration, and investment management services to third parties. Those assets that are held in a fiduciary capacity are not included in these financial statements.

5. 淨買賣收入

截至6月30日止6個月

5. Net trading income

For the six months ended 30 June

2017	2016
以公平值計量且其變動計入 Dividend income from financial assets at fair value	
損益的金融資產之股息收入 through profit or loss 3,709	4,121
外匯買賣淨收益 Net gain arising from dealing in foreign currencies 15,136	63,062
持作買賣用途的證券之 Net gain/(loss) on trading securities	
淨收益/(虧損) 13,137 (12,919)
持作買賣用途的衍生工具之淨收益 Net gain from derivatives entered into for trading purpose 11,798	15,172
用公平值對沖的相關金融工具 Net gain arising from financial instruments subject	
,	11,100
指定以公平值計量且其變動計入 Net gain/(loss) arising from financial instruments	
損益的金融工具之淨收益/(虧損) designated at fair value through profit or loss 68,469 (19,721)
117,105	60,815

6. 其他營運收入

6. Other operating income

截至6月30日止6個月

For the six months ended 30 June

				2017	經重列 Restated 2016
	可供出售證券投資之股息收入	Dividend income from i available-for-sale sec			
	- 上市投資	 Listed investments 		5,844	5,959
	一非上市投資 投資物業之租金收入總額	- Unlisted investment	ts om investment properties	4,545 15,798	4,532 13,006
	其他租金收入	Other rental income	on investment properties	6,724	5,563
	其他	Others		9,421	8,842
				42,332	37,902
7.	營運支出	7.	Operating expenses		
	截至6月30日止6個月		For the six months ended 30 June)	
					經重列
				004=	Restated
				2017	2016
	僱員薪酬及福利支出	Employee compensation	on and benefit expenses		
	(包括董事薪酬)	(including directors' r		863,355	790,462
	行產及其他固定資產支出, 不包括折舊	Premises and other fixe excluding depreciation		156,126	155,310
	折舊(附註18)	Depreciation (Note 18)) I	87,785	77,778
	廣告及推銷活動支出	Advertising and promot	tion costs	37,486	33,793
	印刷、文具及郵費	Printing, stationery and		25,086	16,950
	無形資產攤銷費用	Amortisation expenses	of intangible assets	194	583
	其他	Others		111,387	95,827
				1,281,419	1,170,703
8.	貸款減值虧損	8.	Loan impairment losses		
	截至6月30日止6個月		For the six months ended 30 June	}	
				2017	2016
	各項貸款及其他賬目減值	Net charge of impairme	ent losses on advances		
	虧損淨提撥 # # # # # # # # # # # # # # # # # # #	and other accounts		47.050	170.075
	一個別評估 一綜合評估	Individually assesseCollectively assesse		17,952 149,323	170,975 173,504
	冰口肛口	- Collectively assessi	eu	149,323	173,304
				167,275	344,479
	當中包括	Of which			
	-新增及額外準備(包括於期內		allowances (including amounts		
	直接撇銷之金額)	directly written o		273,667	409,663
	一回撥	- releases		(86,027)	(39,348)
	一收回	recoveries		(20,365)	(25,836)
				167,275	344,479

9. 税項

香港利得税乃按照期內估計應課税溢利以税率16.5%(2016年:16.5%)提撥準備。海外税款乃按期內海外估計應課税溢利依本集團經營業務地區之現行稅率計算。

遞延税項是採用負債法就暫時差異,按預期 該等税項負債需清付時或資產可予扣減時所 適用之税率作全數確認。

截至6月30日止6個月

9. Taxation

Hong Kong profits tax has been provided at the rate of 16.5% (2016: 16.5%) on the estimated assessable profit for the period. Taxation on overseas profits has been calculated on the estimated assessable profit for the period at the rates of taxation prevailing in the countries in which the Group operates.

Deferred taxation is calculated in full on temporary differences under the liability method at the tax rates that are expected to apply in the year when the liability is settled or the asset is realised.

狮毛利

For the six months ended 30 June

			經里列 Restated
		2017	2016
即期税項	Current income tax		
- 香港利得税	 Hong Kong profits tax 	158,285	108,318
-海外税項	 Overseas taxation 	21,887	21,749
- 於過往期間不足之撥備	 Under-provision in prior periods 	-	1,307
遞延税項	Deferred income tax		
- 關於暫時差異的產生及撥回	- Origination and reversal of temporary differences	(957)	16,377
税項	Taxation	179,215	147,751

10. 每股基本及攤薄盈利

截至2017年6月30日止6個月之每股基本盈利乃按照由持續經營業務及已終止經營業務分別為994,871,000港元及3,849,471,000港元(2016年:分別為809,058,000港元及104,823,000港元)之盈利及期內已發行普通股股份之加權平均數335,075,100股(2016年:335,075,100股)計算。

截至2017年6月30日止6個月之每股攤薄盈利乃按照由持續經營業務及已終止經營業務分別為994,871,000港元及3,849,471,000港元(2016年:分別為809,058,000港元及104,823,000港元)之盈利及期內已發行普通股股份之加權平均數335,103,940股(2016年:335,243,737股)並就所有對普通股潛在攤薄的影響予以調整計算。

10. Basic and diluted earnings per share

The calculation of basic earnings per share for the six months ended 30 June 2017 is based on earnings from continuing operations and earnings from discontinued operations of HK\$994,871,000 and HK\$3,849,471,000 respectively (2016: HK\$809,058,000 and HK\$104,823,000 respectively) and the weighted average number of 335,075,100 (2016: 335,075,100) ordinary shares in issue during the period.

The calculation of fully diluted earnings per share for the six months ended 30 June 2017 is based on earnings from continuing operations and earnings from discontinued operations of HK\$994,871,000 and HK\$3,849,471,000 respectively (2016: HK\$809,058,000 and HK\$104,823,000 respectively) and the weighted average number of 335,103,940 (2016: 335,243,737) ordinary shares in issue during the period after adjusting for the effect of all dilutive potential ordinary shares.

11. 現金及在銀行的結餘

11. Cash and balances with banks

		2017年	2016年
		6月30日	12月31日
		As at	As at
		30 Jun 2017	31 Dec 2016
現金及在銀行的結餘	Cash and balances with banks	2,054,284	1,927,938
通知及短期存款	Money at call and short notice	12,942,438	13,155,694
		14,996,722	15,083,632

12. 持作買賣用途的證券及指定以公平值計量且 其變動計入損益的金融資產

12. Trading securities and financial assets designated at fair value through profit or loss

		2017年 6月30日 As at 30 Jun 2017	2016年 12月31日 As at 31 Dec 2016
持作買賣用途的證券: 債務證券: 一香港上市 一非上市	Trading securities: Debt securities: - Listed in Hong Kong - Unlisted	106,126 8,865,660 8,971,786	104,751 8,767,093 8,871,844
權益性證券: 一香港上市 一香港以外上市	Equity securities: - Listed in Hong Kong - Listed outside Hong Kong	72,405 13,269 85,674	61,990 33,949 95,939
持作買賣用途的證券總額	Total trading securities	9,057,460	8,967,783
指定以公平值計量且其變動 計入損益的金融資產: 債務證券: 一香港上市 一香港以外上市 一非上市	Financial assets designated at fair value through profit or loss: Debt securities: - Listed in Hong Kong - Listed outside Hong Kong - Unlisted	53,128 499,120 329,837 	61,732 423,288 ———————————————————————————————————
權益性證券: 一香港上市 一香港以外上市 一非上市	Equity securities: - Listed in Hong Kong - Listed outside Hong Kong - Unlisted	38,511 83,656 9,298 131,465	33,076 83,471 9,592 126,139
指定以公平值計量且其變動計入 損益的金融資產總額	Total financial assets designated at fair value through profit or loss	1,013,550	611,159
持作買賣用途的證券及指定以 公平值計量且其變動計入損益 的金融資產總額	Total trading securities and financial assets designated at fair value through profit or loss	10,071,010	9,578,942
包括在債務證券內有: 一國庫債券(等同現金項目) 一其他國庫債券 一政府債券 一其他債務證券	Included within debt securities are: - Treasury bills which are cash equivalents - Other treasury bills - Government bonds - Other debt securities	1,776,607 7,149,496 45,683 882,085	2,148,217 6,678,945 44,682 485,020
		9,853,871	9,356,864

於2017年6月30日及2016年12月31日,上述持作買賣用途或以公平值計量之債務證券結餘內並無包括持有存款證。

As at 30 June 2017 and 31 December 2016, there were no certificates of deposit held included in the above balances of trading or fair value debt securities.

12. 持作買賣用途的證券及指定以公平值計量且 其變動計入損益的金融資產(續)

持作買賣用途的證券及指定以公平值計量且 其變動計入損益的金融資產按發行機構類別 分析如下:

12. Trading securities and financial assets designated at fair value through profit or loss (Continued)

Trading securities and financial assets designated at fair value through profit or loss are analysed by categories of issuers as follows:

		2017年 6月30日	2016年 12月31日
		As at	As at
		30 Jun 2017	31 Dec 2016
一中央政府和中央銀行 一銀行及其他金融機構 一企業	Central governments and central banksBanks and other financial institutionsCorporate entities	8,971,786 152,823 946,401	8,871,844 132,285 574,813
		10,071,010	9,578,942

13. 衍生金融工具

於2017年6月30日未到期衍生工具合約之名 義本金及其公平值如下:

13. Derivative financial instruments

The notional principal amounts of outstanding derivatives contracts and their fair values as at 30 June 2017 were as follows:

			合約/ 名義金額 Contract/	公平 Fair va	
			notional amount	資產 Assets	負債 Liabilities
1) 持作買賣用途之衍生工具 甲) 外匯衍生工具 遠期及期貨合約 購入及沽出外匯期材	1)	Derivatives held for trading a) Foreign exchange derivatives Forward and futures contracts Currency options purchased and written	83,407,505 18,010,027	296,372 24,558	(318,243) (24,463)
乙) <i>利率衍生工具</i> 利率期貨 利率掉期 購入及沽出利率期材	描述	b) Interest rate derivatives Interest rate futures Interest rate swaps Interest rate options purchased and written	- 2,979,253 675,821	- 8,114 145	- (17,195) (3,921)
丙) <i>權益性衍生工具</i> 購入及沽出權益性身	月權	c) Equity derivatives Equity options purchased and written	181,868	2,201	(2,201)
持作買賣用途之衍生工具 資產/(負債)合計		Total derivative assets/(liabilities) held for trading	105,254,474	331,390	(366,023)
2) 持作對沖用途之衍生工具 甲) 指定以公平值對沖 之衍生工具 利率掉期 貨幣掉換	2)	Derivatives held for hedging a) Derivatives designated as fair value hedges Interest rate swaps Currency swaps	26,235,752 	238,972	(249,979)
持作對沖用途之衍生工具 資產/(負債)合計		Total derivative assets/(liabilities) held for hedging	26,235,752	238,972	(249,979)
已確認之衍生金融工具 資產/(負債)合計		tal recognised derivative financial assets/(liabilities)	131,490,226	570,362	(616,002)

13. 衍生金融工具(續)

於2016年12月31日未到期衍生工具合約之 名義本金及其公平值如下:

13. Derivative financial instruments (Continued)

The notional principal amounts of outstanding derivatives contracts and their fair values as at 31 December 2016 were as follows:

		合約/ 名義金額 Contract/	公平 Fair va	
		notional amount	資產 Assets	負債 Liabilities
1) 持作買賣用途之衍生工具 1) 甲) <i>外匯衍生工具</i> 遠期及期貨合約 購入及沽出外匯期權	Derivatives held for trading a) Foreign exchange derivatives Forward and futures contracts Currency options purchased and written	73,340,752 22,298,022	601,383 225,081	(621,858) (224,946)
乙) <i>利率衍生工具</i> 利率期貨 利率掉期 購入及沽出利率期權	b) Interest rate derivatives Interest rate futures Interest rate swaps Interest rate options purchased and written	15,509 3,567,199 -	24 3,829 -	- (28,379) -
丙) <i>權益性衍生工具</i> 購入及沽出權益性期權	c) Equity derivatives Equity options purchased and written	98,752	814	(814)
持作買賣用途之衍生工具 資產/(負債)合計	Total derivative assets/(liabilities) held for trading	99,320,234	831,131	(875,997)
2) 持作對沖用途之衍生工具 2) 甲) <i>指定以公平值對沖</i> 之衍生工具 利率掉期 貨幣掉換	Derivatives held for hedging a) Derivatives designated as fair value hedges Interest rate swaps Currency swaps	27,306,206 1,205,962	346,191 	(277,155)
持作對沖用途之衍生工具 資產/(負債)合計	Total derivative assets/(liabilities) held for hedging	28,512,168	346,191	(467,421)
	tal recognised derivative financial assets/(liabilities)	127,832,402	1,177,322	(1,343,418)

披露衍生工具之公平值時已考慮雙邊淨額結 算安排(如適用)的影響。

上述已計入本集團訂立之雙邊淨額結算安排 (如適用)之影響之資產負債表外項目的信貸 風險加權數額,呈列如下: The effect of bilateral netting agreements, where applicable, has been taken into account in disclosing the fair value of derivatives.

The credit risk weighted amounts of the above off-balance sheet exposures, where applicable, has been taken into account the effect of bilateral netting arrangements that the Group entered into, are as follows:

		2017年 6月30日	2016年12月31日
		As at 30 Jun 2017	As at 31 Dec 2016
		00 0dil 2017	01 000 2010
匯率合約	Exchange rate contracts	740,557	959,439
利率合約	Interest rate contracts	140,117	175,128
其他合約	Other contracts	6,743	3,388
		887,417	1,137,955

13. 衍生金融工具(續)

此等工具之合約數額僅為其於報告期末的交 易量,並不代表其風險數額。

信貸風險加權數額乃參考香港金管局發出之 《銀行業(資本)規則》而計算之數額,計算所 得之數額則視乎交易對手及各項合約到期特 性而定。

14. 各項貸款及其他賬目

13. Derivative financial instruments (Continued)

The contract amounts of these instruments indicate the volume of transactions outstanding as at the end of the reporting period, they do not represent the amounts at risk.

The credit risk weighted amounts are the amounts that have been calculated with reference to the Banking (Capital) Rules issued by the HKMA. The amounts calculated are dependent upon the status of the counterparty and the maturity characteristics of each type of contract.

14. Advances and other accounts

		2017年 6月30日 As at 30 Jun 2017	2016年 12月31日 As at 31 Dec 2016
客戶貸款總額	Gross advances to customers	117,517,811	113,654,721
扣除:減值準備 一個別評估 一綜合評估	Less: impairment allowances – Individually assessed – Collectively assessed	(241,030) (444,657)	(435,210) (420,545)
		116,832,124	112,798,966
貿易票據	Trade bills	3,697,841	4,299,974
扣除:減值準備 一綜合評估	Less: impairment allowances - Collectively assessed	(14,512)	(14,578)
		3,683,329	4,285,396
其他資產 -其他應收及預付款項	Other assets – Other accounts receivable and prepayment	4,721,928	3,940,399
扣除:減值準備 一個別評估 一綜合評估	Less: impairment allowances - Individually assessed - Collectively assessed	(9,675) (4,377)	(9,351) (625)
		4,707,876	3,930,423
各項貸款及其他賬目	Advances and other accounts	125,223,329	121,014,785
減值準備(附註15) 一個別評估 一綜合評估	Impairment allowances (Note 15) – Individually assessed – Collectively assessed	(250,705) (463,546) (714,251)	(444,561) (435,748) (880,309)

14. 各項貸款及其他賬目(續)

14. Advances and other accounts (Continued)

(甲) 減值、逾期未償還及經重組資產

(a) Impaired, overdue and rescheduled assets

(i) 減值貸款

(i) Impaired loans

		2017年 6月30日 As at	2016年 12月31日 As at
		30 Jun 2017	31 Dec 2016
減值貸款及墊款 -個別減值(註(1)) -綜合減值(註(2))	Impaired loans and advances - Individually impaired (Note (1)) - Collectively impaired (Note (2))	935,729 22,154	1,174,209 21,617
添 日 拠 臣 (<i>正</i> (2)/	- Collectively impalled (Note (2))	957,883	1,195,826
減值準備 - 個別評估(註(3)) - 綜合評估(註(2))	Impairment allowances made - Individually assessed (Note (3)) - Collectively assessed (Note (2))	(241,030) (20,447)	(435,210) (19,637)
		(261,477)	(454,847)
		696,406	740,979
持有抵押品公平值*	Fair value of collaterals held*	810,027	904,293
減值貸款及墊款佔客戶 貸款及墊款總額百分比	Impaired loans and advances as a % of total loans and advances to customers	0.82%	1.05%

* 抵押品公平值乃根據抵押 品市值及貸款未償還結 餘,兩者中較低值釐定。 * Fair value of collateral is determined at the lower of the market value of collateral and outstanding loan balance.

註:

- (1) 個別減值貸款乃該等自初 始確認為資產後發生了一 件或多件能確定其減值的 客觀證據事項(「損失事 件」)的貸款,而該損失事 件對該貸款之預計未來現 金流量造成影響,並能可 靠地估量。
- (2) 綜合減值貸款及墊款指該 等以綜合基準作減值評估 的無抵押及於呈報日已逾 期未償還超過90天之貸款 及墊款。該等於上述呈列 之減值貸款綜合減值準備 乃整體綜合減值準備的一 部份。
- (3) 以上個別減值準備已考慮 有關貸款於6月30日/12 月31日時之抵押品價值。

Note:

- (1) Individually impaired loans are defined as those loans having objective evidence of impairment as a result of one or more events that occurred after the initial recognition of the asset (a "loss event") and that loss event has an impact on the estimated cash flows of the loans that can be reliably estimated.
- (2) Collectively impaired loans and advances refer to those unsecured loans and advances assessed for impairment on a collective basis and which have become overdue for more than 90 days as at the reporting date. The collective impairment allowance for these impaired loans, which is a part of the overall collective impairment allowances, is shown above.
- (3) The above individual impairment allowances were made after taking into account the value of collaterals in respect of such advances as at 30 June/31 December.

14. 各項貸款及其他賬目(續)

(iii)

減值準備

Impairment allowances

14. Advances and other accounts (Continued)

- (甲) 減值、逾期未償還及經重組資產(續)
- (a) Impaired, overdue and rescheduled assets (Continued)
- (ii) 逾期未償還貸款總額

(ii) Gross amount of overdue loans

			2017年6月30日 As at 30 Jun 2017		2月31日 Dec 2016
		逾期未償還 貸款總額 Gross amount of	佔總額百分比	逾期未償還 貸款總額 Gross amount of	佔總額百分比
		overdue loans	% of total	overdue loans	% of total
未償還客戶貸款總額, 逾期: -3個月以上至6個月 -6個月以上至1年 -1年以上	Gross advances to customers which have been overdue for: - six months or less but over three months - one year or less but over six months - over one year	125,461 268,626 583,627	0.11 0.23 0.50	188,025 425,466 473,646	0.17 0.37 0.42
		977,714	0.84	1,087,137	0.96
有抵押逾期貸款所持的 抵押品市值	Market value of securities held against the secured overdue advances	1,101,301		1,095,775	
有抵押逾期貸款 無抵押逾期貸款	Secured overdue advances Unsecured overdue advances	840,174 137,540		839,520 247,617	
個別減值準備	Individual impairment allowances	210,349		349,070	
持有之抵押品主 款、按揭物業及批 資產如設備。		mortgages		oresented pledo ies and charge ipment.	
經重組貸款(已扣 述之逾期貸款)	除包括在上 (ii	,	ed advances Ivances show	net of amounts	s included in
		2017年 6月30日 As at 30 Jun 2017	佔總額百分比 % of total	2016年 12月31日 As at 31 Dec 2016	佔總額百分比 % of total
客戶貸款	Advances to customers	350,061	0.30	394,408	0.35

9,238

24,982

14. 各項貸款及其他賬目(續)

14. Advances and other accounts (Continued)

- (甲) 減值、逾期未償還及經重組資產(續)
- (a) Impaired, overdue and rescheduled assets (Continued)

2017年

2017年

As at

6月30日

6月30日 As at 2016年 12月31日

As at

2016年

12月31日 As at

(iv) 貿易票據

(iv) Trade bills

		30 Jun 2017	31 Dec 2016
貿易票據,逾期: -3個月以上	Trade bills which have been overdue for:		
至6個月	 six months or less but over three months 	3,592	_
-6個月以上至1年	- one year or less but over six months	4,308	4,644
-1年以上	- over one year	11,053	6,337
		18,953	10,981

於2017年6月30日及2016年12月31日,並無減值之貿易票據。

As at 30 June 2017 and 31 December 2016, no trade bills were impaired.

(乙) 收回抵押品

(b) Repossessed collateral

持有之收回抵押品如下:

Repossessed collateral held is as follows:

		30 Jun 2017	31 Dec 2016
資產性質	Nature of assets		
收回物業	Repossessed properties	278,711	131,243
其他	Others	7,694	6,842
		286,405	138,085
		200,403	130,003

收回抵押品按可行情況盡快出售,實 收款項用以減低有關之借款人未償還 債務。 Repossessed collaterals are sold as soon as practicable with the proceeds used to reduce the outstanding indebtedness of the borrowers concerned.

15. 客戶貸款及其他賬目之減值準備

15. Impairment allowances against advances to customers and other accounts

		個別評估 Individually assessed	綜合評估 Collectively assessed	合計 Total
2017年1月1日 減值虧損提撥 未能償還貸款撤銷額 收回已於往年撤銷之貸款	At 1 January 2017 Impairment losses charged Loans written off as uncollectible Recoveries of advances written off	444,561 17,952 (214,764)	435,748 149,323 (142,008)	880,309 167,275 (356,772)
滙兑及其他調整	in previous years Exchange and other adjustments	1,993 963	18,372 2,111	20,365 3,074
2017年6月30日	At 30 June 2017	250,705	463,546	714,251
扣除於:	Deducted from:			
貿易票據 客戶貸款 應計利息和其他賬項	Trade bills Advances to customers Accrued interest and other accounts	241,030 9,675	14,512 444,657 4,377	14,512 685,687 14,052
		250,705	463,546	714,251
		個別評估 Individually assessed	綜合評估 Collectively assessed	合計 Total
2016年1月1日 減值虧損提撥 未能償還貸款撤銷額 收回已於往年撤銷之貸款 滙兑及其他調整	At 1 January 2016 Impairment losses charged Loans written off as uncollectible Recoveries of advances written off in previous years Exchange and other adjustments	347,538 239,346 (158,166) 18,513 (2,670)	367,229 324,221 (285,907) 36,082 (5,877)	714,767 563,567 (444,073) 54,595 (8,547)
2016年12月31日	At 31 December 2016	444,561	435,748	880,309
扣除於:	Deducted from:		155,110	
貿易票據 客戶貸款 應計利息和其他賬項	Trade bills Advances to customers Accrued interest and other accounts	435,210 9,351	14,578 420,545 625	14,578 855,755 9,976
		444,561	435,748	880,309

16. 可供出售證券

16. Available-for-sale securities

		2017年	2016年
		6月30日	12月31日
		As at	As at
		30 Jun 2017	31 Dec 2016
債務證券:	Debt securities:		
一香港上市	 Listed in Hong Kong 	13,961,046	14,411,087
- 香港以外上市	 Listed outside Hong Kong 	14,840,763	13,928,043
一非上市	Unlisted	5,553,861	3,953,915
		34,355,670	32,293,045
權益性證券:	Equity securities:		
──────────────────────────────────	Listed in Hong Kong	354,307	304,448
-香港以外上市	Listed in Florig Kong Listed outside Hong Kong	56,044	56,245
一非上市	- Unlisted	240,618	211,762
7F -1. 1 4	- Offisted		
		650,969	572,455
可供出售證券總額	Total available-for-sale securities	35,006,639	32,865,500
包括在債務證券內有:	Included within debt securities are:		
-國庫票據(等同現金項目)	Treasury bills which are cash equivalents	299,965	1,899,588
- 其他國庫票據	Other treasury bills	8,091,344	5,462,256
- 政府債券	- Government bonds	192,439	238,910
- 其他債務證券	- Other debt securities	25,771,922	24,692,291
7 1 1 m 15 1 25 1 mm 74			
		34,355,670	32,293,045

註: Note:

於2017年6月30日及2016年12月31日,上述 債務證券投資結餘內並無包括持有存款證。 As at 30 June 2017 and 31 December 2016, there were no certificates of deposit held included in the above balances of investments in debt securities.

Available-for-sale securities are analysed		
by categories of issuers as follows:		
 Central governments and central banks 	8,583,748	7,600,754
 Public sector entities 	537,766	603,533
 Banks and other financial institutions 	4,527,714	3,556,417
 Corporate entities 	21,354,883	21,102,268
- Others	2,528	2,528
	35,006,639	32,865,500
	by categories of issuers as follows: - Central governments and central banks - Public sector entities - Banks and other financial institutions - Corporate entities	by categories of issuers as follows: - Central governments and central banks - Public sector entities - Banks and other financial institutions - Corporate entities - Others - Others - Central governments and central banks - S37,766 - 4,527,714 - 21,354,883 - 2,528

17. 持至到期證券

17. Held-to-maturity securities

		2017年	2016年
		6月30日	12月31日
		As at	As at
		30 Jun 2017	31 Dec 2016
債務證券:	Debt securities:		
- 香港上市	 Listed in Hong Kong 	2,200,648	3,167,081
- 香港以外上市	 Listed outside Hong Kong 	2,024,396	3,731,661
一非上市	Unlisted	3,338,903	3,431,495
		7,563,947	10,330,237
包括在債務證券內有:	Included within debt securities are:		
一持有的存款證	 Certificates of deposit held 	400,000	400,000
- 國庫票據	- Treasury bills	2,290,174	2,401,808
- 政府債券	 Government bonds 	561,948	523,290
- 其他債務證券	 Other debt securities 	4,311,825	7,005,139
		7,563,947	10,330,237
持至到期證券按發行機構 類別分析如下:	Held-to-maturity securities are analysed by categories of issuers as follows:		
- 中央政府及中央銀行	- Central governments and central banks	2,852,122	2,925,098
-銀行及其他金融機構	 Banks and other financial institutions 	2,147,846	2,656,551
- 企業	 Corporate entities 	2,563,979	4,748,588
		7,563,947	10,330,237

18. 行產及其他固定資產

18. Premises and other fixed assets

		行產 Premises	嫁俬、設備 及汽車 Furniture, equipment and motor vehicles	合計 Total
截至2017年6月30日止6個月 期初賬面淨值 新增 出售 重新分類轉移自出售組別 之物業 折舊支出(<i>附註7</i>) 匯兑差異	Six months ended 30 June 2017 Opening net book amount Additions Disposals Reclassification of properties transferred from disposal group Depreciation charge (Note 7) Exchange difference	1,726,405 - - 43,315 (27,190) 3,941	425,016 67,538 (1,329) – (60,595) 1,533	2,151,421 67,538 (1,329) 43,315 (87,785) 5,474
期末賬面淨值	Closing net book amount	1,746,471	432,163	2,178,634
2017年6月30日 成本 累積折舊	At 30 June 2017 Cost Accumulated depreciation	2,604,363 (857,892)	1,064,552 (632,389)	3,668,915 (1,490,281)
賬面淨值	Net book amount	1,746,471	432,163	2,178,634
截至2016年12月31日止年度 年初賬面淨值 新增 重新分類投資物業為行產	Year ended 31 December 2016 Opening net book amount Additions Reclassification from investment properties to premises	1,773,263 90,496 38,566	449,202 147,926	2,222,465 238,422 38,566
重新分類行產為投資物業 出售 折舊支出 一持續經營業務	Reclassification from premises to investment properties Disposals Depreciation charge - Continuing operations	(7,176) - (45,101)	(444)	(7,176) (444) (161,299)
一已終止經營業務 匯兑差異 與分類為待出售之出售組別 資產有關的數額	 Discontinued operations Exchange difference Amount relating to assets of disposal group classified as held for sale 	(4,057) (6,931) (112,655)	(13,178) (3,401) (38,891)	(17,235) (10,332) (151,546)
年末賬面淨值	Closing net book amount	1,726,405	425,016	2,151,421
2016年12月31日 成本 累積折舊	At 31 December 2016 Cost Accumulated depreciation	2,079,454 (353,049)	1,023,514 (598,498)	3,102,968 (951,547)
賬面淨值	Net book amount	1,726,405	425,016	2,151,421

19. 投資物業

19. Investment properties

		概至2017年 6月30日 止6個月 Six months ended 30 Jun 2017	12月31日 止年度 Year ended 31 Dec 2016
期/年初	At beginning of the period/year	1,059,226	886,664
重新分類轉移自出售組別 之物業	Reclassification of properties transferred from disposal group	148,779	29,495
重新分類行產為投資物業	Reclassification from premises to investment properties	_	35,600
重新分類投資物業為行產	Reclassification from investment properties to premises	-	(38,566)
與分類為待出售之出售組別 資產有關的數額	Amount relating to assets of disposal group classified as held for sale	_	200,721
重估公平值收益/(虧損) -持續經營業務	Fair value gains/(losses) on revaluation - Continuing operations	_	3,768
- 已終止經營業務	 Discontinuing operations 		(58,456)
期/年末	At end of the period/year	1,208,005	1,059,226

本集團於2016年12月31日為投資物業的價值進行了重估。此評估由獨立專業特許測量師第一太平戴維斯(估值及專業顧問)有限公司為位於香港及中國國內之投資物業及第一太平戴維斯(澳門)有限公司為位於澳門之投資物業按直接比較方法或收入現值資產化方法以可參考之相似物業其近期成交紀錄來進行。

20. 已終止經營業務,及分類為待出售之出售組 別資產及負債

於2016年6月2日,本集團公佈與福建泰禾 投資有限公司(「泰禾」)持有之公司訂立售股 協議(「出售」),據此有條件同意向後者出售 若干附屬公司(其名稱為大新人壽保險有限公司(「大新人壽」)、大新保險服務有限公司(「大新保險服務」)及澳門人壽保險股份有限公司(「澳門人壽」))之全部已發行股本(不包括出售未涵蓋之澳門人壽退休金管理業務)(合稱「出售組別」),其共同核心業務為於香港及澳門銷售及承保人壽保險產品。出售事宜須待若干先決條件包括獲得本公司股東及有關監管機構之批准方可達成。

有關出售大新保險服務及大新人壽全部已發行股本之售股協議已於2017年6月19日完成(「完成出售香港股份」),總代價為80億3千萬港元。於完成出售香港股份後,大新人壽及大新保險服務已不再為本公司之附屬公司。

The Group's investment properties were last revalued at 31 December 2016 by adopting the direct comparison approach or the income capitalisation approach and with reference to recent transactions for similar premises as far as practicable by independent, professionally qualified valuer Savills (Valuation and Professional Services) Limited for investment properties in Hong Kong and Mainland China, and by Savills (Macau) Limited for investment properties in Macau.

盐石 2017年

裁至2016年

Discontinued operations, and assets and liabilities of disposal group classified as held for sale

On 2 June 2016, the Group announced that it had entered into a share sale agreement with companies owned by Fujian Thai Hot Investment Co., Ltd. ("Thai Hot") pursuant to which it conditionally agreed to sell (the "Sale") to the latter the entire issued share capital of certain of its subsidiaries, namely Dah Sing Life Assurance Company Limited ("DSLA"), Dah Sing Insurance Services Limited ("DSIS") and Macau Life Insurance Company Limited ("MLIC") (excluding the pension fund management business of MLIC which is not covered by the Sale) (collectively, the "Disposal Group"), whose collective core business is the sales and underwriting of life insurance products in Hong Kong and Macau. The completion of the Sale is conditional on a number of conditions which include obtaining the approval from shareholders of the Company and the relevant regulatory authorities.

The share sale agreement in relation to the sale of the entire issued share capital of DSIS and DSLA (the "Hong Kong Closing") was completed on 19 June 2017, with a gross consideration of HK\$8,030 million. Following the Hong Kong Closing, both DSLA and DSIS have ceased to be subsidiaries of the Company.

20. 已終止經營業務,及分類為待出售之出售組 別資產及負債(續)

於本中期業績通告日,由於根據售股協議有關出售澳門人壽全部已發行股本(「澳門股份」)之若干先決條件仍未達成,出售澳門股份仍未完成。

本公司已於綜合收益賬及全面收益表呈列截至出售日期間之大新人壽保險及大新保險服務之營運業績,出售大新人壽及大新保險服務之收益及不包括截至2017年6月30日止退休金管理業務之澳門人壽之營運業績為已終止經營業務及據此重列比較數字。

根據香港財務報告準則第5號,有關已終止經營業務及出售組別之金額乃從控股公司角度呈列。其並不代表於獨立基礎上出售組別之營運業績、資產及負債。

(甲) 已終止經營業務之業績

20. Discontinued operations, and assets and liabilities of disposal group classified as held for sale (Continued)

As at the date of this Interim Report, since certain conditions precedent under the share sale agreement in relation to the sale of the entire issued share capital of MLIC (the "Macau Shares") remain outstanding, the sale of the Macau Shares has not yet been completed.

The Company has reported the operating results of DSLA and DSIS for the period to the date of disposal, the gain on disposal of DSLA and DSIS and the operating results of MLIC excluding the pension fund management business for the period ended 30 June 2017 as discontinued operations in the consolidated income statement and comprehensive income statement and has restated the comparative figures accordingly.

Under HKFRS 5, amounts relating to discontinued operations and the Disposal Group are presented from the perspective of the holding company. They do not necessarily reflect the operating results and the assets and liabilities of the Disposal Group on a standalone basis.

(a) The results of the discontinued operations

		截至2017年	截至2016年
		6月30日止	6月30日止
		6個月	6個月
		Six months	Six months
		ended	ended
		30 Jun 2017	30 Jun 2016
淨利息收入	Net interest income	162,898	169,541
淨服務費及佣金收入	Net fee and commission income	(55,102)	(44,444)
淨買賣收入	Net trading income	767,521	532,598
淨保費及其他收入	Net insurance premium and other income	1,400,326	1,055,711
其他營運收入	Other operating income	(1,357)	2,044
營運收入	Operating income	2,274,286	1,715,450
保險索償及支出淨額	Net insurance claims and expenses	(1,871,254)	(1,528,174)
扣除保險索償之營運收入	Total operating income net of insurance claims	403,032	187,276
營運支出	Operating expenses	(134,044)	(96,601)
除税前溢利	Profit before taxation	268,988	90,675
税項(支出)/回撥	Taxation (expenses)/credit	(5,688)	14,310
除税後溢利	Profit after taxation	263,300	104,985
出售已終止經營業務之收益	Gain on disposal of discontinued operations	3,586,572	
已終止經營業務之期間溢利	Profit for the period from discontinued operations	3,849,872	104,985

20. 已終止經營業務,及分類為待出售之出售組 別資產及負債(續)

(乙) 分類為待出售之出售組別資產及負債

20. Discontinued operations, and assets and liabilities of disposal group classified as held for sale (Continued)

b) Assets and liabilities of the Disposal Group classified as held for sale

		2017年 6月30日 As at 30 Jun 2017	2016年 12月31日 As at 31 Dec 2016
資產	ASSETS		
現金及在銀行的結餘	Cash and balances with banks	1,278	452,343
在銀行1至12個月內到期	Placements with banks maturing between		
的存款	one and twelve months	25,534	45,035
持作買賣用途的證券	Trading securities	5,231	129,426
指定以公平值計量且其	Financial assets designated at fair value		
變動計入損益的金融資產	through profit or loss	340,973	11,300,546
衍生金融工具 五供 中 佐 新 #	Derivative financial instruments	-	39,283
可供出售證券	Available-for-sale securities	450 700	192,501
持至到期證券	Held-to-maturity securities	158,792	158,051
商譽 其他資產	Goodwill Other assets	76,389	76,389
長期壽險業務之有效	Value of in-force long-term life	12,288	1,329,030
保單價值 保單價值	assurance business	54,126	2,309,070
水干原 伍	assurance business		
資產合計	Total assets	674,611	16,031,674
負債	LIABILITIES		
衍生金融工具	Derivative financial instruments	_	70,200
對長期保險合約保單	Liabilities to policyholders under long-term		7 0,200
持有人之負債及其他負債	insurance contracts and other liabilities	371,230	12,250,766
負債合計	Total liabilities	371,230	12,320,966
淨額	Net amount	303,381	3,710,708

註:

出售組別自完成出售香港股份日起已 不包括大新人壽及大新保險服務。

上述呈列之資產及負債金額包括出售 組別之合併資產及負債,及包含在本 集團綜合財務報表中該等資產及負債 作出之調整影響。 Note:

DSLA and DSIS were removed from the Disposal Group from the date of the Hong Kong Closing.

The amounts of assets and liabilities presented above comprise the combined assets and liabilities of the Disposal Group, and the effects of the adjustments that are made when these assets and liabilities are included in the Group's consolidated financial statements.

20. 已終止經營業務,及分類為待出售之出售組 別資產及負債(續)

20. Discontinued operations, and assets and liabilities of disposal group classified as held for sale (Continued)

(丙) 出售已終止經營業務之現金流入淨額

(c) Net cash inflow on disposal of discontinued operations

源自出售已終止經營業務之現金流入 總額為: The aggregate cash inflows arising from the disposal of discontinued operations were:

1	字款	21. Deposits from customers	
	淨額	Net amount	4,285,683
	負債合計	Total liabilities	14,559,560
	對長期保險合約保單持有人 之負債及其他負債	Liabilities to policyholders under long-term insurance contracts and other liabilities	14,559,560
	資產合計	Total assets	18,845,243
	現金及在銀行的結餘 持作買賣用途的證券 指定以公平值計量且其變動 計入損益的金融資產 可供出售證券 其他資產 長期壽險業務之有效保單價值	Cash and balances with banks Trading securities Financial assets designated at fair value through profit or loss Available-for-sale securities Other assets Value of in-force long-term life assurance business	1,720,018 136,543 12,397,068 206,880 1,483,035 2,901,699
	出售之資產及負債之賬面值	Carrying amounts of assets and liabilities disposed:	
	現金流入淨額	Net cash inflows	6,152,237
	扣除開支之出售所得現金款項 扣除:出售之現金及等同 現金項目	Cash proceeds from disposal, net of expenses Less: Cash and cash equivalents disposed of	7,872,255 (1,720,018)
	出售之資產淨值(如下) 出售收益	Net assets disposed (as below) Gain on disposal	4,285,683 3,586,572

21. 客戶存款

		2017年 6月30日 As at 30 Jun 2017	2016年 12月31日 As at 31 Dec 2016
活期存款及往來存款 儲蓄存款 定期、通知及短期存款	Demand deposits and current accounts Savings deposits Time, call and notice deposits	35,304,327 27,160,262 91,628,736	34,866,872 24,421,113 93,148,430
		154,093,325	152,436,415

22. 已發行的存款證

22. Certificates of deposit issued

		2017年	2016年
		6月30日	12月31日
		As at	As at
		30 Jun 2017	31 Dec 2016
按對沖利率風險下公平值	At fair value under fair value hedge		
列賬	(for hedging interest rate risk)	5,149,355	5,052,951
按攤餘成本列賬	At amortised cost	1,054,152	1,507,025
		6,203,507	6,559,976

本集團在此等已發行存款證到期時按合約應 付的金額較以上所列之賬面值低5,000,000港 元(2016年12月31日:高20,000,000港元)。 The amount that the Group would be contractually required to pay at maturity to the holders of these certificates of deposit is HK\$5 million lower (31 December 2016: HK\$20 million higher) than the above carrying amount.

23. 後償債務

23. Subordinated notes

		2017年 6月30日 As at 30 Jun 2017	2016年 12月31日 As at 31 Dec 2016
225,000,000美元於2020年 到期的定息後償債務(註(甲))	US\$225,000,000 Subordinated Fixed Rate Notes due 2020 (Note (a))	1,852,806	1,854,026
200,000,000 美元永久定息後 償債務(註(乙))	US\$200,000,000 Perpetual Subordinated Fixed Rate Notes (Note (b))	-	429,072
225,000,000 新加坡元於 2022 年 到期的定息後償債務 (註 (丙))	S\$225,000,000 Subordinated Fixed Rate Notes due 2022 (Note (c))	-	1,205,148
225,000,000美元於2024年 到期的定息後償債務(註(丁))	US\$225,000,000 Subordinated Fixed Rate Notes due 2024 (Note (d))	1,759,373	1,749,252
250,000,000 美元於 2026 年 到期的定息後償債務 (註 (戊))	US\$250,000,000 Subordinated Fixed Rate Notes due 2026 (Note (e))	1,937,969	1,908,665
		5,550,148	7,146,163
按對沖利率風險下公平值	At fair value under fair value hedge	5 550 440	0.747.004
列賬 按攤餘成本列賬	(for hedging interest rate risk) At amortised cost	5,550,148 	6,717,091 429,072
		5,550,148	7,146,163

註:

Note:

- (甲) 此乃大新銀行有限公司(「大新銀行」) 於2010年2月11日發行之225,000,000 美元在新加坡交易所(「新交所」)上市 並被界定為附加資本的定息後償債務 (「債務」)。此等債務將於2020年2月 11日到期。年息為6.625%,每半年付 息一次。大新銀行亦已與一國際銀行 訂立利率掉期合約將債務的固定利息 掉換為以美元銀行同業拆息為基礎的 浮動利息付款。
- (a) This represents US\$225,000,000 Subordinated Fixed Rate Notes qualifying as supplementary capital of Dah Sing Bank, Limited ("DSB") issued on 11 February 2010 (the "Notes"), which are listed on the Singapore Stock Exchange Trading Limited ("SGX"). The Notes will mature on 11 February 2020. Interest at 6.625% p.a. is payable semi-annually. An interest rate swap contract to swap the fixed rate payment liability of the Notes to floating interest rate based on LIBOR has been entered into with an international bank.

23. 後償債務(續)

註:(續)

(乙) 此乃大新銀行於2007年2月16日發行 之200,000,000美元在新交所上市並被 界定為高層附加資本的永久定息後償 債務(「債務」)。

> 於2010年及2009年,大新銀行回購名 義本金總額分別為75,000,000美元及 70,000,000美元之部份債務。大新銀 行已於選擇性贖還日2017年2月17日 全數償還餘下部份。

- (两) 此乃大新銀行於2012年2月8日發行 之225,000,000新加坡元在新交所上市 並被界定為附加資本的定息後償債務 (「債務」)。此債務之到期日為2022年 2月9日,大新銀行已於選擇性贖還日 2017年2月9日全數償還。
- (丁) 此乃大新銀行於2014年1月29日發行 之225,000,000美元在香港聯合交易所 有限公司(「香港交易所」)上市及符合 巴塞爾協定III而被界定為二級資本的 10年期定息後償債務(須遵守香港《銀 行業(資本)規則》之條款)。此等債務 將於2024年1月29日到期。選擇性贖還 日為2019年1月29日。由發行日至其選 擇性贖還日,年息為5.25%,每半年付 息一次。其後、倘債務未在選擇性贖 還日贖回,往後的利息會重訂為當時 5年期美國國庫債券息率加375點子。 若獲得香港金管局預先批准,大新銀 行可於選擇性贖還日或因税務理由於 利息付款日以票面價值贖回所有(非部 分) 債務。大新銀行亦已與一國際銀行 訂立利率掉期合約將債務的固定利息 掉換為以美元銀行同業拆息為基礎的 浮動利息付款。
- (戊) 此乃大新銀行於2016年11月30日發行 之250,000,000美元在香港交易所上市 及符合巴塞爾協定III而被界定為二級 資本的10年期定息後償債務(「債務」) (須遵守香港《銀行業(資本)規則》之條 款)。此等債務將於2026年11月30日 到期。選擇性贖還日為2021年11月30 日。由發行日至其選擇性贖還日,年 息為4.25%,每半年付息一次。其後, 倘債務未在選擇性贖還日贖回,往後 的利息會重訂為當時5年期美國國庫債 券息率加255點子。若獲得香港金管局 預先批准,大新銀行可於選擇性贖還 日或因税務理由於利息付款日以票面 價值贖回所有(非部分)債務。大新銀 行亦已與一國際銀行訂立利率掉期合 約將債務的固定利息掉換為以美元銀 行同業拆息為基礎的浮動利息付款。

23. Subordinated notes (Continued)

Note: (Continued)

(b) This represents US\$200,000,000 Perpetual Subordinated Fixed Rate Notes qualifying as upper supplementary capital of DSB issued on 16 February 2007 (the "Notes"), which were listed on the SGX.

In 2010 and 2009, DSB repurchased a portion of the Notes with a total notional principal of US\$75,000,000 and US\$70,000,000 respectively. The remaining portion had been fully repaid by DSB on the optional redemption date of 17 February 2017.

- (c) This represents \$\$225,000,000 Subordinated Fixed Rate Notes qualifying as supplementary capital of DSB issued on 8 February 2012 (the "Notes"), which were listed on the SGX. The Notes had a maturity date falling on 9 February 2022 and had been fully repaid by DSB on the optional redemption date of 9 February 2017.
- This represents US\$225,000,000 Basel III compliant 10year Subordinated Fixed Rate Notes qualifying as Tier 2 capital of DSB (subject to the provisions of the Banking (Capital) Rules of Hong Kong) issued on 29 January 2014 (the "Notes"), which are listed on The Stock Exchange of Hong Kong Limited ("SEHK"). The Notes will mature on 29 January 2024 with an optional redemption date falling on 29 January 2019. Interest at 5.25% p.a. is payable semiannually from the issue date to the optional redemption date. Thereafter, if the Notes are not redeemed, the interest rate will be reset and the Notes will bear interest at the then prevailing 5-year U.S. Treasury Rate plus 375 basis points. DSB may, subject to receiving the prior approval of the HKMA, redeem the Notes in whole but not in part, at par either on the optional redemption date or for taxation reasons on interest payment date. An interest rate swap contract to swap the fixed rate payment liability of the Notes to floating interest rate based on LIBOR has been entered into with an international bank.
- This represents US\$250,000,000 Basel III compliant 10year Subordinated Fixed Rate Notes qualifying as Tier 2 capital of DSB (subject to the provisions of the Banking (Capital) Rules of Hong Kong) issued on 30 November 2016 (the "Notes"), which are listed on the SEHK. The Notes will mature on 30 November 2026 with an optional redemption date falling on 30 November 2021. Interest at 4.25% p.a. is payable semi-annually from the issue date to the optional redemption date. Thereafter, if the Notes are not redeemed, the interest rate will be reset and the Notes will bear interest at the then prevailing 5-year U.S. Treasury Rate plus 255 basis points. DSB may, subject to receiving the prior approval of the HKMA, redeem the Notes in whole but not in part, at par either on the optional redemption date or for taxation reasons on interest payment date. An interest rate swap contract to swap the fixed rate payment liability of the Notes to floating interest rate based on LIBOR has been entered into with an international bank.

23. 後償債務(續)

本集團在此等後償債務到期時按合約應付的金額較以上所列之賬面值低87,000,000港元(2016年12月31日:低85,000,000港元)。

24. 股東資金

23. Subordinated notes (Continued)

The amount that the Group would be contractually required to pay at maturity to the holders of these subordinated notes is HK\$87 million lower (31 December 2016: HK\$85 million lower) than the above carrying amount.

24. Shareholders' funds

		2017年	2016年
		6月30日	12月31日
		As at	As at
		30 Jun 2017	31 Dec 2016
股本	Share capital	4,248,559	4,248,559
行產重估儲備	Premises revaluation reserve	249,454	249,454
投資重估儲備	Investment revaluation reserve	442,308	414,007
匯兑儲備	Exchange reserve	(91,568)	(215,247)
資本儲備	Capital reserve	12,168	12,716
一般儲備	General reserve	484,289	484,289
以股份為基礎作報酬之儲備	Reserve for share-based compensation	4,336	4,503
保留盈利	Retained earnings	19,302,534	16,618,501
		24,652,080	21,816,782
包括於保留盈利內之擬派股息	Proposed dividend included in retained earnings	107,224	345,127

繼本公司於2017年6月19日刊發有關完成出售大新人壽及大新保險服務和所得款項計劃用途之通告,及其後本公司於2017年6月29日刊發董事會宣派每股6.60港元特別股息之通告,總額為2,211,496,000港元之特別股息已從2017年6月30日之保留盈利中扣減及於2017年7月25日派發。

大新銀行為香港註冊銀行須以監管儲備形式維持除香港財務報告準則所需以外之最低減值撥備。維持該監管儲備(儲備計及澳門商業銀行股份有限公司(「澳門商業銀行」)及大新銀行(中國)」))乃為符合香港銀行業條例及以審慎監管為目的之本地監管規定。該監管儲備規限可派發予股東之儲備金額。監管儲備之變動須與香港金管局進行諮詢,並直接於權益儲備內調撥。

於 2017 年 6 月 30 日 , 大 新 銀 行 已 指 定 1,335,930,000 港 元 (2016 年 12 月 31 日 : 1,398,280,000 港元)之金額作為監管儲備先抵銷其綜合一般儲備,餘額再從其綜合保留盈利中指定。

Further to the announcement made by the Company on 19 June 2017 regarding the completion of the sale of DSLA and DSIS and the intended use of the sale proceeds, and the subsequent announcement made by the Company on 29 June 2017 that the Board of Directors had declared a special dividend of HK\$6.60 per share, the special dividend totalling HK\$2,211,496,000 had been deducted from the amount of retained earnings as at 30 June 2017 reported above and was paid on 25 July 2017.

DSB as a locally incorporated bank in Hong Kong is required to maintain minimum impairment provisions in excess of those required under HKFRS in the form of regulatory reserve. The regulatory reserve, which also covers Banco Comercial de Macau, S.A. ("BCM") and Dah Sing Bank (China) Limited ("DSB China"), is maintained to satisfy the provisions of the Hong Kong Banking Ordinance and local regulatory requirements for prudential supervision purposes. The regulatory reserve restricts the amount of reserves which can be distributed to shareholders. Movements in the regulatory reserve are made directly through equity reserve and in consultation with the HKMA.

As at 30 June 2017, DSB has earmarked a regulatory reserve of HK\$1,335,930,000 (31 December 2016: HK\$1,398,280,000) first against its consolidated general reserve; and for any excess amount, the balance is earmarked against its consolidated retained earnings.

25. 或然負債及承擔

(甲) 資本承擔

於報告期末在賬目內仍未提撥準備之 有關項目及購入固定資產之資本承擔 如下:

25. Contingent liabilities and commitments

(a) Capital commitments

Capital expenditure in respect of projects and acquisition of fixed assets at the end of the reporting period but not yet incurred is as follows:

2017年	2016年
6月30日	12月31日
As at	As at
30 Jun 2017	31 Dec 2016

已簽約但未提撥準備之開支 Expenditure contracted but not provided for

61,833 66,970

(乙) 信貸承擔

本集團資產負債表外承擔授信予客戶 之金融工具合約金額及其信貸風險加 權數額如下:

(b) Credit commitments

The contract and credit risk weighted amounts of the Group's off-balance sheet financial instruments that commit it to extend credit to customers are as follows:

		合約金額 Contract amount	
		2017年	2016年
		6月30日	12月31日
		As at	As at
		30 Jun 2017	31 Dec 2016
直接信貸代替品	Direct credit substitutes	401,159	507,886
與交易相關之或然項目	Transaction-related contingencies	436,396	468,367
與貿易相關之或然項目	Trade-related contingencies	587,685	593,956
可無條件取消而不須預先	Commitments that are unconditionally	,	•
通知之承擔	cancellable without prior notice	66,366,236	66,088,547
其他承擔,其原本期限為:	Other commitments with an original maturity of:		
- 少於1年	- under 1 year	3,401,848	2,870,509
-1年及以上	- 1 year and over	478,340	548,658
遠期存款	Forward forward deposits placed	25,647	21,029
		71,697,311	71,098,952
		信貸風險加權數額	
		Credit risk weighted amount	
		2017年	2016年
		6月30日	12月31日
		As at	As at
		30 Jun 2017	31 Dec 2016
或然負債及承擔	Contingent liabilities and commitments	1,298,039	1,289,997

25. 或然負債及承擔(續)

25. Contingent liabilities and commitments (Continued)

(丙) 已作抵押之資產

下述乃用於本集團在外匯基金償務證券的買賣及市場莊家活動而抵押給香港金管局之外匯基金債務證券:

(c) Assets pledged

Exchange Fund debts pledged with the HKMA to facilitate the Group's trading and market-making activities in Exchange Fund debts are as follows:

		2017年 6月30日 As at 30 Jun 2017	2016年 12月31日 As at 31 Dec 2016
抵押給香港金管局的資產: 持作買賣用途之證券 可供出售證券	Assets pledged with HKMA: Trading securities Available-for-sale securities	5,167,708 642,504	6,036,748 1,148,005
		5,810,212	7,184,753
相關負債: 持作買賣用途的負債	Associated liabilities: Trading liabilities	7,856,209	7,748,887

下述乃已按回購協議抵押予非關連金融機構之非政府債券及其相關負債之 賬面值: The carrying amounts of the non-government bonds pledged with unrelated financial institutions under repurchase agreements and the associated liabilities are as follows:

		2017年 6月30日 As at 30 Jun 2017	2016年 12月31日 As at 31 Dec 2016
回購協議下之抵押資產: 可供出售證券	Assets pledged under repurchase agreements: Available-for-sale securities	130,241	691,634
相關負債: 銀行存款 其他賬目及預提	銀行存款 Deposits from banks	85,059 39,427	466,306 186,987
		124,486	653,293

25. 或然負債及承擔(續)

(丁) 經營租賃承擔

如本集團之公司為承租人,按不可取 消物業經營租賃而於未來須支付之最 低租賃付款總額如下:

25. Contingent liabilities and commitments (Continued)

(d) Operating lease commitments

Where a Group company is the lessee, the future minimum lease payments under non-cancellable building operating leases are as follows:

		2017年 6月30日 As at	2016年 12月31日 As at
		30 Jun 2017	31 Dec 2016
1年以內	Not later than 1 year	182,356	181,295
1年以後至5年 5年以上	Later than 1 year and not later than 5 years Later than 5 years	470,476 261,119	478,791 320,495
		913,951	980,581

如本集團之公司為出租人,按不可取 消物業經營租賃而於未來須支付之最 低租賃付款總額如下: Where a Group company is the lessor, the future minimum lease payments under non-cancellable building operating leases are as follows:

		2017年 6月30日 As at 30 Jun 2017	2016年 12月31日 As at 31 Dec 2016
1年以內 1年以後至5年	Not later than 1 year Later than 1 year and not later than 5 years	35,383 18,356 53,739	30,380 18,526 48,906

26. 到期日分析

26. Maturity analysis

下表分析本集團按報告期末至有關合約到期 日或最早可贖回日(如適用)之剩餘期限分類 之資產及負債。 The table below analyses the Group's assets and liabilities into relevant maturity groupings based on the remaining period at the end of the reporting period to the contractual maturity date or, where applicable, the earliest callable date.

2017年6月30日	At 30 June 2017	即期償還 Repayable on demand	1個月或以下 Up to 1 month	1個月以上但 3個月或以下 3 months or less but over 1 month	3個月以上 至1年 Over 3 months to 1 year	1年以上 至5年 Over 1 year to 5 years	5年以上 Over 5 years	無註明日期 Indefinite	合計 Total
資產	Assets								
現金及在銀行的結餘	Cash and balances with banks	2,097,764	12,898,958	-	-	-	-	-	14,996,722
在銀行1至12個月內	Placements with banks maturing								
到期的存款	between one and twelve months	-	30,000	9,354,390	4,686,642	-	-	-	14,071,032
持作買賣用途的證券	Trading securities	-	2,043,351	1,774,999	5,073,946	79,490	-	85,674	9,057,460
指定以公平值計量且其	Financial assets designated at fair		000 070	440.050		000 000	040.000	404 405	4 040 550
變動計入損益的金融資產	value through profit or loss	-	209,878	119,959	470 470	209,968	342,280	131,465	1,013,550
衍生金融工具 各項貸款及其他賬目	Derivative financial instruments Advances and other accounts	7,627,321	79,715 16,740,214	61,182 12,455,130	179,478 14,677,148	107,740	142,247 35,955,230	2,502,873	570,362 125,223,329
可供出售證券	Available-for-sale securities	1,021,321	2,885,613	2,431,901	2,376,710	35,265,413 18,810,081	7,846,538	655,796	35,006,639
持至到期證券	Held-to-maturity securities	_	1,255,633	1,119,400	3,149,259	2,031,872	7,783	000,790	7,563,947
聯營公司投資	Investment in an associate	_	1,200,000	1,113,400	0,140,200	2,001,072	1,700	4,708,939	4,708,939
共同控制實體投資	Investments in jointly controlled entit		_	_	_	_	_	84,610	84,610
商譽	Goodwill	_	_	_	_	_	_	874,603	874,603
無形資產	Intangible assets	_	_	_	-	-	_	81,122	81,122
行產及其他固定資產	Premises and other fixed assets	-	-	_	_	-	_	2,178,634	2,178,634
投資物業	Investment properties	-	-	-	-	-	_	1,208,005	1,208,005
即期税項資產	Current income tax assets	-	-	-	1,297	-	-	-	1,297
遞延税項資產	Deferred income tax assets					72,551			72,551
持續經營業務資產合計	Total assets of continuing								
19 明	operations	9,725,085	36,143,362	27,316,961	30,144,480	56,577,115	44,294,078	12,511,721	216,712,802
負債	Liabilities								
銀行存款	Deposits from banks	677,885	140,604	-	818,072	580,580	-	-	2,217,141
衍生金融工具 # 4 4 m 表 四分份 4 使	Derivative financial instruments	-	88,225	73,205	185,206	193,907	75,459	-	616,002
持作買賣用途的負債	Trading liabilities	-	162,489	6,103,537	1,569,717	20,466	-	-	7,856,209
客戶存款 已發行的存款證	Deposits from customers	62,464,626	30,242,514	37,091,673	23,403,297	891,215	-	-	154,093,325
後 後 情 情務	Certificates of deposit issued Subordinated notes	-	109,996	311,013	3,676,234	2,106,264	-	-	6,203,507
按真真伤 其他賬目及預提	Other accounts and accruals	142,267	3,464,594	570,892		5,550,148 667,871	-	2 1 4 2 0 0 0	5,550,148
即期税項負債	Current income tax liabilities	142,207	3,404,394	370,092	1,225,960 263,630	007,071	_	3,142,890	9,214,474 263,630
班州 优况负债 遞延税項負债	Deferred income tax liabilities	_	_	_	200,000	159,052	_	_	159,052
些烂儿 供只良	Potented induting (ax ilaviiilies					100,002			100,002
持續經營業務負債合計	Total liabilities of continuing								
	operations	63,284,778	34,208,422	44,150,320	31,142,116	10,169,503	75,459	3,142,890	186,173,488
爭流動性差距	Net liquidity gap	(53,559,693)	1,934,940	(16,833,359)	(997,636)	46,407,612	44,218,619	9,368,831	30,539,314
19 470-774 [11/11/71	udaran'i Bah	(00,000,000)	1,001,010	(10,000,000)	(551,555)	.0,.01,012	,_10,010	5,550,551	

26. 到期日分析(續)

26. Maturity analysis (Continued)

		即期償還 Repayable on	1個月或以下 Up to	1個月以上但 3個月或以下 3 months or less but over	3個月以上 至1年 Over 3 months	1年以上 至5年 Over 1 year	5年以上	無註明日期	슈計
2016年12月31日	At 31 December 2016	demand	1 month	1 month	to 1 year	to 5 years	Over 5 years	Indefinite	Total
資產	Assets								
現金及在銀行的結餘	Cash and balances with banks	1,991,106	12,892,526	200,000	-	-	-	-	15,083,632
在銀行1至12個月內	Placements with banks maturing								
到期的存款	between one and twelve months	-	38,502	7,473,765	1,055,625	24,272	-	_	8,592,164
持作買賣用途的證券	Trading securities	-	2,602,110	2,706,114	3,469,166	94,454	-	95,939	8,967,783
指定以公平值計量且其	Financial assets designated at fair					005.004	070.050	100 100	044.450
變動計入損益的金融資產	value through profit or loss	-	- 00 704	-	-	205,964	279,056	126,139	611,159
衍生金融工具 2.6.6.45.7.14.11.11.11	Derivative financial instruments	- 0.440.000	62,761	153,035	604,064	119,772	237,690	1 077 110	1,177,322
各項貸款及其他賬目	Advances and other accounts Available-for-sale securities	8,413,899	14,920,821	11,795,525	15,042,084	32,590,433	36,374,881	1,877,142	121,014,785
可供出售證券 持至到期證券		-	2,057,565	3,052,212 2,916,205	3,006,572	13,330,113 2,528,274	10,841,757	577,281 -	32,865,500 10,330,237
付主刊州起分 聯營公司投資	Held-to-maturity securities Investment in an associate	-	1,684,329	2,910,200	3,193,698	2,020,214	7,731	4,253,393	4,253,393
共同控制實體投資	Investments in jointly controlled entition	-	-	-	-	-	-	75,412	75,412
六門江門貝胆以貝 商譽	Goodwill		_	_	_	_	_	874,603	874,603
無形資產	Intangible assets	_	_	_	_	_	_	81,315	81,315
行產及其他固定資產	Premises and other fixed assets	_	_	_	_	_	_	2,151,421	2,151,421
投資物業	Investment properties	_	_	_	_	_	_	1,059,226	1,059,226
即期税項資產	Current income tax assets	_	_	_	5,098	_	_	-	5,098
遞延税項資產	Deferred income tax assets					68,286			68,286
持續經營業務資產合計	Total assets of continuing								
	operations	10,405,005	34,258,614	28,296,856	26,376,307	48,961,568	47,741,115	11,171,871	207,211,336
負債	Liabilities								
銀行存款	Deposits from banks	41,180	124,926	730,360	33,358	1,388,379	_	-	2,318,203
衍生金融工具	Derivative financial instruments	-	90,292	327,153	646,769	189,167	90,037	-	1,343,418
持作買賣用途的負債	Trading liabilities	-	550,384	4,732,783	2,415,765	49,955	-	-	7,748,887
客戶存款	Deposits from customers	59,190,780	28,660,656	39,942,823	23,355,524	1,286,632	-	-	152,436,415
已發行的存款證	Certificates of deposit issued	-	1,245,281	2,247,083	1,809,467	1,258,145	-	-	6,559,976
後償債務	Subordinated notes	-	-	1,634,220	-	5,511,943	-	-	7,146,163
其他賬目及預提	Other accounts and accruals	172,805	1,247,222	393,035	925,825	1,740,784	2,353	917,361	5,399,385
即期税項負債	Current income tax liabilities	-	-	-	165,320	-	-	-	165,320
遞延税項負債	Deferred income tax liabilities					116,709			116,709
持續經營業務負債合計	Total liabilities of continuing operations	59,404,765	31,918,761	50,007,457	29,352,028	11,541,714	92,390	917,361	183,234,476
淨流動性差距	Net liquidity gap	(48,999,760)	2,339,853	(21,710,601)	(2,975,721)	37,419,854	47,648,725	10,254,510	23,976,860

27. 公平值體系

本集團使用下列反映在釐定公平值中可觀察 及不可觀察參數重要性之體系計量公平值:

級別 內容

- 1 相同資產或負債於活躍市場中之報價 (未經調整)。本級別包括於交易所上 市之權益性證券及衍生工具。
- 2 除第1級別所包括之報價外,其他資 產或負債能直接(即價格)或間接(即 從價格導出)地可觀察之數據,該級 別包括大多數場外交易(「場外交易」) 衍生工具合約。
- 3 資產或負債數據並非根據可觀察之市 場數據(不可觀察之數據)。本級別包 括具有大部份不可觀察部件之權益性 及債務證券。

按公平值計量之資產及負債:

27. Fair value hierarchy

The Group measures fair values using the following hierarchy that reflects the significance of the observable and unobservable inputs used in the fair value measurement:

Level Descriptions

- 1 Quoted prices (unadjusted) in active markets for identical assets or liabilities. This level includes equity securities and derivatives that are listed on exchanges.
- 2 Inputs other than quoted prices included within Level 1 that are observable for the asset or liability, either directly (that is, as prices) or indirectly (that is, derived from prices). This level includes the majority of the overthe-counter ("OTC") derivative contracts.
- Inputs for the asset or liability that are not based on observable market data (unobservable inputs). This level includes equity and debt securities with significant unobservable components.

Assets and liabilities measured at fair value:

2017年6月30日	At 30 Jun 2017	第1級 Level 1	第2級 Level 2	第3級 Level 3	合計 Total
內容	Descriptions				
以公平值計量且其變動 計入損益的金融資產 持作買賣用途 債務證券 權益性證券	Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss Held for trading Debt securities Equity securities	- 85,674	8,971,786 -	- -	8,971,786 85,674
指定以公平值計量且其 變動計入損益 債務證券 權益性證券	Designated at fair value through profit or loss Debt securities Equity securities	- 131,465	882,085 -	- -	882,085 131,465
衍生金融工具 持作買賣用途 持有用作對沖	Derivative financial instruments Held for trading Held for hedging	- -	331,390 238,972	- -	331,390 238,972
可供出售之金融資產 債務證券 權益性證券	Available-for-sale financial assets Debt securities Equity securities	410,351	34,350,842 165,164	4,828 75,454	34,355,670 650,969
按公平值計量之資產合計	Total assets measured at fair value	627,490	44,940,239	80,282	45,648,011
以公平值計量且其變動 計入損益的金融負債 持作買賣用途	Financial liabilities at fair value through profit or loss Held for trading	-	7,856,209	-	7,856,209
衍生金融工具 持作買賣用途 持有用作對沖	Derivative financial instruments Held for trading Held for hedging		366,023 249,979		366,023 249,979
按公平值計量之負債合計	Total liabilities measured at fair value		8,472,211		8,472,211

27. 公平值體系(續)

按公平值計量之資產及負債:(續)

界定為第3級別資產之可供出售金融資產為 非上市權益性證券及債券投資。此等金融資 產按被視為公平值合理約數之成本值列示。

截至2017年6月30日止6個月及2016年12月 31日止年度,概無金融資產及負債轉入或轉 出公平值體系中的第3級別。賬面值之變動 為重估收益/虧損。

27. Fair value hierarchy (Continued)

Assets and liabilities measured at fair value: (Continued)

The available-for-sale financial assets classified as Level 3 assets represent investments in unlisted equity securities and debentures. They are stated at cost which is considered to be a reasonable approximation of fair value.

For the six months ended 30 June 2017 and the year ended 31 December 2016, there were no transfers of financial assets and liabilities into or out of the Level 3 fair value hierarchy. The changes in carrying value represent the revaluation gains/losses.

2016年12月31日	At 31 Dec 2016	第1級 Level 1	第2級 Level 2	第3級 Level 3	合計 Total
2010 12/1/31 -	7.1.01.200.2010	Ecver 1	201012	Ecver 5	10141
內容	Descriptions				
以公平值計量且其變動 計入損益的金融資產 持作買賣用途 債務證券 權益性證券	Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss Held for trading Debt securities Equity securities	- 95,939	8,871,844 -	<u>-</u>	8,871,844 95,939
指定以公平值計量且其 變動計入損益 債務證券 權益性證券	Designated at fair value through profit or loss Debt securities Equity securities	- 126,139	485,020 -	- -	485,020 126,139
衍生金融工具 持作買賣用途 持有用作對沖	Derivative financial instruments Held for trading Held for hedging	24 -	831,107 346,191	- -	831,131 346,191
可供出售之金融資產 債務證券 權益性證券	Available-for-sale financial assets Debt securities Equity securities	360,693	32,288,217 136,704	4,828 75,058	32,293,045 572,455
按公平值計量之資產合計	Total assets measured at fair value	582,795	42,959,083	79,886	43,621,764
以公平值計量且其變動 計入損益的金融負債 持作買賣用途	Financial liabilities at fair value through profit or loss Held for trading	-	7,748,887	-	7,748,887
衍生金融工具 持作買賣用途 持有用作對沖	Derivative financial instruments Held for trading Held for hedging		875,997 467,421		875,997 467,421
按公平值計量之負債合計	Total liabilities measured at fair value		9,092,305		9,092,305

28. 扣除若干投資及固定資產之收益及虧損前之 營運溢利(包括已終止經營業務)與經營活動 現金流入淨額對賬表

28. Reconciliation of operating profit including discontinued operations before gains and losses on certain investments and fixed assets to net cash flows from operating activities

截至6月30日止6個月

For the six months ended 30 June

		2017	2016
扣除若干投資及固定資產之 收益及虧損前之營運溢利 (包括已終止經營業務) 淨利息收入 股息收益 貸款減值虧損 折舊 以股權支付以股份作為	Operating profit including discontinued operations before gains and losses on certain investments and fixed assets Net interest income Dividend income Loan impairment losses Depreciation Provision for equity-settled share-based	1,365,054 (2,055,780) (55,950) 167,275 94,591	898,485 (1,947,119) (62,808) 344,479 84,329
基礎報酬之撥備 無形資產攤銷費用 減除回收後之貸款撤銷淨額 已收利息 已付利息 已收股息	compensation Amortisation expenses of intangible assets Advances written off net of recoveries Interest received Interest paid Dividend received	264 194 (336,407) 3,019,249 (707,258) 55,950	568 583 (141,898) 2,732,967 (575,658) 62,808
營運資產及負債變動前之 營運溢利	Operating profit before changes in operating assets and liabilities	1,547,182	1,396,736
營運資產及負債之變動: -原到期日超過3個月之通知 及短期存款 -原到期日超過3個月	Changes in operating assets and liabilities: - money at call and short notice with an original maturity beyond three months - placements with banks with an original	(1,499,429)	629,847
之在銀行的存款 一持作買賣用途的證券 一衍生金融工具 一指定以公平值計量且其變動	maturity beyond three months - trading securities - derivative financial instruments - financial assets designated at fair value	(4,557,252) (473,635) (151,373)	251,268 1,887,785 247,945
計入損益的金融資產 一貿易票據 一客戶貸款 一其他賬目 一可供出售證券	through profit or loss - trade bills - advances to customers - other accounts - available-for-sale securities	(1,839,886) 602,133 (3,863,090) (925,973) (3,441,588)	(1,175,558) 1,006,431 (2,271,464) (583,997) (3,035,947)
持至到期證券長期壽險業務之有效保單價值銀行存款持作買賣用途的負債客戶存款	 held-to-maturity securities value of in-force long-term life assurance business deposits from banks trading liabilities deposits from customers 	2,826,540 (646,756) (101,062) 107,322 2,754,943	(630,014) (252,280) 250,533 (2,445,816) (311,159)
-發行存款證 -其他賬目及預提 -對長期保險合約保單持有人 之負債	 certificates of deposit issued other accounts and accruals liabilities to policyholders under long-term insurance contracts 	425,850 1,087,960 1,402,947	23,922 1,790,485 1,215,542
匯兑調整	Exchange adjustments	(117,917)	70,868
由經營活動所用的現金	Cash absorbed by operating activities	(6,863,084)	(1,934,873)
支付已發行的存款證之利息 已繳香港利得税	Interest paid on certificates of deposit issued Hong Kong profits tax paid	(58,316) (77,790)	(35,228) (61,229)
經營活動所用現金淨額	Net cash used in operating activities	(6,999,190)	(2,031,330)

29. 營業分項報告

本集團根據香港財務報告準則第8號《營運業務分項》編製分項報告。向包括行政總裁及其他執行委員會成員之主要營運決策人呈報而作為資源分配及業績評估用途之資料,乃按銀行業務及保險業務之基礎來確定。本地銀行業務之營運表現按業務活動分析,而海外銀行業務之營運表現按業務機構分析。對於保險業,資源配置和表現評價是基於保險的企業實體的基礎。

經考慮到本地業務之客戶群、產品及服務, 經濟環境和法規後,本集團將營運業務劃分 為下列呈報分項:

- 個人銀行業務包括接受個人客戶存款、住宅樓宇按揭、私人貸款、透支、汽車貸款和信用卡服務、保險業務的銷售和投資服務。
- 商業銀行業務包括接受存款、貸款、 營運資金融資及貿易融資,其存款來 源及融資客戶主要是工商業及機構性 客戶。
- 財資業務主要包括外匯服務、中央貸 存現金管理、利率風險管理、證券投 資管理及本集團整體之資金運用管 理。
- 海外銀行業務包括由位於澳門和中國 之海外附屬公司提供之個人銀行和商 業銀行業務及本集團於一間在中國設 立之商業銀行之權益。
- 保險業務包括本集團之人壽保險及一般保險的業務。本集團透過位於香港 全資附屬公司及擁有96%權益之澳 門附屬公司提供一系列保險產品及服 務。
- 其他包括未可直接歸類於其他呈報分項之營運業績、集團投資及債務資金 (包括後償債務)。

就編製分項報告而言,對可直接認明為各個別分項之源自客戶、產品及服務收入,將直接呈報於有關分項;而分項之間的資金運用及資金資源所產生的收入和資金成本,按參照市場利率之轉移價格機制分配至各分項。 分項間之交易乃依據授予第三者或與第三者交易之同類條款定價。分項間之收入或支出於綜合賬內抵銷。

29. Operating segment reporting

Segment reporting by the Group is prepared in accordance with HKFRS 8 "Operating Segments". Information reported to the chief operating decision maker, including the Chief Executive and other Executive Committee members, for the purposes of resource allocation and performance assessment, is determined on the basis of banking business and insurance business. For banking business, operating performances are analysed by business activities for local banking business, and on business entity basis for overseas banking business. For insurance business, resources allocation and performance evaluation are based on insurance business entity basis.

Considering the customer groups, products and services of local businesses, the economic environment and regulations, the Group splits the operating segments of the Group into the following reportable segments:

- Personal banking business includes the acceptance of deposits from individual customers and the extension of residential mortgage lending, personal loans, overdraft, vehicle financing and credit card services, and the provision of insurance sales and investment services.
- Commercial banking business includes the acceptance of deposits from and the advance of loans and working capital finance to commercial, industrial and institutional customers, and the provision of trade financing.
- Treasury activities are mainly the provision of foreign exchange services and centralised cash management for deposit taking and lending, interest rate risk management, management of investment in securities and the overall funding of the Group.
- Overseas banking businesses include personal banking, commercial banking business activities provided by overseas subsidiaries in Macau and China, and the Group's interest in a commercial bank in China.
- Insurance business includes the Group's life assurance and general insurance businesses. Through the Group's wholly-owned subsidiaries in Hong Kong and 96% owned subsidiaries in Macau, the Group offers a variety of insurance products and services.
- Others include results of operations not directly identified under other reportable segments, corporate investments and debt funding (including subordinated notes).

For the purpose of segment reporting, revenue derived from customers, products and services directly identifiable with individual segments are reported directly under respective segments, while revenue and funding cost arising from intersegment funding operation and funding resources are allocated to segments by way of transfer pricing mechanism with reference to market interest rates. Transactions within segments are priced based on similar terms offered to or transacted with external parties. Inter-segment income or expenses are eliminated on consolidation.

29. 營業分項報告(續)

所有不同分項之直接開支將歸類於有關的分項分類。間接開支及支援部門開支乃依據開支性質,按耗用之時間及工作量和分項營運收入,分配至不同的分項及產品。不能合理地分配至各分項、產品及支援部門之企業活動開支,則作企業開支呈列於「其他」項下。

截至2017年6月30日止6個月

29. Operating segment reporting (Continued)

All direct costs incurred by different segments are grouped under respective segments. Indirect costs and support functions' costs are allocated to various segments and products based on effort and time spent as well as segments' operating income depending on the nature of costs incurred. Costs related to corporate activities that cannot be reasonably allocated to segments, products and support functions are grouped under Others as unallocated corporate expenses.

For the six months ended 30 June 2017

		個人銀行 Personal Banking	商業銀行 Commercial Banking	財資業務 Treasury	海外銀行 Overseas Banking	保險業務 Insurance Business	其他 Others	跨項目 Inter- segment	總計 Total
淨利息收入/(支出) 非利息收入/(支出)	Net interest income/(expenses) Non-interest income/(expenses)	797,846 347,135	574,330 91,187	273,813 (4,508)	266,040 63,705	7,360 57,051	(26,507) 104,448	(7,140)	1,892,882 651,878
扣除保險索償之營運收入 營運支出	Total operating income net of insurance claims Operating expenses	1,144,981 (701,818)	665,517 (219,521)	269,305 (77,179)	329,745 (235,984)	64,411 (47,714)	77,941 (6,343)	(7,140) 7,140	2,544,760 (1,281,419)
扣除減值(虧損)/回撥前 之營運溢利 貸款減值(虧損)/回撥	Operating profit before impairment (losses)/written back Loan impairment (losses)/written back	443,163 (125,581)	445,996 (46,118)	192,126	93,761 4,424	16,697	71,598	-	1,263,341 (167,275)
扣除減值(虧損)/回撥後 之營運溢利 出售其他固定資產之淨虧損	Operating profit after impairment (losses)/written back Net loss on disposal of other	317,582	399,878	192,126	98,185	16,697	71,598		1,096,066
出售可供出售證券之淨收益	available-for-sale securities	(33)	(7) -	23,365	(56)	-	(10) 4,384	-	(106) 27,749
應佔聯營公司之業績 應佔共同控制實體之業績	Share of results of an associate Share of results of jointly controlled entities				373,038		9,198		9,198
除税前溢利 税項支出	Profit before taxation Taxation expenses	317,549 (52,399)	399,871 (65,978)	215,491 (35,556)	471,167 (14,423)	16,697 (1,707)	85,170 (9,152)		1,505,945 (179,215)
持續經營業務之期間溢利已終止經營業務之期間溢利	Profit for the period from continuing operations Profit for the period from discontinued operations	265,150	333,893	179,935	456,744 -	14,990 3,857,514	76,018 (7,642)	-	1,326,730 3,849,872
期間溢利	Profit for the period	265,150	333,893	179,935	456,744	3,872,504	68,376		5,176,602
截至2017年6月30日 止6個月 折舊及攤銷費用	For the six months ended 30 June 2017 Depreciation and amortisation	41,503	11,880	5,077	18,848	1,148	9,523	-	87,979
於2017年6月30日 分項資產 分類為待出售之出售 組別資產	As at 30 June 2017 Segment Assets Assets of disposal group classified as held for sale	46,235,172	57,367,412	70,810,239	35,268,047	2,114,251	9,779,547	(4,861,866)	216,712,802
資產合計	Total Assets	46,235,172	57,367,412	70,810,239	35,268,047	759,588 2,873,839	9,779,547	(84,977)	674,611 217,387,413
分項負債	Segment Liabilities	89,019,368	36,341,789	17,396,114	25,984,969	1,444,609	20,848,505	(4,861,866)	186,173,488
分類為待出售之出售組別負債	Liabilities of disposal group classified as held for sale	-	-	-	20,004,000	456,207	-	(84,977)	371,230
負債合計	Total Liabilities	89,019,368	36,341,789	17,396,114	25,984,969	1,900,816	20,848,505	(4,946,843)	186,544,718

29. 營業分項報告(續)

29. Operating segment reporting (Continued)

截至2016年6月30日止6個月(經重列)

For the six months ended 30 June 2016 (Restated)

		個人銀行 Personal Banking	商業銀行 Commercial Banking	財資業務 Treasury	海外銀行 Overseas Banking	保險業務 Insurance Business	其他 Others	跨項目 Inter- segment	總計 Total
淨利息收入/(支出) 非利息收入/(支出)	Net interest income/(expenses) Non-interest income/(expenses)	741,204 288,161	626,475 93,834	191,609 78,494	244,084 53,608	6,915 68,244	(32,709) (31,255)	(5,672)	1,777,578 545,414
扣除保險索償之營運 收入/(虧損) 營運支出	Total operating income/(loss) net of insurance claims Operating expenses	1,029,365 (635,617)	720,309 (197,093)	270,103 (69,207)	297,692 (220,038)	75,159 (41,807)	(63,964) (12,613)	(5,672) 5,672	2,322,992 (1,170,703)
扣除減值(虧損)/回撥前 之營運溢利/(虧損) 貸款減值(虧損)/回撥	Operating profit/(loss) before impairment (losses)/written back Loan impairment (losses)/written	393,748	523,216	200,896	77,654	33,352	(76,577)	-	1,152,289
	back	(136,616)	(230,583)		22,720				(344,479)
扣除減值(虧損)/回撥後 之營運溢利/(虧損) 出售其他固定資產之 淨(虧損)/收益	Operating profit/(loss) after impairment (losses)/written back Net (loss)/gain on disposal of other fixed assets	257,132 (56)	292,633	200,896	100,374	33,352	(76,577) 87	-	807,810 18
出售可供出售證券之	Net gain on disposal of	(00)	(4)		(0)		O1		10
海收益 available-for-sale securities 應佔聯營公司之業績 Share of results of an associate 態佔共同控制實體之業績 Share of results of jointly controlled entities	Share of results of an associate	-	-	13,219 -	352,936	-	48,736 -	-	61,955 352,936
						7,599		7,599	
除税前溢利/(虧損) 税項(支出)/回撥	Profit/(loss) before taxation Taxation (expenses)/credit	257,076 (42,417)	292,629 (48,284)	214,115 (35,329)	453,301 (19,546)	33,352 (2,435)	(20,155)		1,230,318 (147,751)
持續經營業務之期間溢利 已終止經營業務之期間溢利	Profit for the period from continuing operations Profit for the period from discontinued operations	214,659	244,345	178,786	433,755	30,917 90,840	(19,895) 14,145	-	1,082,567 104,985
	·								
期間溢利	Profit for the period	214,659	244,345	178,786	433,755	121,757	(5,750)		1,187,552
截至2016年6月30日 止6個月 折舊及攤銷費用	For the six months ended 30 June 2016 Depreciation and amortisation	31,465	6,654	3,070	17,919	935	18,318	-	78,361
於2016年12月31日 分項資產 分類為待出售之出售	As at 31 December 2016 Segment Assets Assets of disposal group	46,561,760	54,664,156	69,352,142	35,258,558	2,035,767	4,198,840	(4,859,887)	207,211,336
組別資產	classified as held for sale					17,902,706	(590,424)	(1,280,608)	16,031,674
資產合計	Total Assets	46,561,760	54,664,156	69,352,142	35,258,558	19,938,473	3,608,416	(6,140,495)	223,243,010
分項負債	Segment Liabilities	86,449,648	36,320,735	18,848,415	26,533,708	1,378,734	18,563,123	(4,859,887)	183,234,476
分類為待出售之 出售組別負債	Liabilities of disposal group classified as held for sale					13,601,574		(1,280,608)	12,320,966
負債合計	Total Liabilities	86,449,648	36,320,735	18,848,415	26,533,708	14,980,308	18,563,123	(6,140,495)	195,555,442

超過90%源自外部客戶之收益乃來自位於香港、澳門及中國之銀行附屬公司所提供之主要產品與服務,包括接受存款、信貸融資、資產融資、證券投資等。

More than 90% of the revenues from external customers were contributed from banking subsidiaries in Hong Kong, Macau and People's Republic of China, with major products and services including deposit taking, extension of credit, asset-based finance, securities investment services offered to customers.

29. 營業分項報告(續)

29. Operating segment reporting (Continued)

下表提供按區域歸類之資料,區域乃根據本 集團向外部客戶提供服務、與其商業交易及 建立關係的法定機構之所在地而確認。 The following tables provide information by geographical area, which was determined with reference to the domicile of the legal entities within the Group with business dealing and relationship with, and services to external customers.

		香港及其他 Hong Kong and Others	澳門 Macau	區域分項間 抵銷 Inter-segment elimination	總計 Total
截至2017年6月30日 止6個月 扣除保險索償之營運收入	For the six months ended 30 June 2017 Total operating income net of				
除税前溢利	insurance claims Profit before taxation	2,289,143 1,372,225	256,204 133,720	(587) -	2,544,760 1,505,945
於 2017年6月30日 分項資產 分類為待出售之	At 30 June 2017 Segment assets Assets of disposal group	199,584,939	19,996,854	(2,868,991)	216,712,802
出售組別資產	classified as held for sale		674,700	(89)	674,611
資產合計	Total assets	199,584,939	20,671,554	(2,869,080)	217,387,413
分項負債	Segment liabilities	171,716,113	17,326,366	(2,868,991)	186,173,488
分類為待出售之出售 組別負債	Liabilities of disposal group classified as held for sale		371,319	(89)	371,230
負債合計	Total liabilities	171,716,113	17,697,685	(2,869,080)	186,544,718
無形資產及商譽 或然負債及承擔	Intangible assets and goodwill Contingent liabilities and	318,667	637,058	-	955,725
30m200204.4h	commitments	76,623,754	2,101,501	(111,707)	78,613,548
		香港及其他 Hong Kong and Others	澳門 Macau	區域分項間 抵銷 Inter-segment elimination	總計 Total
截至2016年6月30日 止6個月 扣除保險索償之營運收入 除税前溢利	For the six months ended 30 June 2016 Total operating income net of insurance claims Profit before taxation	2,079,374 1,100,328	244,176 129,990	(558)	2,322,992 1,230,318
於2016年12月31日 分項資產 分類為待出售之出售 組別資產	At 31 December 2016 Segment assets Assets of disposal group classified as held for sale	189,496,779 15,402,930	20,039,881	(2,325,324)	207,211,336
資產合計	Total assets	204,899,709	20,668,625	(2,325,324)	223,243,010
分項負債 分類為待出售之出售	Segment liabilities Liabilities of disposal group	168,192,298	17,367,502	(2,325,324)	183,234,476
組別負債	classified as held for sale	11,983,148	337,818		12,320,966
負債合計	Total liabilities	180,175,446	17,705,320	(2,325,324)	195,555,442
無形資產及商譽 或然負債及承擔	Intangible assets and goodwill Contingent liabilities and	318,667	637,251	-	955,918
	commitments	78,450,169	1,684,727	(112,006)	80,022,890

30. 債權及餘額之額外分析

30. Additional analysis on claims and exposures

- (甲) 按行業分類之客戶貸款總額(以貸款 用途分類及以受抵押品保障的百分比 分析)
- Gross advances to customers by industry sector classified according to the usage of loans and analysed by percentage covered by collateral

		2017年6月30日 As at 30 Jun 2017		2016年12 As at 31 D	Dec 2016
在香港使用的貸款	Loans for use in Hong Kong	未償還結餘 Outstanding balance	貸款總額受 抵押品保障之 百分比 % of gross advances covered by collateral	未償還結餘 Outstanding balance	貸款總額受 抵押品保障之 百分比 % of gross advances covered by collateral
工商 一物業 股	Industrial, commercial and financial Property development Property investment Financial concerns Stockbrokers Wholesale and retail trade Manufacturing Transport and transport equipment Recreational activities Information technology Others	3,520,460 16,059,493 3,722,820 1,664,723 5,656,517 2,544,880 4,169,103 68,256 76,408 4,236,173	76.0 97.9 7.1 62.8 90.2 87.9 75.7 100.0 87.1 80.6	2,317,648 15,095,225 4,259,982 1,804,854 4,543,621 2,435,207 3,508,563 78,395 74,186 5,180,298	82.0 99.3 26.6 44.9 88.5 94.0 78.8 97.4 87.7 82.2
個人 一購買「居者有其屋計劃」、 「私人參建居屋計劃」及 「租者置其屋計劃」及 「租者置其屋計劃」 樓字貸款 一購買其他住宅物業貸款 一信用卡貸款 一其他	Individuals - Loans for the purchase of flats in Home Ownership Scheme, Private Sector Participation Scheme and Tenants Purchase Scheme - Loans for the purchase of other residential properties - Credit card advances - Others	719,498 22,522,191 3,742,045 11,441,963	100.0 99.9 - 45.8	756,457 22,230,051 4,377,622 11,092,297	100.0 99.9 - 43.9
在香港使用的貸款 貿易融資(註(1)) 在香港以外使用的貸款 (註(2))	Loans for use in Hong Kong Trade finance (Note (1)) Loans for use outside Hong Kong (Note (2))	38,425,697 80,144,530 8,283,072 29,090,209 117,517,811	74.0 77.6 66.0 69.2 74.7	38,456,427 77,754,406 7,723,386 28,176,929 113,654,721	72.4 77.4 66.2 74.0 75.8

註:

Note:

(1) 上述列示之貿易融資為參考香港金管局發出之相關指引而分類為香港進口、出口和轉口的融資,以及商品貿易融資等之貸款。

不涉及香港之貿易融資貸款(包括大新銀行之海外銀行附屬公司授予之貿易融資)總值366,489,000港元(2016年12月31日:297,335,000港元)分類於「在香港以外使用的貸款」項下。

(2) 在香港以外使用的貸款包括授 予香港客戶但在香港以外使用 之貸款。 (1) Trade finance shown above represents loans covering finance of imports to Hong Kong, exports and re-exports from Hong Kong and merchandising trade classified with reference to the relevant quidelines issued by the HKMA.

Trade finance loans not involving Hong Kong (including trade finance extended by the overseas subsidiary banks of DSB) totalling HK\$366,489,000 (31 December 2016: HK\$297,335,000) are classified under Loans for use outside Hong Kong.

(2) Loans for use outside Hong Kong include loans extended to customers located in Hong Kong with the finance used outside Hong Kong.

(甲) 按行業分類之客戶貸款總額(以貸款 用途分類及以受抵押品保障的百分比 分析)(續)

上述分析中各構成客戶貸款總額10% 或以上的行業,其應佔減值貸款額、 逾期貸款額及個別和綜合評估的貸款 減值準備如下:

30. Additional analysis on claims and exposures (Continued)

(a) Gross advances to customers by industry sector classified according to the usage of loans and analysed by percentage covered by collateral (Continued)

For each industry sector reported above with loan balance constituting 10% or more of the total balance of advances to customers, the attributable amount of impaired loans, overdue loans, and individually and collectively assessed loan impairment allowances are as follows:

2017年(6月30日
As at 30	Jun 2017

				at 50 Juli 201	1	
		未償 邊 結餘 Outstanding balance	減值貸款 Impaired loans	貸款總額 逾期未償還 超過3個月 Gross advances overdue for over 3 months	個別評估 減值準備 Individually assessed impairment allowances	綜合評估 減值準備 Collectively assessed impairment allowances
在香港使用的貸款	Loans for use in Hong Kong					
工商金融 -物業投資	Industrial, commercial and financial - Property investment	16,059,493	131,484	101,499	14,765	59,071
個人 -購買其他住宅 物業貸款	Individuals - Loans for the purchase of other residential properties	22,522,191	7,362	14,995	-	5,157
在香港以外使用的貸款	Loans for use outside Hong Kong	29,090,209	237,065	295,871	90,295	138,694
				016年12月31日 at 31 Dec 2010		
		未償還結餘 Outstanding balance	減值貸款 Impaired loans	貸款總額 逾期未償還 超過3個月 Gross advances overdue for over 3 months	個別評估 減值準備 Individually assessed impairment allowances	綜合評估 減值準備 Collectively assessed impairment allowances
在香港使用的貸款	Loans for use in Hong Kong					
工商金融 -物業投資	Industrial, commercial and financial - Property investment	15,095,225	92,594	89,700	10,276	51,607
個人 一購買其他住宅 物業貸款	Individuals - Loans for the purchase of other residential properties	22,230,051	10,670	24,893	-	4,552
在香港以外使用的貸款	Loans for use outside Hong Kong	28,176,929	364,972	380,615	189,010	145,416

(乙) 對中國大陸業務的餘額

根據香港金管局《銀行業(披露)規則》,以下對中國大陸業務的餘額之分析乃參照香港金管局對中國大陸業務申報表中所列之非銀行類交易對手類別及直接貸款總額種類以分類,其中只包括大新銀行及其內地銀行附屬公司授予之中國大陸業務的餘額。

30. Additional analysis on claims and exposures (Continued)

(b) Mainland activities exposures

The analysis of Mainland activities exposures is based on the categories of non-bank counterparties and the type of direct exposures defined by the HKMA under the Banking (Disclosure) Rules with reference to the HKMA Return of Mainland Activities, which includes the Mainland activities exposures extended by DSB and its Mainland subsidiary bank only.

		資產負債表內 的餘額 On-balance	資產負債表外 的餘額 Off-balance	總餘額 Total
2017年6月30日	As at 30 June 2017	sheet exposure	sheet exposure	exposures
1.中央政府,中央政府擁有的機構及其附屬公司和 合營公司(「合營公司」)	Central government, central government-owned entities and their subsidiaries and joint ventures ("JV"s)	6,309,181	205,340	6,514,521
2. 地方政府, 地方政府擁有的 機構及其附屬公司和 合營公司 3.居住在中國內地之國民或在	Local governments, local government-owned entities and their subsidiaries and JVs	1,117,634	254,789	1,372,423
5.居住在中國內地之國民或在 中國內地成立的其他機構 及其附屬公司和合營公司 4.未有在上述第一項呈報之	PRC nationals residing in Mainland China or other entities incorporated in Mainland China and their subsidiaries and JVs Other entities of central government	12,288,726	3,029,274	15,318,000
中央政府的其他機構 5.未有在上述第二項呈報之	not reported in item 1 above 5. Other entities of local governments	1,289,882	45,242	1,335,124
地方政府的其他機構 6.居住在中國內地以外之國民 或在中國內地以外成立的 機構,而涉及的貸款於	not reported in item 2 above 6. PRC nationals residing outside Mainland China or entities incorporated outside Mainland China where the credits are granted for use	858,958	-	858,958
中國內地使用 7.其他交易對手,其餘額被 視作對中國大陸非銀行	in Mainland China 7. Other counterparties where the exposures are considered to be non-bank Mainland	8,536,373	521,480	9,057,853
類客戶的餘額	China exposures	676,473	2,347	678,820
		31,077,227	4,058,472	35,135,699
大新銀行及其內地銀行附屬公司 之扣除撥備後之資產合計	Total assets of DSB and its Mainland subsidiary bank after provision	193,092,094		
資產負債表內的餘額佔資產 合計百分比	On-balance sheet exposures as percentage of total assets	16.09%		

註:

Note:

上述呈報餘額包括客戶貸款總額及其 他對客戶索償之金額。 The balances of exposures reported above include gross advances and other balances of claims on the customers.

30. Additional analysis on claims and exposures (Continued)

(乙) 對中國大陸業務的餘額(續)

(b) Mainland activities exposures (Continued)

2016年12月31日	As at 31 December 2016	資產負債表內 的餘額 On-balance	資產負債表外 的餘額 Off-balance	總餘額 Total
2010年12月31日	As at 31 December 2016	sheet exposure	sheet exposure	exposures
1.中央政府,中央政府擁有的 機構及其附屬公司和 合營公司 2.地方政府,地方政府擁有的	Central government, central government-owned entities and their subsidiaries and JVs Local governments, local	6,982,813	335,952	7,318,765
機構及其附屬公司和 合營公司 3.居住在中國內地之國民或在 中國內地成立的其他機構	government-owned entities and their subsidiaries and JVs 3. PRC nationals residing in Mainland China or other entities incorporated in Mainland	2,067,880	639,122	2,707,002
及其附屬公司和合營公司 4.未有在上述第一項呈報之	China and their subsidiaries and JVs 4. Other entities of central government	8,442,337	1,717,472	10,159,809
中央政府的其他機構 5.未有在上述第二項呈報之	not reported in item 1 above 5. Other entities of local governments	1,579,550	153,473	1,733,023
地方政府的其他機構 6.居住在中國內地以外之國民 或在中國內地以外成立的 機構,而涉及的貸款於	not reported in item 2 above 6. PRC nationals residing outside Mainland China or entities incorporated outside Mainland China where the credits are granted for use	569,977	11,774	581,751
中國內地使用 7. 其他交易對手,其餘額被 視作對中國大陸非銀行	in Mainland China 7. Other counterparties where the exposures are considered to be non-bank Mainland	8,070,905	542,543	8,613,448
類客戶的餘額	China exposures	579,554		579,554
		28,293,016	3,400,336	31,693,352
大新銀行及其內地銀行附屬公司 之扣除撥備後之資產合計	Total assets of DSB and its Mainland subsidiary bank after provision	189,622,746		
資產負債表內的餘額佔資產 合計百分比	On-balance sheet exposures as percentage of total assets	14.92%		

(丙) 按區域分析之客戶貸款總額及逾期貸 款

客戶貸款之區域分析乃根據已考慮風 險轉移後之交易對手所在地分類。一 般而言,當貸款的擔保方位處與交易 對手不同之區域時,風險將被轉移。

下表為客戶貸款總額、個別減值客戶 貸款、逾期客戶貸款及個別和綜合評 估減值準備按區域分析。

30. Additional analysis on claims and exposures (Continued)

(c) Analysis of gross advances to customers and overdue loans by geographical area

Advances to customers by geographical area are classified according to the location of the counterparties after taking into account the transfer of risk. In general, risk transfer applies when an advance is guaranteed by a party located in an area which is different from that of the counterparty.

The following table analyses gross advances to customers, individually impaired advances to customers, overdue advances to customers, and individually and collectively assessed impairment allowances by geographical area.

阿加海什

始人海井

सं रहताच च्य

2017年6月30日	As at 30 June 2017	客戶貸款總額 Gross advances to customers	個別減值 客戶貸款 Individually impaired advances to customers	逾期 客戶貸款 Overdue advances to customers	個別評估 減值準備 Individually assessed impairment allowances	綜合評估 減值準備 Collectively assessed impairment allowances
香港 中國 澳門 其他	Hong Kong China Macau Others	94,498,745 8,760,009 12,721,655 1,537,402	829,825 40,782 65,111 11	813,696 94,160 69,847 11	208,241 17,218 15,562 9	324,257 69,816 45,372 5,212
		117,517,811	935,729	977,714	241,030	444,657
		客戶貸款總額 Gross advances	個別減值 客戶貸款 Individually impaired advances to	逾期 客戶貸款 Overdue advances to	個別評估 減值準備 Individually assessed impairment	綜合評估 減值準備 Collectively assessed impairment
2016年12月31日	As at 31 December 2016	to customers	customers	customers	allowances	allowances
香港 中國 澳門 其他	Hong Kong China Macau Others	90,514,829 7,573,907 12,793,705 2,772,280	1,044,157 72,815 55,200 2,037	892,925 127,256 60,641 6,315	391,466 30,499 12,552 693	294,687 67,881 48,779 9,198
		113,654,721	1,174,209	1,087,137	435,210	420,545

(丁) 國際債權

國際債權資料是在考慮風險的轉移後,根據交易對手的所在地而披露對外地交易對手最終面對的風險。一般不可言,若交易對手的債權是由在不同國家的另一方擔保,或履行債權是一間銀行的海外分行,而其總部一一一個大學不同的國家,才會確認風險轉移至另一國家。經計及任何權總額上級。與有構成國際債權總額10%或以上之區域方作出披露。

30. Additional analysis on claims and exposures (Continued)

(d) International claims

The information of international claims discloses exposures to foreign counterparties on which the ultimate risk lies, and is derived according to the location of the counterparties after taking into account any transfer of risk. In general, transfer of risk from one country to another is recognised if the claims against a counterparty are guaranteed by another party in a different country or if the claims are on an overseas branch of a bank whose head office is located in a different country. Only regions constituting 10% or more of the aggregate international claims after taking into account any recognised risk transfer are disclosed.

			官方機構 Official sector	非銀行私人機構 Non-bank private sector		
2017年6月30日 百萬港元	At 30 June 2017 In millions of HK\$	銀行 Banks		非銀行 金融機構 Non-bank financial institutions	非金融 私人機構 Non-financial private sector	債權總額 Total claims
離岸中心	Offshore centres – of which: Hong Kong	4,794	18,636	6,542	115,542	145,514
-其中:香港		3,817	16,245	6,470	101,162	127,694
發展中亞太區	Developing Asia and Pacific – of which: Mainland China	27,405	1,862	1,350	11,379	41,996
-其中:中國		23,695	1,785	949	10,048	36,477
				非銀行私人機構 Non-bank private sector		
2016年12月31日 百萬港元	At 31 December 2016 In millions of HK\$	銀行 Banks	官方機構 Official sector	非銀行 金融機構 Non-bank financial institutions	非金融 私人機構 Non-financial private sector	債權總額 Total claims
離岸中心	Offshore centres – of which: Hong Kong	1,867	17,682	6,684	113,351	139,584
- 其中:香港		1,430	15,171	6,684	97,608	120,893
發展中亞太區	Developing Asia and Pacific – of which: Mainland China	24,301	1,730	1,149	10,070	37,250
一其中:中國		20,282	1,730	1,133	8,561	31,706

(戌) 信貸承擔及或然負債受抵押品保障的 百分比分析

(e) Credit commitments and contingent liabilities analysed by percentage covered by collateral

		2017年6月30日 As at 30 Jun 2017			2016年12月31日 As at 31 Dec 2016	
		合約金額 Contract amount	受抵押品保障 的百分比 % covered by collateral	合約金額 Contract amount	受抵押品保障 的百分比 % covered by collateral	
財務擔保及其他信貸相關 之或然負債 貸款承擔及其他信貸相關	Financial guarantees and other credit related contingent liabilities Loan commitments and other	1,425,240	32.7	1,570,209	29.3	
之承擔	credit related commitments	70,272,071	4.6	69,528,743	3.6	
		71,697,311	5.1	71,098,952	4.2	

31. 有關連人士之交易

(甲) 本集團與有關連人士包括本集團之同 系附屬公司、本公司之股東或董事直 接或間接控制或具有重大影響力之公 司進行多項持續關連交易。

> 全部持續有關連之交易乃根據本集團 之正常業務、有關協議、一般商業條 款及慣例,按公平且合理及符合本公 司股東整體利益進行。

- (乙) 本公司及本集團全資附屬公司於期內與非全資銀行附屬公司簽訂之持續關連交易(定義見香港交易所證券上市規則(「上市規則」第14A.31段)收到及產生之收入及支出。該等交易之總值未超逾或符合根據上市規則第14A.53段及14A.54段,適用於本集團之年度上限。
- (丙) 於2016年12月30日,本集團更新多項有關持續關連交易之協議及設立截至2017年,2018年及2019年之年度上限。由於出售大新人壽及大新保險服務之全部已發行股本已於2017年6月19日完成(「完成出售」),大新人壽及大新保險服務不再為本銀行附屬公司之關連人士,據此降低截至2017年,2018年及2019年相關交易之年度上限。

完成出售後,大新人壽、大新保險服務及大新銀行訂立新分銷協議(「香港分銷協議」)。於該協議下,大新銀行於首個年度將收取的浮動款項構成持續關連交易,大新銀行就此設立年度上限。

- (丁) 本集團向本集團的主要管理人員、其 近親及其或彼等近親所控制之企業提 供信貸服務及收取存款。於2017年上 半年期間,此等信貸及存款之結餘與 2016年12月31日比較並無重大改變。
- (戊) 本公司主要管理人員為執行董事,截至2017年6月30日止6個月,彼等報酬之條款無重大改變。

31. Related-party transactions

(a) The Group enters into various continuing connected transactions with related parties including fellow subsidiaries of the Group, companies directly or indirectly controlled or significantly influenced by shareholders or directors of the Company.

All continuing connected transactions were conducted in the ordinary and usual course of business of the Group, on normal commercial terms, and in accordance with the relevant agreements on terms that are fair and reasonable and in the interests of the shareholders of the Company as a whole.

- The Company and its wholly-owned subsidiaries within the Group received and incurred income and expense from the continuing connected transactions (within the definition of Rule 14A.31 of the Rules Governing the Listing of Securities on The SEHK (the "Listing Rules")) entered into with the non-wholly-owned banking subsidiaries during the period. The aggregate values of these transactions are within or consistent with the respective annual caps applicable to the Group pursuant to Rules 14A.53 and 14A.54 of the Listing Rules.
- (c) On 30 December 2016, various agreements with respect to continuing connected transactions were renewed and annual caps for the years ending 2017, 2018 and 2019 were set. As DSLA and DSIS ceased to be the connected persons of the banking subsidiaries upon completion of the sale of the entire issued share capital of DSLA and DSIS ("Completion") on 19 June 2017, the annual caps for the relevant transactions for the years ending 2017, 2018 and 2019 were reduced accordingly.

Following the Completion, a new distribution agreement was entered into among DSLA, DSIS and DSB ("Hong Kong Distribution Agreement"). The agreement constitutes a continuing connected transaction with respect to the variable payments to be received by DSB for the first year and an annual cap was set.

- (d) The Group provides credit facilities to, and takes deposits from, the Group's key management personnel, their close family members and entities controlled by them. During the first half of 2017, there were no significant changes in the balances of these credit facilities and deposits compared to the positions at 31 December 2016.
- (e) Key management personnel of the Company are executive directors and there were no significant changes to their remuneration terms in the six months ended 30 June 2017.

32. 風險管理

甲. 集團銀行系

本集團明瞭各類風險會不停蜕變的特性並透過完善的管理架構作有效管理。

風險管理專注於信貸風險、市場風險、利率風險、流動資金風險、操作風險、聲譽風險及策略性風險。信貸風險之產生主要源於本集團之信貸組合,其中包括商業和零售借貸、機械和租購融資及財資和金融機構的批發借貸。

大部份的市場風險乃源於財資部(「財資部」),主要與本集團資產負債表內及資產負債表外之買賣交易及其證券投資有關。

利率風險指因利率的不利變動而引致 本集團的財政狀況面臨的風險。

流動資金風險乃指本集團未能在不衍 生不可接受損失的情況下為新增的資 產融資或就到期之金融負債履行付款 責任。

操作風險乃因內部程序、員工及系統 之不足與疏忽或外來的事件而產生之 直接或間接虧損之風險。

聲譽風險是指由於本集團之商業慣例、營運誤差或營運表現而可能帶來 之負面宣傳風險。這些負面因素不論 是否屬實,均可能令客戶產生憂慮或 負面看法,削弱客戶基礎及市場佔有 率或導致耗費龐大之訴訟或減少收 入。

策略性風險泛指由於差劣之策略性決定、不可接受之財務表現、策略施行上失當以及對於市場轉變欠缺有效應變而可能對集團財務及市場狀況有即時或日後重大負面影響之企業風險。

其他方面之風險管理詳述如下。

32. Risk management

A. Banking Group

The Group recognises the changing nature of risk and manages it through a well-developed management structure.

Risk management is focused on credit risk, market risk, interest rate risk, liquidity risk, operational risk, reputation risk and strategic risk. Credit risk occurs mainly in the Group's credit portfolios comprising commercial and retail lending, equipment and hire purchase financing, and treasury and financial institutions wholesale lending.

Market risk arises mainly from Treasury Division ("TRD") and is associated principally with the Group's on-and off-balance sheet positions in the trading book and its investment securities.

Interest rate risk means the risk to the Group's financial condition resulting from adverse movements in interest rates.

Liquidity risk is the risk that the Group is unable to fund increases in assets or meet its payment obligations associated with its financial liabilities when they fall due without incurring unacceptable losses.

Operational risk is the risk of loss (direct or indirect) resulting from inadequate or failed internal processes, people and systems or from external events.

Reputation risk is the risk arising from the potential that negative publicity regarding the Group's business practices, operational errors or operating performance, whether true or not, could cause customer concerns or negative view, decline in the customer base or market share, or lead to costly litigation or revenue reductions.

Strategic risk generally refers to the corporate risk that may bring significant immediate or future negative impact on the financial and market positions of the Group because of poor strategic decisions, unacceptable financial performance, and inappropriate implementation of strategies and lack of effective response to the market changes.

The other risk management aspects are disclosed below.

甲. 集團銀行系(續)

(甲) 集團風險管理架構

董事會對所有類別的風險管理負上整體的責任。關於風險控制方面,董事 會的責任包括:

- 批准整體的策略及政策以確保 能在交易及組合層面適當地管 理信貸及其他風險;
- 財務和非財務方面的風險管理,透過營運和行政控制,包括集團審核委員會(「審核委員會」)的操作;業績檢討(比對預測)、營運統計和政策問題作出監控;及
- 比對已審閱的預算及分析主要 非財務指標的變化以檢討業 績。

風險管理及合規委員會(「風險管理及合規委員會」)被委任監察及領導由集團風險部(「集團風險部」)和各功能委員會主導管理及處理的不同類型風險。

(乙) 集團風險部

本集團風險管理的專業知識持續提升 借貸組合的整體質素,並促使本集團 能應付改變中的監管要求和有信心地 掌握與授信相關的風險和回報。

32. Risk management (Continued)

A. Banking Group (Continued)

(a) The risk management structure of the Group

The Board of Directors has the broad overall responsibility for the management of all types of risk. The responsibilities of the Board in relation to risk control are:

- the approval of the overall strategy and policies to ensure that credit and other risks are properly managed at both the transaction and portfolio levels;
- the management of risk, both financial and nonfinancial, conducted through operational and administrative control systems including the operation of the Group Audit Committee ("AC"); review of key results (against forecasts), operational statistics and policy compliance; and
- the review of financial performance by analysis against approved budgets and analysis of variations in key non-financial measures.

The Risk Management and Compliance Committee ("RMCC") have been delegated the authority to oversee and guide the management of different risks which are more particularly managed and dealt with by Group Risk Division ("GRD") and different functional committees.

(b) Group risk function

The independent Group Risk function is responsible for ensuring that policies and mandates are established for the Group as a whole. GRD monitors and reports the Group's risk positions to the Board via the RMCC, sets standards for the management of financial risks and data integrity and ensures that the financial risks are fully considered in the product planning and pricing process. GRD reviews and manages all credit and risk exposure policies for the Group including the approval of exposures to new markets, economic sectors, organisations, credit products and financial instruments which expose the Group to different types of risks. In determining risk policies, GRD takes into account the guidelines established by the HKMA, business direction, and risk adjusted performance of each business.

The Group's risk management expertise continues to advance the overall quality of the Group's lending portfolios, and enables the Group to meet the changing regulatory requirements and enter into credit exposures with the confidence that it understands the associated risks and rewards.

甲. 集團銀行系(續)

(乙) 集團風險部(續)

在集團風險部主管領導下,本集團持續發展其風險管理能力,並增加專注風險策略對風險和報酬及資本回報的影響。本集團在面對日常業務管理不同形式的風險時會採用一系列的風險管理和分析工具。此等工具亦持續地在被改良和提升以配合不斷改變的業務需要和監管機構的要求。

(丙) 信貸委員會

本集團設有集團信貸委員會(「集團信貸委員會」)負責批核重大的信貸風險額度。信貸管理委員會(「信貸管理委員會」)與財資及投資風險委員會」)為分別對資業務負責核定和建議其政策、額度和風險控制權責之功能委員會。為支援業務而成立的信貸風險功能只向集團風險部匯報。

(丁) 應用金融工具策略

本集團接受定息或浮息及不同年期之客戶存款,並以此取得之資金投資於各種類別的資產以賺取息差收入。本集團尋求透過整合短期資金及按較高利率借出較長期之款項以增加此等息差收入,同時並保持足夠之流動資金以應付可能須付之所有到期債務。

本集團亦按信貸風險及市場情況,透過向商業及零售借款人貸款賺取息差,以及向客戶收取合理費用及佣金。此等活動風險不單涉及資產負債表內之貸款及墊款,亦涉及本集團提供擔保及其他承擔,例如信用證、履約保證及其他保證。

本集團亦通過交易所及場外交易買賣 包括衍生工具之金融工具,藉著證 券、債券、貨幣及利率之短期波動賺 取利潤。董事會制定交易限額以控制 不同程度之市場持倉風險。除指定對 冲安排外,有關外匯及利率之風險可 般以訂立對銷持倉(包括與客戶及市 場對手之交易)或利用衍生工具作對 場對手之交易的或利用衍生工具 次 等值。

32. Risk management (Continued)

A. Banking Group (Continued)

(b) Group risk function (Continued)

The Group continues to evolve its risk management capabilities under the aegis of the Head of GRD, with increasing focus of its risk strategy on risk and reward and returns on capital. The Group uses a range of risk measurement and analytical tools in its management of various risks which it faces in its day-to-day businesses and these are continually being enhanced and upgraded to reflect the ever-changing business needs and the requirements of the regulators.

(c) Credit committees

The Group has a Group Credit Committee ("GCC") for approving major credit limits. The Credit Management Committee ("CMC") and the Treasury and Investment Risk Committee ("TIRC") are the functional committees responsible for approving and recommending policies, limits and mandates for risk control in loans and treasury business respectively. The credit risk function, while set up to support the business areas, reports solely to the GRD.

(d) Strategy in using financial instruments

The Group accepts deposits from customers at both fixed and floating rates, and for various periods, and seeks to earn positive interest margins by investing and lending these funds in a wide range of assets. The Group seeks to increase these margins by consolidating short-term funds and lending for longer periods at higher rates, while maintaining sufficient liquidity to meet all claims that might fall due.

The Group also seeks to apply its interest margins through its lending to commercial and retail borrowers and to charge customers appropriate fees and commission, taking into consideration credit risk and market conditions. Such exposures involve not just on-balance sheet loans and advances, as the Group also enters into guarantees and other commitments such as letters of credit, performance bonds and other bonds.

The Group also trades in financial instruments where it takes positions in exchange-traded and OTC instruments, including derivatives, to take advantage of short-term market movements in equities and bonds and in currency and interest rate. The Board places trading limits on the level of exposures that can be taken in relation to market positions. Apart from specific hedging arrangements, foreign exchange and interest rate exposures are normally offset by entering into counterbalancing positions (including transactions with customers or market counterparties), or by the use of derivatives, thereby controlling the variability in the net cash amounts required to liquidate market positions.

甲. 集團銀行系(續)

(丁) 應用金融工具策略(續)

本集團亦應用利率掉期及其他利率衍生工具以減輕因利率變動令定息資值之中息有期負債公平值下降或定息有期負債公平相所之利率風險。若干金融工具被,對預額之,對預額之平值對沖,對額(直對沖與目別,對於各公平值對沖對沖份公平值對沖內對,對於各公平的對對,對於公平的對於對沖會計方法將於此公平值對沖失效日起停止。

(戊) 信貸風險

本集團之主要信貸風險為借款人或交易對手未能履行對本集團之償款責任。此等責任乃源自本集團之貸款及投資活動、以及金融工具之買賣(包括衍生工具)。

本集團設有集團信貸委員會負責批核 重大的信貸風險敞口。信貸管理委員 會與財資及投資風險委員會乃是分別 負責制訂貸款及財資業務之信貸是政 及監察其組合之委員會,該等委員會 由行政總裁擔任主席並由若干執行董 事及高級業務及信貸人員組成。信貸 風險計量,承保、批核和監測之規定 都詳列於信貸政策內。

本集團以審慎基礎管理各類型的信貸 風險。信貸批核須規限在信貸政策所 設定之參數之內,並且須由各級管 理層人員按既定之指引及授權批核。 管理層、信貸委員會及集團風險部會 定期監察及控制信貸風險敞口、審核師 限額及資產質素。本集團內部審貸師 亦會作定期檢閱及審核以確保信貸政 策,程序及規管指引得以遵從。

本集團已就新產品及業務建立了有關 審核及審閱的政策與程序,亦已制定 了信貸政策,內容包括貸款評級或信 貸評分、流程及減值政策各方面的細 節。

32. Risk management (Continued)

A. Banking Group (Continued)

(d) Strategy in using financial instruments (Continued)

The Group also uses interest rate swap and other interest rate derivatives to mitigate interest rate risk arising from changes in interest rates that will result in decrease in the fair value of fixed rate assets or increase in the fair value of fixed rate liabilities. Part of these financial instruments are designated as fair value hedges, and the terms of hedge including hedged item, amount, interest rates, hedge period and purpose are determined and documented at the inception of each fair value hedge. Hedge effectiveness is assessed at inception on a prospective basis and is reassessed, on an ongoing basis, based on actual experience and valuation. Fair value hedge relationships that do not meet the effectiveness test requirement of hedge accounting are discontinued with effect from the date of ineffectiveness of the fair value hedge.

(e) Credit risk

The Group's main credit risk is that borrowers or counterparties may default on their payment obligations due to the Group. These obligations arise from the Group's lending and investment activities, and trading of financial instruments (including derivatives).

The Group has a GCC for approving major credit exposures. The CMC and TIRC are the committees responsible for credit policy formulation and portfolio monitoring of the loan and treasury businesses respectively. These committees are all chaired by the Chief Executive with certain Executive Directors and senior business and credit officers as members. Credit risk measurement, underwriting, approval and monitoring requirements are detailed in credit policies.

The Group manages all types of credit risk on a prudent basis. Credits are extended within the parameters set out in the credit policies and are approved by different levels of management based upon established guidelines and delegated authorities. Credit exposures, limits and asset quality are regularly monitored and controlled by management, credit committees and GRD. The Group's internal auditors also conduct regular reviews and audits to ensure compliance with credit policies and procedures and regulatory guidelines.

The Group has established policies and processes for the approval and review of new products and activities, and credit policies with details of the loan grading, or credit scoring, processes and impairment policies.

甲. 集團銀行系(續)

(戊) 信貸風險(續)

(戊)(i) 信貸風險承擔

標準普爾及穆迪為本集團採用的外部 信用評估機構(「信用評估機構」)用以 評估對銀行、主權機構、公營單位及 集體投資計劃之信貸風險承擔,及證 券化類別風險承擔和有評級法團之風 險承擔。本集團亦有一內部評級法則 評估未有評級法團之信貸風險承擔。

本集團遵循《銀行業(資本)規則》第4 部份規定之程序,配對銀行賬內之風 險承擔與信用評估機構之發行人評級。

(戊)(ii) 交易對手信貸風險承擔

結算風險在支付現金或交收證券或股票並預期可收回有關現金或證券或股票時產生。本集團為各交易對手就一日期結算總額設定每天結算額度以減低結算風險。本集團亦簽訂淨額結算安排,及於適當時按收款交付基準結算。

按本集團現行有關衍生工具合約之抵押品責任條款,及根據2017年6月30日之狀況,本集團估計不需要於其信貸評級被調降一級的情況下投入額外抵押品(2016年12月31日:無)。

本集團已制定政策及程序以控制及監 控錯向風險,包括規定進行指定之錯 向風險交易前需要預先批核。

32. Risk management (Continued)

A. Banking Group (Continued)

(e) Credit risk (Continued)

(e)(i) Credit risk exposures

Standard & Poor's and Moody's are the external credit assessment institutions ("ECAIs") that the Group uses for the assessment of its credit risk exposures to banks, sovereigns, public sector entities, and collective investment schemes as well as securitisation exposures and exposures to rated corporates. The Group also has an internal grading methodology for assessing credit exposures to unrated corporates.

The process it uses to map ECAI issuer ratings to exposures booked in its banking book follows the process prescribed in Part 4 of the Banking (Capital) Rules.

(e)(ii) Counterparty credit risk exposures

The Group exercises strict control limits in tenor and outstanding amounts on net open positions arising from OTC derivative transactions, repo-style transactions and credit derivative contracts booked in its banking book or trading book. The credit risk exposures associated with these contracts are predominantly their fair values (i.e. the positive mark-to-market values favourable to the Group). These credit risk exposures together with potential exposures from market movements are managed as part of the overall lending limits allowed to counterparties. Collateral or other security is generally not obtained for such credit risk exposures except cash margin transfer to cover credit risk exposure arising from OTC derivative transactions under credit support arrangement with counterparties.

Settlement risk arises in situations where a payment in cash or a delivery of securities or equities is made in expectation of a corresponding receipt in cash, securities or equities. To mitigate settlement risk, daily settlement limits are established for individual counterparty on the aggregate of all settlements on a day. The Group will also enter into netting arrangements and make settlement on the basis of delivery against payment as appropriate.

Under the terms of the current collateral obligations of the Group with respect to derivative contracts, the Group estimates based on the positions as at 30 June 2017 that it would not be required to post additional collateral in the event of one notch downgrade in its credit rating (31 December 2016: Nil).

The Group has in place the policies and procedures to control and monitor wrong-way risk, including requiring prior approval before entering into prescribed wrong-way risk deals.

甲. 集團銀行系(續)

(戊) 信貸風險(續)

(戊)(iii) 減低信貸風險

本集團採用之減低信貸風險方式一般 為《銀行業(資本)規則》認可以減少資 本加權值之方式,收取之抵押品類別 普遍為現金存款、不動產物業及的士 和公共小巴經營牌。就某些類別之客 戶貸款,本集團亦信賴政府、公營單 位及配有可接受信貸評級法團等發出 之擔保。

用作抵押品之不動產物業在授出貸款 前將被評估。問題客戶之抵押物業, 公開市場價值將最少每3個月估值一 次。就已收回之物業抵押品,本集團 之政策為按可行情況下盡快出售。

(己) 市場風險

市場風險乃指由市場上利率及價格變化而引致對資產、負債及資產負債表外持倉之虧損風險。

各類交易之市場風險均由董事會、風 險管理及合規委員會及財資及投資風 險委員會按董事會授予之權力所核准 之各項風險限額及指引內處理。風險 限額按組合層面以及各產品及不同風 險類別設定。該等限額綜合包含了名 義金額、止蝕限額、敏感性及運用市 場風險數值(「市場風險數值」)之監 控。所有涉及市場風險的買賣持倉需 要每日按市值入賬。集團風險部之風 險管理及監控部(「風險管理及監控 部」) 乃一個獨立之風險管理及控制 部門,負責比較風險和已審批限額, 以識別、計量、監控及管理該等風險 及提議具體行動去確保持倉被限制在 可接受水平內。任何不符合限額情況 均須依據有關政策及程序經合適管理 層-財資及投資風險委員會,風險管 理及合規委員會或董事會審查及批准。

大新銀行之附屬公司澳門商業銀行及 大新銀行(中國)根據其一套自定限額 和政策及在大新銀行設定之總體市場 風險控制內執行其本行之財資活動。 大新銀行之風險管理及監控部監察及 管理源自澳門商業銀行及大新銀行 (中國)財資營運之市場風險。

32. Risk management (Continued)

A. Banking Group (Continued)

(e) Credit risk (Continued)

(e)(iii) Credit risk mitigation

The credit risk mitigation techniques used by the Group are generally those recognised by the Banking (Capital) Rules for reduced capital weighting. Common types of collateral obtained are cash deposits, real estate properties, as well as taxi and public light bus medallion. For certain types of advances to customers, the Group also places reliance on guarantees issued by governments, public sector entities and corporates with acceptable credit rating.

Real estate properties taken as collateral are evaluated before the loan can be drawn. For property collateral supporting problem accounts, their open market values are appraised at least every three months. For property collateral that has been repossessed, the Group's policy is to arrange for realisation as soon as practicable.

(f) Market risk

Market risk is the risk of losses in assets, liabilities and offbalance sheet positions arising from movements in market rates and prices.

Market risk exposure for different types of transactions is managed within various risk limits and guidelines approved by the Board, the RMCC and the TIRC under the authority delegated from the Board. Risk limits are set at the portfolio level as well as by products and by different types of risks. The risk limits comprise a combination of notional, stop-loss, sensitivity and valueat-risk ("VaR") controls. All trading positions are subject to daily mark-to-market valuation. The Risk Management and Control Department ("RMCD") within the GRD, as an independent risk management and control unit, identifies, measures, monitors and controls the risk exposures against approved limits and initiates specific actions to ensure positions are managed within an acceptable level. Any exceptions have to be reviewed and sanctioned by the appropriate level of management of TIRC, RMCC or the Board as stipulated in the relevant policies and procedures.

BCM and DSB China, which are subsidiaries of DSB, run their treasury functions locally under their own set of limits and policies and within the overall market risk controls set by DSB. The RMCD of DSB oversees and controls the market risk arising from the treasury operations of BCM and DSB China.

甲. 集團銀行系(續)

(己) 市場風險(續)

本集團源自其買賣賬及銀行賬之市場 風險應用不同之風險管理政策及程 序。

(己)(i) 源自買賣賬之市場風險

下列敘述為有關大新銀行及澳門商業 銀行。

本集團之買賣賬內,在外匯、債務證 券、權益性證券及衍生工具之買賣持 倉中存在市場風險。

(1) 市場風險計量方法

作為市場風險管理,本集團使 用各種業界普遍採用之方法計 量市場風險及控制市場風險於 設定之風險額度範圍內。主要 用於計量及監控市場風險之計 量方法概述如下。

• 市場風險數值

市場風險數值模型假設某個持倉期(就本集團而言為一天)直至結束持倉。市場風險數值亦依據持倉之現時市值、市場風險因素過往在一個曆年週期之相互關係及波幅,使用一種參數性市場風險數值法計算。

本集團藉著回顧測試買賣賬之 市場風險數值結果,持續確認 市場風險數值模型之有效性。 所有回顧測試的偏差予以調查 及向高層管理人員匯報。

32. Risk management (Continued)

A. Banking Group (Continued)

(f) Market risk (Continued)

The Group applies different risk management policies and procedures in respect of the market risk arising from its trading and banking books.

(f)(i) Market risk arising from the trading book

The following descriptions relate to DSB and BCM.

In the Group's trading book, market risk is associated with trading positions in foreign exchange, debt securities, equity securities and derivatives.

(1) Market risk measurement technique

In the management of market risk, the Group measures market risks using various techniques commonly used by the industry and control market risk exposures within established risk limits. The major measurement techniques used to measure and control market risk are outlined below.

Value at risk

The Group applies a VaR methodology, which is a statistically based estimate, to measure the potential loss of its trading portfolio from adverse market movements. It expresses as the maximum amount the Group might lose given a certain level of confidence, which for the Group is 99% for a one day holding period. There is therefore a specified statistical probability that actual loss could be greater than the VaR estimate. Hence, the use of VaR does not prevent losses outside the VaR limits in the event of extreme market movements.

The VaR model assumes a certain "holding period" (one day in the case of the Group) until positions can be closed. It is calculated based on the current mark-to-market value of the positions, the historical correlation and volatilities of the market risk factors over an observation period of one calendar year using a method known as parametric VaR methodology.

The VaR model is continuously validated by backtesting the VaR results for trading positions. All back-testing exceptions are investigated and backtesting results are reported to senior management.

甲. 集團銀行系(續)

(己) 市場風險(續)

(己)(i) 源自買賣賬之市場風險(續)

- (1) 市場風險計量方法(續)
 - 市場風險數值(續)

• 壓力測試

壓力測試提供極端情況下可能 出現之潛在損失之約額。風險 管理及監控部進行的壓力測試 包括:風險因素壓力測試,方 法為在各風險類別中施行不同 壓力程度;及個案壓力測試, 方法為利用各種可能壓力事項 對特定持倉或組合進行測算。 此外,亦計量持作買賣用途組 合之預計虧缺以評估當超出指 定置信水平及處於較長持倉期 時出現極度買賣虧損的預計規 模。此外,也進行逆壓力測試 作為一項有效工具以評估本集 團於觸及規定之可容忍水平前 所能承受的市場壓力最大約

壓力測試之結果由董事會及其 授權之委員會定期審閱。

(2) 市場風險值概要

32. Risk management (Continued)

- A. Banking Group (Continued)
- (f) Market risk (Continued)
- (f)(i) Market risk arising from the trading book (Continued)
 - (1) Market risk measurement technique (Continued)
 - Value at risk (Continued)

As VaR constitutes an integral part of the Group's market risk control regime, VaR limits are established and reviewed by the Board and its delegated committees at least annually for all trading positions and allocated to business units. Actual exposures, including VaR, are monitored against limits on a daily basis by RMCD. Average daily VaR for the Group for all trading activities during the six months ended 30 June 2017 was HK\$1,998,000 (year ended 31 December 2016: HK\$2,468,000).

Stress tests

Stress tests provide an indication of the potential size of losses that could arise in extreme conditions. The stress tests carried out by RMCD include: risk factor stress testing, where stress movements are applied to each risk category; and scenario stress testing, which includes applying possible stress events to specific positions or portfolios. Besides, the expected shortfall of the trading portfolio is measured to evaluate the expected size of extreme trading loss beyond a specified confidence level and over a longer holding period. In addition, reverse-stress tests are performed as a useful tool to evaluate the maximum size of market stress that the Group can endure before hitting the prescribed tolerable levels.

The results of the stress tests are reviewed by the Board and its delegated committees regularly.

(2) VaR summary of trading portfolio

		截至2017年6月30日止之6個月			截至2016年12月31日止之12個月		
		6 months to 30 Jun 2017		12 months to 31 Dec 2016			
		平均 最高 最低		平均	最高	最低	
		Average	High	Low	Average	High	Low
外匯風險	Foreign exchange risk	1,552	2,468	1,105	2,288	2,675	1,782
利率風險	Interest rate risk	1,259	2,259	660	989	1,482	461
全部風險	All risks	1,998	3,139	1,429	2,468	2,960	1,900

甲. 集團銀行系(續)

(己) 市場風險(續)

(己)(ii) 源自銀行賬之市場風險

本集團之銀行賬中,市場風險主要來 自於債務及權益性證券之持倉。

(1) 市場風險計量方法

在董事會及其授權之委員會設 立之風險管理框架及政策中, 設定了不同的額度、指引及管 理層行動觸發額,藉此控制本 集團銀行賬中有關外匯風險、 利率風險及定價風險等風險。 尤其設有持倉及敏感度額度及 定價觸發額以控制證券投資的 定價風險。此外,本集團定期 進行對資產負債表內及外持倉 中之利率變化及證券投資之信 貸息差作敏感度分析及壓力測 試(包括逆壓力測試),比對設 定之監控措施以估量及管理存 在於本集團銀行賬中之市場風 險。

現時並無採用市場風險數值法 以計量及監控銀行賬中之市場 風險。

(2) 外匯風險

若用長期外幣資金融資港元資 產,反之亦然,通常會透過與 遠期外匯合約配對抵銷以減低 外匯風險。

32. Risk management (Continued)

A. Banking Group (Continued)

(f) Market risk (Continued)

(f)(ii) Market risk arising from the banking book

In the Group's banking book, market risk is predominantly associated with positions in debt and equity securities.

(1) Market risk measurement technique

Within the risk management framework and policies established by the Board and its delegated committees, various limits, quidelines and management action triggers are established to control the exposures of the Group's banking book activities to foreign exchange risk, interest rate risk, and price risk. In particular, position and sensitivity limits and price triggers are in place to control the price risk of the investment securities. In addition, sensitivity analysis and stress testing (including reverse-stress testing) covering shocks and shifts in interest rates on the Group's on-and off-balance sheet positions and credit spreads on the Group's investment securities are regularly performed to gauge the market risk inherent in the Group's banking book portfolios and manage it against the established control measures.

VaR methodology is not currently being used to measure and control the market risk of the banking book.

(2) Foreign exchange risk

The Group has limited net foreign exchange exposure (except for USD, Macau Pataca ("MOP") and Renminbi ("RMB")) as foreign exchange positions and foreign currency balances arising from customer transactions are normally matched against other customer transactions or transactions with the market. Foreign exchange exposure of the non-trading portfolio in respect of MOP and RMB arise mainly from the operation of overseas subsidiaries in Macau and Mainland China. The net exposure positions including the trading and non-trading portfolios, both by individual currency and in aggregate, are managed by the TRD of the Group on a daily basis within established foreign exchange limite

Long-term foreign currency funding, to the extent that this is used to fund Hong Kong dollar assets, or vice versa, is normally matched using foreign exchange forward contracts to reduce exposure to foreign exchange risk.

甲. 集團銀行系(續)

(己) 市場風險(續)

(己)(ii) 源自銀行賬之市場風險(續)

(3) 利率風險

本集團採納用以計量源自銀行 賬持倉的利率風險額之框架與 載於香港金管局之《監管政策 手冊》(「《監管政策手冊》|) 內 有關利率風險管理之指引一 致。就盈利觀點而言,利率風 險乃由於市場利率變化而導致 金融工具源自未來現金流之淨 收入波動之風險。就經濟價值 觀點而言,利率風險則為由於 市場利率變化而導致金融工具 之經濟價值波動之風險。本集 團就銀行賬承擔以上兩方面之 利率風險。就此而論,息差或 淨利息收入及資本之經濟價值 可能由於此等變化或突如其來 之變化而上升或下跌。董事會 及資產及負債管理委員會(「資 產及負債管理委員會」) 就可能 承擔之重訂利率錯配水平設定 額度及透過情境分析和壓力測 試定期監控利率變化之影響。

(庚) 流動資金風險

流動資金風險乃指本集團未能在不衍 生不可接受之損失的情況下為新增的 資產融資或就到期之金融負債履行付 款責任。

本集團按審慎原則管理資金流動性, 旨在符合法定準則及確保有充足之流 動性及融資能力,以應付日常的業務 營運及能承受不短於1個月之持續資 金壓力。本集團採納流動資產維持比率」)為香港金管 局監管本集團流動資金狀況之監管準 則。本集團於期內保持流動資產維持 比率遠高於法定最低要求的25%。

32. Risk management (Continued)

- A. Banking Group (Continued)
- (f) Market risk (Continued)
- (f)(ii) Market risk arising from the banking book (Continued)

(3) Interest rate risk

The framework adopted by the Group to measure interest rate risk exposures arising from its banking book positions is consistent with the guidelines set out by the HKMA in its Supervisory Policy Manual ("SPM") on Interest Rate Risk Management, From an earnings perspective, interest rate risk is the risk that the net income arising from future cash flows of a financial instrument will fluctuate because of changes in market interest rates. From an economic value perspective, interest rate risk is the risk that the economic value of a financial instrument will fluctuate because of changes in market interest rates. The Group takes on interest rate risk from both perspectives in the banking book. As such, the interest margins or net interest income and the economic value of the capital may increase or decrease as a result of such changes or in the event that unexpected movements arise. The Board and the Asset and Liability Management Committee ("ALCO") set limits on the level of mismatch of interest rate repricing that may be undertaken and monitor the interest rate impacts through scenario analysis and stress testing regularly.

(g) Liquidity risk

Liquidity risk is the risk that the Group is unable to fund increases in assets or meet its payment obligations associated with its financial liabilities when they fall due without incurring unacceptable loss.

The Group manages its liquidity on a prudent basis with the objective to comply with the statutory standard and to ensure that there is an adequate liquidity and funding capacity to meet normal business operations and to withstand a prolonged period of liquidity stress of not less than a month. The Group adopts the Liquidity Maintenance Ratio ("LMR") as a regulatory standard for the supervision of the HKMA on the Group's liquidity position. During the period, the Group had maintained a sufficiently high LMR well above the statutory minimum of 25%

甲. 集團銀行系(續)

(庚) 流動資金風險(續)

此外,本集團已根據香港金管局分別於2016年7月及11月修訂的《監管政策手冊》LM-1「流動性風險監管制度」及《監管政策手冊》單元LM-2「穩健的流動性風險管理制度及管控措施」之規定維護健全的流動性風險管理制度及等拮施」之規定維護健全的流動性風險管內方法,而《監管政策手冊》LM-1旨在提供香港金管局採納用以監管及評估銀行流動性風險之方法,而《監管政策手冊》LM-2乃為實施巴塞爾銀行監管委員會(「巴塞爾委員會」)所確立之健全流動性原則而制定,旨在強化銀行的流動性風險管理標準。

流動性風險管理乃遵照經董事會批准 之政策及框架管理,據此授權本集團 的資產及負債管理委員會監控流動性 風險管理。本集團的資產及負債管理 委員會定期檢討本集團之貸款和存款 的組合及變化、融資需求及預測、以 及對一系列包括流動資產維持比率及 到期錯配狀況之流動性風險度量作持 續監控。本集團對此等風險度量訂定 適當的限額及觸發額, 並持有充足的 流動資產以確保能應付所有短期資金 的需求。財資部負責資金及流動性狀 況之日常管理,而風險管理及監控部 負責每日及每月計量及監控流動性的 風險敞口,亦進行流動性分析及壓力 測試。財務監理處則處理有關流動性 風險之監管報告,並組織編製貸款與 存款以及流動資產維持比率的定期預 測、預算和與流動性及資金管理有關 之分析。

本集團高度重視建立多樣化及穩定的 資金來源。除了客戶存款為本集團的 資金之基本部份,本集團亦適時發行 存款證及中期票據藉以延長資金的融 資年期及優化資產及負債之年期。在 有限制的基礎下,亦會吸納短期銀行 同業存款以維持在市場上的佔有率為 目標。本集團乃銀行同業市場的淨放 款人。

32. Risk management (Continued)

A. Banking Group (Continued)

(g) Liquidity risk (Continued)

Moreover, the Group has maintained a sound liquidity risk management framework in accordance with the requirements set forth in the SPM LM-1 on "Regulatory Framework for Supervision of Liquidity Risk" and the SPM module LM-2 on "Sound Systems and Controls for Liquidity Risk Management" revised by the HKMA in July and November 2016 respectively. The SPM LM-1 is to provide the approach adopted by the HKMA for supervising and assessing the liquidity risk of banks while the SPM LM-2 is developed to implement the liquidity sound principles formulated by the Basel Committee on Banking Supervision ("Basel Committee") to strengthen the liquidity risk management standards of banks.

Liquidity risk management is governed by the policy and framework approved by the Board, which delegates to the Group's ALCO to oversee liquidity risk management. The ALCO regularly reviews the Group's loan and deposit mix and changes, funding requirements and projections, and monitors a set of liquidity risk metrics, including the LMR and maturity mismatch on an ongoing basis. Appropriate limits or triggers on these risk metrics are set and sufficient liquid assets are held to ensure that the Group can meet all short-term funding requirements. The TRD is responsible for the day-to-day management of funding and liquidity position while the RMCD is responsible for the measurement and monitoring of liquidity risk exposures on a daily and monthly basis, and also conducting liquidity analysis and stress testing. The Financial Control Division handles regulatory reporting in relation to liquidity risk, and coordinates the regular forecast of loans and deposits, and LMR, budget and analysis relating to liquidity and funding management.

The Group places considerable importance to establish a diversified and stable funding. While customer deposits form the primary portion of the Group's funding, certificates of deposit and medium term notes are issued at opportune time in order to lengthen the funding maturity and optimise asset and liability maturities. Short-term interbank deposits are taken on a limited basis with the aim of maintaining the presence in the market and the Group is a net lender to the interbank market.

甲. 集團銀行系(續)

(庚) 流動資金風險(續)

監控及呈報按不同時限之現金流計量 及推測方式實行,時限按流動性管理 之主要區間包括次日、一星期及一個 月來區分。此等推測首先分析該等金 融資產及負債之合約到期日,並且依 據過往觀察預計該等金融資產及負債 的預期到期日。預測現金流亦考慮資 產負債表外項目,包括未提取借貸承 擔及或然負債(例如備用信用證及擔 保) 之過往行為。流動性緩衝的設立 是應付突如其來之淨現金流出缺欠。 於流動性緩衝內之合資格證券主要為 高信貸質素及其擁有充足市場流通性 而可於1個月內變現的。持有之債務 證券按每日基準以市值入賬以確保其 市場流動性。

32. Risk management (Continued)

A. Banking Group (Continued)

(g) Liquidity risk (Continued)

The monitoring and reporting take the forms of cash flow measurements and projections for different time horizons, including the next day, week and month, which are key periods for liquidity management. The starting point for those projections is an analysis of the contractual maturity of the financial assets and liabilities as well as the expected maturity of these assets and liabilities based on historical observations. The cash flow projections also take into account the historical behaviour of off-balance sheet items, including undrawn lending commitments and contingent liabilities such as standby letters of credit and guarantees. A liquidity cushion is held to withstand unexpected shortfall in net cash flow. Eligible securities in the cushion are mainly in high credit quality and have sufficient market depth that can be realised within 1 month. Debt securities held are marked to the market on daily basis to ensure their market liquidity.

內部分類 Internal categorisation	將確認之現金 Cash to be recognised		合資格準則 Eligibility	
第1級	1個月內	政府、多邊發展銀行及公營 單位發行之債務證券	0%及20%	之風險權重
Level 1	Within 1 month		0% and 20	0% risk weighted
第2級	1個月內	非金融企業發行之債務證券	信貸評級為	為A-或以上
Level 2	Within 1 month	Debt securities issued by non-financial corporate entities	Credit rati	ng with A- or above
流動性緩衝的規模		Size of the liquidity cushion		(百萬港元) (in HK\$ million)
			2017年	2016年
			6月30日	12月31日
			As at	As at
內部分類	Internal categorisation	30 Ju	ine 2017	31 December 2016
第1級	Level 1		15,713	14,355
第2級	Level 2		9,248	9,684

甲. 集團銀行系(續)

(庚) 流動資金風險(續)

本集團定期進行壓力測試,包括與機 構特定相關的、一般市場危機的及併 合兩者的不同方案以評估流動性狀況 在受壓之市場情況下的潛在影響。本 集團設立一系列預早警示指標,包括 質化的及量化的因素及涉及可幫助 認明任何於早期出現的風險之內部 及市場指標。本集團已制定緊急應變 計劃,詳列應對流動性問題之策略和 於緊急情況下填補現金流不足之程 序(例如進行回購協議交易或變賣持 作流動性風險管理用途之資產)。每 年進行演習測試及至少每年審閱緊急 應變計劃以確保其仍然健全及有效。 集團公司間之交易按公平原則進行及 就正常情況下之現金流預測而言,如 同與其他第三方之交易處理。本集團 之附屬公司於正常及受壓情況下須管 理其流動資金狀況以應付其需要。本 集團之衍生工具交易大多為外匯合約 及利率合約。按衍生工具合約下本集 團之抵押品責任條款,倘信貸評級被 調降3級,額外需要投放的抵押品數 目對本集團的流動資金狀況影響是輕 微。

(辛) 操作風險

為減低系統失靈或災難對本集團業務 之影響,本集團已設定備用場地、操 作復元政策及計劃,並對所有主要業 務及支援部門進行測試。

32. Risk management (Continued)

A. Banking Group (Continued)

(g) Liquidity risk (Continued)

The Group performs stress testing regularly, which includes an institution-specific crisis scenario, a general market crisis scenario and a combination of these crisis scenarios in order to assess the potential impact on its liquidity position under stressed market conditions. The Group maintains a set of early warning indicators, including qualitative and quantitative factors and involving both internal and market indicators that help in identifying any emerging risk at early stage. The Group has formulated a contingency plan that sets out strategies for dealing with liquidity problems and the procedures for making up cash flow deficits (e.g. conducting repo transactions or liquidation of assets held for liquidity risk management purpose) in emergency situations. An annual drill test is conducted and the contingency plan is reviewed at least annually to ensure it remains sound and effective. Intragroup transactions are conducted on arm's length basis and are treated the same way as other third party transactions for the purpose of cash flow projection under normal scenario. Subsidiaries of the Group are required to manage their liquidity positions to meet their needs under both normal and stressed conditions. Most of the Group's derivative transactions are exchange rate contracts and interest rate contracts. Under the terms of our collateral obligations under derivative contracts, in the event of a three-notch downgrade in credit ratings, the impact on the Group's liquidity position from additional collateral required to post is immaterial.

(h) Operational risk

The Group manages its operational risk through a management structure comprising members of senior management, an independent risk management team and operational risk officers from each business and support function, and operating through a set of operational risk policies, risk tool-kits, operational risk incident reporting and tracking system, and control self-assessment and key risk indicator tools. The Operational Risk and Internal Control Committee ("ORICC") has been set up to oversee the operational risk management and internal control matters of the Group. Together with a well-established internal control system, operational risk can be adequately identified, assessed, monitored and mitigated. To allow the operational risk framework to be clearly communicated to all levels within the Group, awareness and training programs are conducted from time to time.

To minimise the impact on the Group's business in the event of system failure or disasters, back-up sites and operation recovery policies and plans have been established and tested for all critical business and operations functions.

甲. 集團銀行系(續)

(辛) 操作風險(續)

外部及內部審核師亦定期對內部監控 系統作獨立審閱以支托操作風險架 構。本集團之風險管理及合規委員會 全面監察操作風險管理之表現及有效 性。

(壬) 聲譽風險

本集團透過維持以下一系列措施管理 聲譽風險:以強調內部監控、風險管 理和合規、打擊洗黑錢及恐怖份及及 等集的重要性來提升企業管治持例 政策及程序;提供適當之員工培訓 政策及程序;提供適當之員工培訓 監督;員工對合規事項的認知 監督等戶之投訴或本集團就所有範疇 當之商業慣例。本集團就所有範疇 管理等戶數。

(癸) 策略性風險

董事會在高層管理人員之協助下直接 負責管理策略性風險。董事制訂與本 集團企業使命一致之策略性目標。 主要等目標。監督策略發展及執一致 該等目標。監督策略發目標一致 展及東東本集團之策略性目標一致 展現及應對來作理,並檢討或 展現及應對不 表現及應對不 表現及應對不 表現及應對不 表現及 經 對 ,以及授權管理層人員採取 適當 目標,以減低風險。

(子) 符合巴塞爾協定 III 資本準則

自從經修訂之資本充足框架(即巴塞爾協定II)於2007年1月生效以後,大新銀行採納標準法計算信貸風險及市場風險,及採納基本指標法計算操作風險。此等均為《銀行業(資本)規則》內列明之認可方法。據此,本集團已全面檢查其系統及管理以符合該等方法要求之標準。

32. Risk management (Continued)

A. Banking Group (Continued)

(h) Operational risk (Continued)

Operational risk framework is also supported by periodic independent reviews of internal control systems by external and internal auditors. The Group's RMCC have an overall oversight of the performance and effectiveness of operational risk management.

(i) Reputation risk

The Group manages reputation risk through upholding a high standard of corporate governance and management oversight, maintenance of effective policies and procedures with emphasis on internal control, risk management and compliance, anti-money laundering and counter terrorist financing; proper staff training and supervision; staff awareness of compliance issues; proper handling of customer complaints or dissatisfaction; and adherence to sound business practices. Standards are set and policies and procedures are established by the Group in all areas, which operate to reduce vulnerability to reputation risk.

(j) Strategic risk

The Board of Directors, assisted by senior management, is directly responsible for the management of strategic risk. Directors formulate the strategic goals and key direction of the Group in line with the Group's corporate mission, ensure business strategies are developed to achieve these goals, oversee the strategic development and implementation to secure compatibility with the Group's strategic goals, ensure proper change management is in place, review business performance, and address issues arising from anticipated operational or market changes, deploy proper resources to achieve the Group's objectives, and authorise management to take appropriate actions to mitigate risks.

(k) Compliance with the Basel III Capital Standards

Since the revised capital adequacy framework known as Basel II has become effective from January 2007, DSB has adopted the standardised approach for credit risk and market risk, and the basic indicator approach for operational risk. These are the default approaches as specified in the Banking (Capital) Rules. Accordingly, the Group has overhauled its systems and controls in order to meet the standards required for these approaches.

甲. 集團銀行系(續)

(子) 符合巴塞爾協定 III 資本準則 (續)

香港金管局於2012年至2017年間頒佈《銀行業(資本)(修訂)規則》及於2012年及2016年就《監管檢討程序》頒佈經修訂之《監管政策手冊》CA-G-5,藉以實施新的國際資本準則,即一般所指之「巴塞爾協定III」規則。經修訂之資本準則及相關監管規定自2013年1月1日起對香港本地註冊認可機構生效。大新銀行已提升其資本管理及報告框架和披露以符合新規定。

除根據巴塞爾協定III框架在香港實施《銀行業(資本)規則》外,兩項新緩衝資本,分別為防護緩衝資本及逆克設立充聯整體信貸過度增長帶來關連之壓力及系統性風險期,已自2016年1月1日起分階段實施。為與監管規定一致,大新銀行已提升資本管理起完一致,改定內部資本目標時加入兩項緩衝資本為成份以監控資本充足度及作資本規劃。

為應對系統重要性銀行帶來之外在負 面因素,巴塞爾委員會於2011年11 月設定框架(其後於2013年7月更新) 以識別環球系統重要性銀行(「環球系 統重要性銀行」)及釐定其相關較高吸 收虧損能力(「較高吸收虧損能力」)之 資本規定。繼後巴塞爾委員會於2012 年10月頒佈處理本地系統重要性銀行 (「本地系統重要性銀行」) 之原則性框 架。根據金融穩定局(「金融穩定局」) 及香港金管局分別頒布之最新環球系 統重要性銀行及本地系統重要性銀行 名冊,大新銀行並沒有被指定為環球 系統重要性銀行或本地系統重要性銀 行,故此亦無需接受進一步之額外資 本要求。

(丑) 金融資產及負債之公平值

公平值受限於須由董事會負責確保本 集團有適當的估值管治及控制程序之 控制框架。董事會授權財資及投資風 險委員會監管金融工具之估值程序。 估值由風險管理及監控部和獨立專業 合資格估值師及精算師(如適用)獨立 地進行,而估值結果乃定期驗證,確 保公平值計量過程之完整性。

32. Risk management (Continued)

A. Banking Group (Continued)

(k) Compliance with the Basel III Capital Standards (Continued)

To implement the new international capital standards commonly referred to as the "Basel III" rules, the HKMA had published the Banking (Capital) (Amendment) Rules between 2012 and 2017, and revised SPM CA-G-5 on "Supervisory Review Process" in 2012 and 2016. The revised capital standards and related regulatory requirements have come into force for all locally incorporated authorised institutions in Hong Kong starting from 1 January 2013. DSB has enhanced its capital management and reporting framework as well as disclosures for meeting the new requirements.

In addition to the implementation of the Banking (Capital) Rules under the Basel III framework in Hong Kong, two new capital buffers, namely the Capital Conservation Buffer and Countercyclical Capital Buffer, designed to ensure that banks build up sufficient capital to withstand periods of stress and system-wide risk associated with periods of excessive aggregate credit growth, have commenced to phase in since 1 January 2016. To align with the regulatory requirements, DSB's capital management framework has been enhanced to incorporate the two capital buffers as elements in the setting of internal capital targets for capital adequacy monitoring and capital planning.

To address the negative externalities posed by systemically important institutions, the Basel Committee established a framework in November 2011 (subsequently updated in July 2013) for the identification of global systemically important banks ("G-SIBs") and the determination of their corresponding Higher Loss Absorbency ("HLA") capital requirements. Subsequently, a principles-based framework for dealing with domestic systemically important banks ("D-SIBs") was issued by the Basel Committee in October 2012. Based on the latest list of G-SIBs and D-SIBs issued by the Financial Stability Board ("FSB") and the HKMA respectively, DSB is neither designated as a G-SIB nor D-SIB and therefore not subject to further capital surcharge.

(I) Fair values of financial assets and liabilities

Fair values are subject to a control framework that the Board is held responsible for ensuring proper valuation governance and control processes of the Group. It delegates the responsibility for overseeing the valuation process for financial instruments to the TIRC. Valuation is performed independently by RMCD and where appropriate, by independent and professionally qualified valuers and actuaries and the valuation results are periodically verified to ensure the integrity of the fair value measurement process.

甲. 集團銀行系(續)

(丑) 金融資產及負債之公平值(續)

金融工具之公平值乃在目前市場情況 下市場參與者於計量日進行之有序交 易中出售資產所收取或轉移負債所支 付之價格,不論該價格為直接可觀察 或使用估值方法估計。

凡金融工具之報價隨時且定期由交易 所、交易商、經紀人、行業組織、定 價服務及監管機構發佈,則被視作為 活躍市場報價之金融工具。於活躍市 場之報價為公平值提供最可靠之證 據,並須於可獲得時使用。倘金融 產或金融負債有買入價及賣出價,本 集團將採用買賣差價中在該等情況下 最能代表公平值之價格。

本集團使用外間報價及其本身信貸息差,以釐定其金融負債及已選擇以公平值計量之其他負債之現值。倘本集團之信貸息差擴闊,負債之價值下降,本集團會確認該等負債之收益。倘本集團之信貸息差收窄,負債之價值上升,本集團會確認相對該等負債之虧損。

如有需要,用於計量程序之價格數據 及參數會被仔細覆核及調整才應用, 其中尤其需要考慮當前的市場發展情 況。

32. Risk management (Continued)

A. Banking Group (Continued)

(I) Fair values of financial assets and liabilities (Continued)

The fair value of financial instruments is the price that would be received to sell an asset or paid to transfer a liability in an orderly transaction between market participants at the measurement date under current market conditions regardless of whether that price is directly observable or estimated using a valuation technique.

A financial instrument is regarded as quoted in an active market if quoted prices are readily and regularly available from an exchange, dealer, broker, industry group, pricing service or regulatory agency. A quoted price in an active market provides the most reliable evidence of fair value and shall be used whenever available. If a financial asset or a financial liability has a bid price and an ask price, the price within the bid-ask spread that is most representative of fair value in the circumstances is used by the Group.

Where observable market quotation of financial instruments is not directly available, the Group estimates the fair value of such financial instruments by using appropriate valuation techniques that are widely recognised including present value techniques and standard option pricing models. In applying valuation techniques for these financial instruments, the Group maximises the use of relevant observable inputs (for examples, interest rates, foreign exchange rates, volatilities, credit spreads) and minimises the use of unobservable inputs. For example, the fair value of interest-rate swaps is calculated as the present value of the estimated future cash flows, the fair value of foreign exchange forward contracts is generally based on current forward rates and the fair value of option contracts is derived using appropriate pricing models, such as Black-Scholes model.

The Group uses external price quotes and its own credit spreads in determining the current value of its financial liabilities and other liabilities for which it has elected the fair value option. When the Group's credit spreads widen, the Group recognises a gain on these liabilities because the value of the liabilities has decreased. When the Group's credit spreads narrow, the Group recognises a loss on these liabilities because the value of the liabilities has increased.

Price data and parameters used in the measurement process are reviewed carefully and adjusted, if necessary, to take consideration of the current market developments.

甲. 集團銀行系(續)

(寅) 資本管理

本集團管理資本之目標為:

- 符合本集團機構有營運的市場 之銀行業及保險業監管機構所 設定之資本規定;
- 保障本集團持續發展業務之能力;
- 為股東爭取最高回報和帶給其 他利益相關者最佳利益;及
- 維持強大資本基礎以支持業務 發展。

本集團管理層定期應用按巴塞爾委員 會發出並由香港金管局執行作監管用 途指引之方法,監控本集團之香港銀 行附屬公司之資本充足度及法定資本 之使用,每個季度向香港金管局申報 有關規定的資料。

自巴塞爾協定III於2013年1月起在 香港生效以後,大新銀行須符合三個 比率,分別為普通股權一級資本、一 級資本及總資本對風險加權資產的比 率。此三個比率自2015年1月1日起 之國際認可最低要求分別為4.5%, 6.0%及8.0%,並已被香港金管局採 納。為符合香港金管局載於《監管政 策手冊》CA-G-5有關《監管檢討程序》 之規定,大新銀行須就監管者規定, 內部風險評估及按第二支柱資本規定 之壓力測試結果而設立額外緩衝以反 映未包含在最低法定資本計算之重大 風險。此外,巴塞爾委員會引入之防 護緩衝資本、逆周期緩衝資本及較高 吸收虧損能力之資本規定已於2016年 1月1日起在香港實施。香港金管局 亦與國際標準同步,以分階段形式採 納巴塞爾委員會就有關普通股權一級 資本比率、一級資本比率、緩衝資本 及較高吸收虧損能力之資本規定的要 求,並於2019年1月1日全面實施。同 樣地,為了滿足於2018年1月1日第一 支柱要求之槓桿比率,作為構成巴塞 爾協定III實施其中一部份的槓桿比率 亦已開始併行實施直至2017年,大新 銀行已呈報相關資料作監管用途。

32. Risk management (Continued)

A. Banking Group (Continued)

(m) Capital management

The Group's objectives when managing capital are:

- To comply with the capital requirements set by the banking and insurance regulators in the markets where the entities within the Group operate;
- To safeguard the Group's ability to continue its business as a going concern;
- To maximise returns to shareholders and optimise the benefits to other stakeholders; and
- To maintain a strong capital base to support the development of its business.

Capital adequacy of and the use of regulatory capital by the Group's Hong Kong banking subsidiary is monitored regularly by the Group's management, employing techniques based on the guidelines developed by the Basel Committee, as implemented by the HKMA, for supervisory purposes. The required information is filed with the HKMA on a quarterly basis.

As Basel III has become effective from January 2013 in Hong Kong, DSB is required to meet three ratios, namely, the Common Equity Tier 1 capital, Tier 1 capital and Total capital respectively against risk-weighted assets. The internationally agreed minimum of these three ratios starting from 1 January 2015 are set at 4.5%, 6.0% and 8.0% respectively and are adopted by the HKMA. In order to comply with HKMA's requirements as stated in the SPM CA-G-5 on "Supervisory Review Process", DSB is required to set further buffers, to reflect material risks not included in the minimum regulatory capital calculation, arising from regulator's requirements, internal assessment of risks and the results of stress tests under the Pillar II capital requirement. In addition, the capital conservation buffer, countercyclical capital buffer and HLA capital requirements introduced by the Basel Committee have been implemented since 1 January 2016 in Hong Kong. In line with the international standards, the HKMA also adopts the phase-in arrangements for new capital requirements in relation to the Common Equity Tier 1 capital ratio, Tier 1 capital ratio, capital buffers and HLA capital requirements as set by the Basel Committee and will achieve full implementation by 1 January 2019. Likewise, the Leverage Ratio that forms part of Basel III implementation is under parallel run until 2017, with a view to establishing the Leverage Ratio as a Pillar 1 requirement on 1 January 2018 and relevant information has been submitted by DSB for regulatory monitoring.

甲. 集團銀行系(續)

(寅) 資本管理(續)

風險加權數額包括資產負債表內及外之信貸風險、市場風險和操作風險之風險加權數額合計。資產負債表內人國險加權數額合計。資產負債表內類風險根據債務人或各類風險性質分類級依據香港金管局認可之外部信貸評級或其他載於《機構指定的信貸評級或其他載於《報報報查會人類及風險加權計算前,則是應用各處於其人國險之相關信貸換算系數換算其為信貸每個險之相關信貸換算系數換算其為信貸等值額,猶如當作其乃資產負債表內風險。

本集團管理層定期按澳門金融管理局 (「澳門金管局」)及中國銀行業監督管 理委員會(「中國銀監會」)就監管用途 發出的指引之方法,監控集團之澳門 附屬銀行澳門商業銀行及中國附屬銀 行大新銀行(中國)之資本充足度及法 定資本之使用。

澳門商業銀行及大新銀行(中國)分別向澳門金管局及中國銀監會按季度呈報所需資料。澳門金管局規定澳門商業銀行以及中國銀監會規定大新銀行(中國)各須維持其自有資本或資本基礎對風險加權總額之比率(即資本充足比率)不低於法定要求之最低水平8%。

本集團若干非銀行附屬公司亦須遵循 其他監管機構(例如:證券及期貨事 務監察委員會)之法定資本規定。

(卯) 受託業務

本集團提供託管人、受託人、財富管理及諮詢服務予第三者,當中涉及本集團就不同之金融工具作出分配及買賣決定。此等以受信身份持有之資產,並不列入本集團之財務報表。此等服務可引致本集團被追索錯誤管理之風險。

32. Risk management (Continued)

A. Banking Group (Continued)

(m) Capital management (Continued)

Risk-weighted amount is the aggregate of the risk-weighted amounts for credit risk, market risk and operational risk, and covers both on-balance sheet and off-balance sheet exposures. On-balance sheet exposures are classified according to the obligor or the nature of each exposure and risk-weighted based on the credit assessment rating assigned by an external credit assessment institution recognised by the HKMA or other rules as set out in the Banking (Capital) Rules, taking into account the capital effects of credit risk mitigation. Off-balance sheet exposures are converted into credit-equivalent amounts by applying relevant credit conversion factors to each exposure, before being classified and risk-weighted as if they were on-balance sheet exposures.

Capital adequacy of and the use of regulatory capital by the Group's Macau banking subsidiary, BCM, and banking subsidiary in China, DSB China, are monitored regularly by the Group's management, employing techniques based on the guidelines provided by the Autoridade Monetária de Macau ("AMCM") and the China Banking Regulatory Commission ("CBRC") respectively for supervisory purposes.

The required information is filed by BCM with the AMCM and by DSB China with the CBRC on a quarterly basis. The AMCM requires BCM and the CBRC requires DSB China to maintain a ratio of own funds or capital base to total risk-weighted exposures (i.e. the capital adequacy ratio) not lower than the required statutory minimum of 8%.

Certain non-banking subsidiaries of the Group are also subject to statutory capital requirements from other regulatory authorities, such as the Securities and Futures Commission.

(n) Fiduciary activities

The Group provides custody, trustee, wealth management and advisory services to third parties, which involve the Group making allocation and purchase and sale decisions in relation to a variety of financial instruments. Those assets that are held in a fiduciary capacity are not included in the Group's financial statements. These services could give rise to the risk that the Group could be accused of mal-administration.

甲. 集團銀行系(續)

(辰) 推出新產品或服務

乙. 集團保險系

於下列部份,有關本集團之香港人壽 保險附屬公司(大新人壽)之敘述於其 構成本集團之一部份直至2017年6月 18日止期間適用。本集團的保險業務 涉及多種風險,包括保險風險、產馬 風險、投資風險及業務風險。本集團 相信有效的風險管理是控制及經營保 險業務的關鍵,有助維持本集團業務 的盈利能力和穩健。

保險業務的主要風險及相關的控制程 序如下:

(甲) 保險風險

本集團的保險業務是承保有關保險的 風險,而所承保之各類別或事件的風險,視乎風險的種類均設有最高保 額,超額的風險將按不時檢討之各種 轉保及相關協議分保。另外,保險集 團亦採取分保作災難補償安排以減低 因特定事件索償(可能涉及多項索償) 對本集團的風險。

承保及索償方法及程序均需記錄及檢 討。外部獨立精算師亦被聘用負責衡 量保險儲備是否充足。

(乙) 產品風險

新產品及現有產品的重大修改須通過 產品認可程序,包括檢討產品的盈利 能力及如有需要交由內部及外部的獨 立精算師評核。

(丙) 投資風險

保險集團的投資方式是維持盡量平衡 保險業務資產與對保單人的負債之回 報、年期及貨幣的配合,並以保守投 資組合盡力保持投資價值,當中考慮 的因素包括相關的風險、稅務及監管 規定。

32. Risk management (Continued)

A. Banking Group (Continued)

(o) Launch of new product or service

The launch of every new product or service is governed by the New Product Approval process stipulated under the Group Risk Policy which requires the relevant business and supporting units, including GRD, to review the critical requirements, risk assessment and resources plan before the launch. New products or services which could have a significant impact on the Group's risk profile should be brought to the attention of the Board or its designated committee(s) before the launch. The Group's Internal Audit function performs regular independent review and testing to ensure compliance by the relevant units in the new product approval process.

B. Insurance Group

In the following sections, descriptions regarding the Group's Hong Kong life insurance subsidiary, DSLA, apply during the period where it formed part of the Group up to 18 June 2017. The Group's insurance business is exposed to multiple risks, including insurance risk, product risk, investment risk and business risks. We believe that effective risk management is an integral part of our insurance business' control process and operations, and that effective control of risks assists to maintain the profitability and stability of our business.

The key risks of our insurance business and related risk control process are as follows:

(a) Insurance risk

The Group's insurance operation is in the business of underwriting insurance risk and retains various maximum amounts per risk or event dependent on the type of risk with the excess being reinsured through various reinsurance and related agreements which are regularly reviewed. Catastrophe cover arrangements are also in place whereby a number of claims relating to a specific incident in aggregate would represent a material risk to the Group are reinsured.

Underwriting and claims practices and procedures are documented and reviewed. External independent actuaries are engaged to evaluate the adequacy of the insurance reserves.

(b) Product risk

New products and major revisions to existing products undergo a product approval process with the profitability being reviewed and where appropriate assessed by internal and external independent actuaries.

(c) Investment risk

Our investment practice is to maintain a conservatively invested portfolio which attempts to maintain value whilst matching assets and policyholder liabilities as appropriate, by yield, duration and currency taking account of the associated risks, taxation and regulatory requirements.

乙. 集團保險系(續)

(丁) 業務風險

本集團之香港保險附屬公司大新人壽 及大新保險(1976)有限公司按照本集 團的政策及程序評估其業務風險營運的 話緊急應變及對影響業務持續營運, 計劃,及為僱員及代理提供培訓, 符合保險業有關法規與監管要求。 集團在澳門營運之保險附屬公司澳門 保險有限公司及澳門人壽,用其以 守澳門有關規定之政策及程序, 評估 其業務風險。

(戊) 資本管理

於本集團之保險附屬公司經營的各個 市場內,當地保險監管機構規定除計 算保險負債外,各附屬公司必須保持 資本之最低金額及類型,並須於全年 任何時間維持該最低資本要求。本集 團之附屬公司須受其發出保險及投 資合約身處之市場之保險償付能力 法規監管,且已遵守當地之償付能力 法規。 本集團已於其資產負債管理 架構內嵌入合適之測試,以確保持續 及完全遵守有關法規。各市場內之各 保險公司之償付能力要求須遵照當地 規定,而各司法管轄區之規定可能相 異。於香港,本集團之人壽附屬保險 公司大新人壽之規定償付能力準備金 乃由本集團所聘用之精算師根據香港 保險公司(償付能力準備金)規例釐 定。此外,保險業監督亦規定公司進 行動態償付能力測試,以識別公司於 持續經營基準下之償付能力狀況及可 能對其良好財務狀況發生之威脅。於 本報告期/年及過去之報告期/年, 動態償付能力測試結果均為滿意。

丙. 內部審核處的角色

本集團之內部審核處是一個獨立、客 觀及顧問性質的部門,集中於改進和 維持本集團業務及後勤部門良好的內 主持的集團審核委員會作出功能上的 主持的集團審核委員會作出功能上的 匯報。內部審核處處理各類不同形式 的內部控制活動,例如合規性審計, 操作和系統覆查以確保本集團控制系 統的完整性、效率和有效性。

32. Risk management (Continued)

B. Insurance Group (Continued)

(d) Business risks

The Group's Hong Kong insurance subsidiaries, DSLA and Dah Sing Insurance Company (1976) Limited, follow the policies and procedures of the Group in assessing business risk in terms of contingency and interruption planning as well as providing training for staff and agents to comply with the relevant rules and regulations covering their businesses. Macau Insurance Company Limited and MLIC, which are insurance subsidiaries of the Group operating in Macau, have their own policies and procedures to comply with the relevant requirements in Macau.

(e) Capital management

In each market in which the Group's insurance subsidiaries operate, the local insurance regulator specifies the minimum amount and type of capital that must be held by each of the subsidiaries in addition to their insurance liabilities. The minimum required capital must be maintained at all times throughout the year. The Group's subsidiaries are subject to insurance solvency regulations in the markets in which they issue insurance and investment contracts, and where they have complied with the local solvency regulations. The Group has embedded in its asset and liability management framework the necessary tests to ensure continuous and full compliance with such regulations. The solvency requirement of each insurance company in each market is subject to local requirements, which may differ from jurisdiction to jurisdiction. In Hong Kong, the required margin of solvency for the Group's life insurance subsidiary, DSLA, is determined by the Group's appointed actuary in accordance with the Hong Kong Insurance Companies (Margin of Solvency) Regulation. In addition, dynamic solvency test is also required by the Insurance Authority to identify the solvency position of the company on a going concern basis and plausible threats to satisfactory financial condition. For current and previous reporting period/year, the results of dynamic solvency test are satisfactory.

C. The role of Internal Audit

The Group's Internal Audit Division is an independent, objective assurance and consulting unit, which is designed to focus on enhancing and sustaining sound internal control in all business and operational units of the Group. The Division reports functionally to the Group AC, which is chaired by an Independent Non-Executive Director. The Division conducts a wide variety of internal control activities such as compliance audits and operations and systems reviews to ensure the integrity, efficiency and effectiveness of the systems of control of the Group.

財務比率

FINANCIAL RATIOS

		截至2017年 6月30日止 6個月 Six months ended 30 Jun 2017	Restated 截至2016年 6月30日止 6個月 Six months ended 30 Jun 2016
		00 0011 2017	00 0011 2010
淨利息收入/營運收入	Net interest income/operating income	74.4%	76.5%
成本對收入比率	Cost to income ratio	50.4%	50.4%
平均總資產回報(年率化) 一包含出售香港人壽 保險業務之收益 一不包含出售香港人壽	Return on average total assets (annualised) – including gain on disposal of Hong Kong life insurance business – excluding gain on disposal of Hong Kong	2.8%	不適用 N/A
保險業務之收益	life insurance business	1.1%	0.8%
平均股東資金回報(年率化) -包含出售香港人壽	Return on average shareholders' funds (annualised) – including gain on disposal of Hong Kong	,	0.0,0
保險業務之收益 -不包含出售香港人壽	life insurance business - excluding gain on disposal of Hong Kong	26.3%	不適用 N/A
保險業務之收益	life insurance business	10.8%	8.7%
淨息差	Net interest margin	1.94%	1.94%

中期股息

董事會宣佈派發2017年中期股息每股0.32港元,該中期股息將於2017年9月22日(星期五)派發予於2017年9月18日(星期一)辦公時間結束時名列股東名冊上之股東。

暫停辦理股東登記

為釐定股東有權獲派發中期股息:

暫停辦理股東登記日期 (包括首尾兩天) Closure dates of Register of Shareholders (both days inclusive)

截止辦理股份過戶時間 Latest time to lodge transfers

記錄日期 Record date

中期股息派發日期 Payment date of the interim dividend

為確保合資格獲派中期股息,所有股份過戶 文件連同有關股票必須在上述之截止辦理股份過戶時間前送達本公司之股份登記處香港 中央證券登記有限公司辦理過戶手續,地址 為香港灣仔皇后大道東183號合和中心17樓 1712至1716室。

INTERIM DIVIDEND

The Directors have declared an interim dividend of HK\$0.32 per share for 2017 payable on Friday, 22 September 2017 to shareholders whose names are on the Register of Shareholders at the close of business on Monday, 18 September 2017.

CLOSURE OF REGISTER OF SHAREHOLDERS

For determining shareholders' entitlement to receive the interim dividend:

2017年9月14日(星期四) 至2017年9月18日(星期一) 14 September 2017 (Thursday) to 18 September 2017 (Monday)

經重列

2017年9月13日(星期三)下午4時30分 4:30 p.m. on 13 September 2017 (Wednesday)

> 2017年9月18日(星期一) 18 September 2017 (Monday)

2017年9月22日(星期五) 22 September 2017 (Friday)

In order to qualify for the interim dividend, all transfer documents accompanied by the relevant share certificates must be lodged with the Company's share registrar, Computershare Hong Kong Investor Services Limited, Shops 1712-1716, 17th Floor, Hopewell Centre, 183 Queen's Road East, Wan Chai, Hong Kong before the above latest time to lodge transfers.

集團及業務概覽

概要

2017年上半年整體經濟表現較2016年同期有 所改善。香港本地生產總值繼於第一季度取 得近期以來最強勁之4.3%增長後,第二季度 按年計實質增長3.8%。受惠於出口及內部社 長高於預期之增長走勢。香港於期內再次錄 得充份就業。上半年本地股市強勁反彈。內 地經濟表現亦持續優於預期,上半年生產總 值增長率約為6.9%。儘管聯邦儲備局一如額 期於上半年兩度加息,總體而言利率尚算穩 定,而香港之利率甚至稍微下降。

上半年較強勁的經濟表現對本集團的業務有利。扣除減值虧損後之營運溢利上升35.7%至10億9千6百萬港元。期間溢利(經計入出售香港壽險業務收益35億8千7百萬港元後)增長336%至51億7千7百萬港元。於上半年,本集團於完成出售在香港的壽險業務後,宣派特別股息每股6.60港元。

上半年銀行集團表現強勁,股東應佔溢利上 升21.1%至12億9千9百萬港元,主要由營運 收入改善及貸款減值撥備大幅減少所帶動。

CORPORATE AND BUSINESS OVERVIEW

HIGHLIGHTS

The first half of 2017 generally improved over the same period in 2016. Hong Kong GDP expanded by 3.8% in real terms year-on-year in the second quarter, following the very strong first quarter growth at 4.3%, which was the strongest growth for some time. First half GDP growth in Hong Kong was well above trend, driven by growth in exports and private sector consumption. Hong Kong again reported effectively full employment over the period. The local stock market rallied strongly in the first half of the year. The Mainland economy also continued to perform better than expectations in the first half of the year, with growth of around 6.9%. The Federal Reserve, as expected, raised interest rates twice in the first half of the year, although generally speaking interest rates remained quite stable, and in Hong Kong even trended down somewhat.

The stronger economic performance in the first half of the year was beneficial to our business. Operating profit after impairment losses increased by 35.7% to HK\$1,096 million. Profit for the period increased by 336% to HK\$5,177 million incorporating the gain on disposal of the Hong Kong life insurance business of HK\$3,587 million. During the first half of the year, a special dividend of HK\$6.60 per share was declared, following completion of the disposal of the Group's life insurance business in Hong Kong.

The Banking Group performed strongly in the first half, with profit attributable to shareholders increasing by 21.1% to HK\$1,299 million, driven by both an improvement in operating income, and substantially lower loan impairment charges.

業務及財務回顧

在經濟環境較為良好的情況下,銀行集團大部分主要業務的表現均有改善。上半年貸款輕微增長3.4%。於淨息差與2016年上半年同樣維持穩定於1.94%及較高的平均賺息資產下,本集團的整體淨利息收入增長6.3%至18億8千萬港元。由於期內財富管理相關收入增加,本地股票經紀業務顯著改善連同本集團商業銀行業務有關的服務費收入上升,淨服務費及佣金收入强勁增長14.8%至4億5千8百萬港元。由於本集團持續對業務作出投資,上半年營運支出持續增加。然而,成本對收入比率仍保持於相對穩定之50.4%水平。

海外銀行業務整體表現錄得温和改善。本集 團於中國內地業務的貸款增長較於澳門之業 務為佳,而聯營公司重慶銀行的貢獻則略為 改善。相對而言,重慶銀行之盈利貢獻於本 集團上半年整體淨溢利比例有所下降。

信貸質素持續改善,貸款減值虧損顯著下降,期內跌幅逾50%至1億6千7百萬港元。 本集團商業銀行業務的信貸質素之改善尤其 顯著。

本集團於2017年6月19日完成出售香港壽險業務。不包括出售香港壽險業務的特殊溢利,期內已終止經營業務屬營運性質的溢利為2億6千3百30萬港元,較去年同期增長151%。如上文所述,於完成出售之後,本集團宣派特別股息每股6.60港元,為宣派普通中期股息每股0.32港元以外之股息。出售澳門壽險業務仍有待監管機構批准,惟該或出售澳門壽險業務預期將於今年稍後完成。

扣除出售香港壽險業務的特殊溢利的影響,相關資產回報率為1.1%及股東資金回報率為10.8%,高於2016年同期,乃由於較高溢利所致。

BUSINESS AND FINANCIAL REVIEW

With a more favourable economic backdrop, the performance of the Banking Group improved in most key areas. Loan growth was still somewhat subdued at 3.4% in the first half of the year. With a stable NIM at 1.94%, same as the first half of 2016, and higher average interest earning assets, our overall net interest income grew by 6.3% to HK\$1,880 million. Net fee and commission income grew strongly by 14.8% to HK\$458 million due to a combination of stronger wealth management related revenues, a significant improvement in the local stockbroking business, and improvement in fees related to our commercial banking business during the period. Operating expense growth accelerated in the first half of the year as we continued to invest in the business. However, the cost to income ratio remained relatively stable at 50.4%.

Our overseas banking business reported a modestly improved performance as a whole. We saw stronger loan growth in our Mainland business than our Macau business and a modest improvement in the contribution from Bank of Chongqing, although in relative terms, this associate contributed a lower percentage of our overall net profit in the first half of the year.

Credit quality continued to improve, with a notable reduction in loan impairment losses, which dropped by more than 50% to HK\$167 million for the period. The improvement in credit quality was particularly notable in our commercial banking business.

We completed the sale of our Hong Kong life insurance business on 19 June 2017. Excluding the exceptional profit on the disposal of the Hong Kong life insurance business, profit of operating nature for the discontinued operations for the period was HK\$263.3 million, up 151% from the prior period. As referred to above, following the completion of the disposal, a special dividend of HK\$6.60 per share was declared, which was in addition to the normal interim dividend declared of HK\$0.32 per share. The sale of the life insurance business in Macau, which is immaterial to the Group's financial position, remains subject to regulatory approval. It is expected that the sale of the Macau life business will be completed later this year.

Excluding the impact of the exceptional profit on the disposal of the Hong Kong life insurance business, the underlying return on assets of 1.1% and ROE of 10.8% were higher than in the same period in 2016, due to the higher level of profit reported.

業務及財務回顧(續)

由於期內並無進一步集資,於2017年6月30日,大新銀行的綜合普通股權一級資本充足比率受惠於期內強勁盈利能力及較低的貸款資產增長所帶動,上升至13.1%,於2016年底則為12.7%。儘管上述普通股權一級資本充足比率有所上升,整體綜合資本充足率則為17.8%,較去年年底之18.3%略低,主要乃由於在2017年年初贖回兩項次級債務及根據監管資本過渡安排逐步減低部分不符合巴塞爾協定III標準之後價債務作為合資格二級資本基礎所致。

前瞻

香港本地及內地整體市況於2017年上半年較去年同期均有所改善。全球經濟持續復蘇,尤以歐美力度較強。預期下半年經濟狀況大致穩定。儘管總體市況表現較佳,值得款別。強是,本集團在香港的部分主要貸款。的增長仍面對壓力,雖然下(例如物業貸款)的增長仍面對壓力,與於可,但本集團於可,但本集團的資格與大時預期為快。因的資格與下半年業務量將維持現時相對緩慢的,由是以數下半年業務量將維持現時相對緩慢的業務量增長步伐衡量,本集團亦可逐步累積資本。

BUSINESS AND FINANCIAL REVIEW (Continued)

As at 30 June 2017, Dah Sing Bank's consolidated Common Equity Tier 1 ratio strengthened to 13.1%, compared with 12.7% at the end of 2016, driven by the strong profitability during the period coupled with relatively slow loan asset growth, as no additional capital raising was undertaken during the period. Total consolidated capital adequacy ratio stood at 17.8%, slightly lower than 18.3 % at the end of last year despite the growth in Common Equity Tier 1 mentioned above, mainly due to the redemption of two subordinated debts in early 2017, and the phase out of a portion of the non-Basel III compliant subordinated debts as eligible Tier 2 capital base under the transitional arrangement.

PROSPECTS

Conditions in the first half of 2017 have generally improved compared with the same period last year, both locally in Hong Kong, and in the Mainland. Global economic recovery remains ongoing, with somewhat stronger conditions both in the US and Europe. It is expected that the second half of the year will be broadly stable. Whilst in general conditions are reasonably robust, it is notable that growth in some of our key lending areas in Hong Kong, such as property lending, remains under some pressure, and that whilst conditions continue to be supportive at present, there are a number of risks, such as a possible slow-down in the housing market, and a more rapid increase in interest rates than is currently expected, that we will need to face during the second half of the year. Therefore, the current relatively slow pace of volume growth is expected to continue in the second half. Our capital position remains healthy, and at the current relatively slow pace of volume growth, we are capital accretive.

前瞻(續)

當前信貸質素保持良好及穩健,於有利的經濟環境下,本集團目前預期問題貸款不會大幅回升。本地市場的資金流動性維持強勁。然而,由於市場整體貸款增長上升及港元與美元利率之間的較長時間顯著差距,港元利率的升勢可能較預期急速,將對資金成本造成一定壓力。另一方面,服務費及佣金收入(尤其是與財富管理有關者)的表現預計將保持強勁。

本集團於上半年完成出售香港壽險業務,並 預期將於下半年完成出售澳門壽險業務。本 集團仍然致力通過與壽險業務買方訂立的分 銷協議繼續分銷壽險產品,並期待未來持續 擴展該業務。出售壽險業務為本集團提供更 多資本及更強管理資源,用於擴展一般保險 業務,本集團預期該業務於未來數年將可取 得顯著進步。

因此,本集團對下半年的前景抱合理樂觀態度。儘管業務量增長可能仍相對較為緩慢, 但整體業務狀況普遍良好,且不良貸款仍然 受控。隨著完成出售香港壽險業務,本集團 期待再投資於一般保險業務,並繼續致力於 透過銀行分行網絡分銷壽險產品。

PROSPECTS (Continued)

Credit quality at present remains both benign and stable, and with a supportive economic backdrop, we currently do not expect any significant upturn in problem loans. Liquidity in the local market remains strong. However, with overall system-wide loan growth picking up, and a significant and prolonged gap between HK dollar and US dollar interest rates, there is a risk that HK dollar rates may rise more quickly than expected, putting some pressure on funding costs. Meanwhile, conditions for fee and commission income, particularly those related to wealth management, remain strong.

We completed the disposal of our Hong Kong life insurance business in the first half of the year, and we expect to complete the sale of our Macau life insurance business in the second half. We remain committed to distribution of life assurance products via a distribution agreement with the purchaser of the life business, and look forward to growing this stream of business in future. The disposal of the life business gives us both more capital and additional management resources to devote to the expansion of our general insurance business, and we look forward to seeing significant progress in the next few years.

Therefore, we are reasonably optimistic about prospects for the second half of the year. Whilst volume growth may remain relatively subdued, overall business conditions are generally good, and non-performing loans continue to remain under control. With the completion of the disposal of the Hong Kong life insurance business, we look forward to reinvesting in our general insurance business, and to continuing our efforts to distribute life product through our bank branch network.

董事及行政總裁權益

於2017年6月30日,根據《證券及期貨條例》 第XV部,本公司之董事及行政總裁所持有本 公司或其任何相聯法團(定義見《證券及期貨 條例》第XV部)而須向本公司及香港聯合 易所有限公司(「香港交易所」)申報之股份 相關股份及債券的權益(包括按照《證券及 貨條例》之規定而擁有或視作擁有之權 設倉),或按《證券及期貨條例》規定而董納 之登記冊所載,或因遵照《上市公司所採 之營記冊所載,或因遵照《上市公司所採 行證券交易的標準守則》及本公司所採 董事證券交易守則(合稱「證券標準守則」)而 須知會本公司及香港交易所之權益及淡倉如 下:

(甲) 在本公司及相聯法團所持之股份權益

INTERESTS OF DIRECTORS AND CHIEF EXECUTIVE

As at 30 June 2017, the interests and short positions of the Directors and the Chief Executive of the Company in the shares. underlying shares and debentures of the Company or any of its associated corporations (within the meaning of Part XV of the Securities and Futures Ordinance ("SFO")) which were required to be notified to the Company and The Stock Exchange of Hong Kong Limited (the "SEHK") pursuant to Part XV of the SFO (including interests and short positions which they have taken on or are deemed to have acquired under such provisions of the SFO), or which were required, pursuant to the SFO, to be entered in the register referred to therein, or as otherwise required to be notified to the Company and the SEHK pursuant to the Model Code for Securities Transactions by Directors of Listed Issuers and the code of conduct for directors' securities dealing adopted by the Company (collectively the "Securities Model Code") were as follows:

(a) Interests in the shares of the Company and its associated corporation

		本公司普通股股份數目 Number of ordinary shares in the Company				佔已發行股份總數 之權益百分比 Percentage of	
董事	Directors	個人權益 Personal interests	法團權益 Corporate interests	其他權益 Other interests	合計權益 Total interests	interests in the total number of issued shares	
	500.0.0						
王守業	David Shou-Yeh Wong	-	11,096,495 (1)	126,189,187 (2)	137,285,682	40.97	
周偉偉	John Wai-Wai Chow	1,223,231	-	-	1,223,231	0.37	
		Number	 Group Limited	估已發行股份總數 之權益百分比 Percentage of			
		個人權益	法團權益	其他權益	合計權益	interests in the	
		Personal	Corporate	Other	Total	total number of	
董事	Directors	interests	interests	interests	interests	issued shares	
王守業	David Shou-Yeh Wong	_	1,045,626,955 (3)	-	1,045,626,955	74.49	
周偉偉	John Wai-Wai Chow	208,741	_	_	208,741	0.01	
麥曉德 ⁽⁴⁾ (於2017年6月1日辭任董事)	Nicholas John Mayhew ⁽⁴⁾ (resigned on 1 June 2017)	523,142	-	-	523,142	0.04	

董事及行政總裁權益(續)

(甲) 在本公司及相聯法團所持之股份權益 (續)

註:

- (1) 董事於法團權益乃指由其於股東大會 上可控制三分之一或以上投票權之公 司所持有之股份。
- (2) 此等股份乃由家族全權信託受託人滙 豐國際信託有限公司間接持有,王守 業為其授予人。
- (3) 此等股份包括本公司持有大新銀行集團有限公司(「大新銀行集團」)74.48%控制權益,而根據《證券及期貨條例》第XV部的定義因王守業擁有本公司40.97%實益權益而被視作間接擁有大新銀行集團股份之法團權益,以及由王守業擁有控制權之公司所持有之股份權益。
- (4) 除上述所披露之大新銀行集團權益 外,麥曉德亦擁有DSE Investment Services Limited (「DSE」)所發行面值 700港元之全部優先股份實益權益。 DSE乃本公司全資附屬公司,現時無 營業。
- (乙) 在本公司及相聯法團所持認股權計劃下 之認股權權益

下列為本公司於2005年4月28日採納之認股權計劃(「大新金融舊計劃」)及大新銀行集團(本公司之相聯法團)於2004年6月12日採納之認股權計劃(「大新銀行集團舊計劃」)(合稱「該等舊計劃」)授出之認股權以認購本公司及大新銀行集團普通股份之權益及按香港聯合交易所有限公司證券上市規則(「《上市規則》」)而須予披露之資料:

INTERESTS OF DIRECTORS AND CHIEF EXECUTIVE (Continued)

(a) Interests in the shares of the Company and its associated corporation (Continued)

Notes:

- (1) The corporate interests are in respect of shares held by companies in which the director controls one third or more of the voting powers at general meetings.
- (2) Such shares are indirectly held by HSBC International Trustee Limited, the trustee of a family discretionary trust of which David Shou-Yeh Wong is the settlor.
- (3) Such shares include the indirect corporate interests of David Shou-Yeh Wong in Dah Sing Banking Group Limited ("DSBG") under Part XV of the SFO by virtue of his beneficial interests of 40.97% in the Company which currently holds a controlling interest of 74.48% in DSBG and interests in DSBG held through a company controlled by David Shou-Yeh Wong.
- (4) In addition to the interests in DSBG disclosed above, Nicholas John Mayhew is also beneficially interested in all of the preference shares of DSE Investment Services Limited ("DSE") in issue totalling HK\$700. DSE is a wholly owned subsidiary of the Company and is currently inactive.
- (b) Interests in options under share option schemes of the Company and its associated corporation

Set out below are particulars of interests in options to subscribe for ordinary shares of the Company and DSBG, an associated corporation of the Company, granted respectively under the Share Option Schemes of the Company adopted on 28 April 2005 (the "Old DSFH Scheme") and DSBG adopted on 12 June 2004 (the "Old DSBG Scheme") (collectively the "Old Schemes") and information that is required to be disclosed in accordance with the Rules Governing the Listing of Securities on The Stock Exchange of Hong Kong Limited (the "Listing Rules"):

董事及行政總裁權益(續)

INTERESTS OF DIRECTORS AND CHIEF EXECUTIVE (Continued)

- (乙) 在本公司及相聯法團所持認股權計劃下 之認股權權益(續)
- (b) Interests in options under share option schemes of the Company and its associated corporation (Continued)

認股權包含之股份數目

		Number of shares in the options							
承授人	Grantee	於2017年 1月1日 持有 ⁽¹⁾ Held at 1/1/2017 ⁽¹⁾	期内授出 Granted during the period	期內行使 Exercised during the period	期內註銷/ 失效 Cancelled/ lapsed during the period	於2017年 6月30日 持有 Held at 30/6/2017	行使價 ⁽¹⁾ Exercise price (¹⁾ (港元) (HK\$)	授出日 Grant date (日/月/年) (D/M/Y)	行使期 ⁽²⁾ Exercise period ⁽²⁾ (日/月/年) (D/M/Y)
大新金融舊計劃	Old DSFH Scheme								
僱員總額(3)	Aggregate of employees (3)	521,534	-	-	(521,534) (4)	0	38.35	12/12/2011	12/12/2012- 12/12/2017
		312,920	-	-	(250,336) (4)	62,584	31.88	21/12/2012	21/12/2013- 21/12/2018
大新銀行集團舊計劃	Old DSBG Scheme								
董事 王伯凌	Directors Gary Pak-Ling Wang	2,700,218	-	-	(1,800,000) (5)	900,218	8.91	12/12/2011	12/12/2012- 12/12/2017
		934,691	-	-	-	934,691	7.96	21/12/2012	21/12/2013-21/12/2018
麥曉德 <i>(於2017年6月1日</i>	Nicholas John Mayhew (resigned on 1 June 2017)	2,492,510	-	-	(1,250,000) (5)	1,242,510	8.91	12/12/2011	12/12/2012- 12/12/2017
辭任董事)		332,334	-	-	-	332,334	7.96	21/12/2012	21/12/2013- 21/12/2018
其他僱員總額(3)	Aggregate of other employees (3)	2,907,927	-	-	-	2,907,927	8.91	12/12/2011	12/12/2012- 12/12/2017
		830,834	-	(103,854)	_	726,980	7.96	21/12/2012	21/12/2013-21/12/2018
		186,938	-	(62,313)	_	124,625	11.68	26/03/2014	26/03/2015- 26/03/2020

註:

- (1) 經本公司及大新銀行集團分別於2014 年4月及2014年5月完成之供股而作出 調整。本公司及大新銀行集團已分別 於2014年4月29日及2014年5月8日 就相關調整概要作出公佈。
- (2) 所有根據該等舊計劃下授出之認股權 於授出日起計第1個至第5個週年分5 批平均歸屬後可予以行使。
- (3) 認股權乃授予若干合資格僱員,彼等 為本公司及/或大新銀行集團主要營 運附屬公司的董事、高級管理人員或 職員,並為香港僱傭條例下「連續合 約」工作的僱員。

Notes:

- (1) Adjusted as a result of the rights issue of the Company and DSBG completed in April 2014 and May 2014 respectively. The key summary of related adjustments was announced by the Company and DSBG on 29 April 2014 and 8 May 2014 respectively.
- (2) All the existing share options granted under the Old Schemes shall be exercisable upon vesting in 5 equal tranches between the first and fifth anniversaries from the date of grant.
- (3) Share options were granted to certain eligible employees, who are directors, senior executives or officers of major operating subsidiaries of the Company and/or DSBG and are working under employment contracts that are regarded as "continuous contracts" for the purpose of the Employment Ordinance of Hong Kong.

董事及行政總裁權益(續)

(乙) 在本公司及相聯法團所持認股權計劃下 之認股權權益(續)

註:(續)

- (4) 該等認股權被本公司贖回及註銷並按 大新金融舊計劃之條款向相關承授人 就註銷作出現金補償。
- (5) 該等認股權被大新銀行集團贖回及註 銷並按大新銀行集團舊計劃之條款向 相關承授人就註銷作出現金補償。
- (6) 截至2017年6月30日止6個月期間內, 大新銀行集團股份在緊接認股權行使 日期之前的加權平均收市價為16.14 港元。
- (7) 大新金融舊計劃已於2015年4月28日 屆滿。於2015年5月27日,本公司股 東通過批准採納新認股權計劃(「大新 金融新計劃」)。由大新金融新計劃採 納日起至2017年6月30日止,並無任 何認股權根據大新金融新計劃授出。
- (8) 於2014年5月27日,大新銀行集團股東通過批准採納新認股權計劃(「大新銀行集團新計劃」)及終止大新銀行集團舊計劃。由大新銀行集團新計劃採納日起至2017年6月30日止,並無任何認股權根據大新銀行集團新計劃授出。
- (9) 該等舊計劃終止/屆滿後,不得據該 等舊計劃進一步授出任何認股權,惟 該等舊計劃之條文就於有關終止/屆 滿前已授出但於終止/屆滿時仍未行 使之全部認股權而言,仍具有十足效 力及作用。

所有上述權益皆屬好倉。於2017年6月30日,本公司依據《證券及期貨條例》而設置之董事及行政總裁權益及淡倉登記冊內並無董事或行政總裁持有淡倉的記錄。

除上文所披露者外,於2017年6月30日,本公司董事或行政總裁及其各自之聯繫人士概無於本公司或其任何相聯法團(定義見《證券及期貨條例》第XV部)之股份、相關股份及債券中擁有已在本公司按《證券及期貨條例》第352條規定備存之登記冊中記錄,或根據證券標準守則已知會本公司及香港交易所之任何權益或淡倉。

INTERESTS OF DIRECTORS AND CHIEF EXECUTIVE (Continued)

(b) Interests in options under share option schemes of the Company and its associated corporation (Continued)

Notes: (Continued)

- (4) The share options were redeemed and cancelled by the Company and cash compensation was made to the respective grantees for the cancellation in accordance with the provisions of the Old DSFH Scheme.
- (5) The share options were redeemed and cancelled by DSBG and cash compensation was made to the respective grantees for the cancellation in accordance with the provisions of the Old DSBG Scheme.
- (6) The weighted average closing price of the shares of DSBG immediately before the dates on which the options were exercised during the six months ended 30 June 2017 was HK\$16.14.
- (7) The Old DSFH Scheme was expired on 28 April 2015. On 27 May 2015, the shareholders of the Company approved the adoption of a new share option scheme (the "New DSFH Scheme"). No share options had been granted under the New DSFH Option Scheme since the date of adoption to 30 June 2017.
- (8) On 27 May 2014, the shareholders of DSBG approved the adoption of a new share option scheme (the "New DSBG Scheme") and the termination of the Old DSBG Scheme. No share options had been granted under the New DSBG Option Scheme since the date of adoption to 30 June 2017.
- (9) No further options can be offered under the Old Schemes after its termination/expiration but the provisions of the Old Schemes remain in full force and effect to the extent necessary to give effect to exercise of all options granted prior to the termination/expiration of the Old Schemes but not yet exercised at the time of termination/expiration.

All the interests stated above represent long positions. As at 30 June 2017, none of the Directors or Chief Executive of the Company held any short positions as defined under the SFO which are required to be recorded in the register of directors' and chief executives' interests and short positions.

Save as disclosed above, as at 30 June 2017, none of the Directors or Chief Executive of the Company and their respective associates had any interests or short positions in the shares, underlying shares and debentures of the Company or any of its associated corporations (within the meaning of Part XV of the SFO) as recorded in the register required to be kept by the Company pursuant to section 352 of the SFO, or as otherwise notified to the Company and the SEHK pursuant to the Securities Model Code.

主要股東權益

於2017年6月30日,以下人士(本公司董事及行政總裁之權益已於上文披露除外)於本公司股份及相關股份中,持有本公司根據《證券及期貨條例》第XV部第336條規定存置的股東權益登記冊予以記錄或據本公司知悉的權益或淡倉。

SUBSTANTIAL SHAREHOLDERS' INTERESTS

As at 30 June 2017, the following are the persons, other than the Directors and Chief Executive of the Company whose interests are disclosed above, who had interests or short positions in the shares and underlying shares of the Company as recorded in the register of shareholders' interests required to be kept by the Company pursuant to section 336 of Part XV of the SFO or otherwise known to the Company.

估已發行股份 幽勘→雄兴

股東	Shareholder	身份 Capacity	所持股份數目 Number of shares held	想數之權益 百分比 ⁽⁴⁾ Percentage of interests in the total number of issued shares ⁽⁴⁾
王嚴君琴	Christine Yen Wong	因其配偶擁有須予披露權益 而被視作擁有權益 Deemed interests by virtue of her spouse having a notifiable interest	137,285,682 (L) ⁽¹⁾	40.97*
滙豐國際信託有限公司	HSBC International Trustee Limited	信託人及法團權益 Trustee and corporate interests	126,199,187 (L) ⁽²⁾	37.66*
DSI Limited	DSI Limited	信託人及法團權益 Trustee and corporate interests	61,205,583 (L) ⁽³⁾	18.27*
DSI Group Limited	DSI Group Limited	信託人及法團權益 Trustee and corporate interests	45,068,894 (L) ⁽³⁾	13.45*
DSI Holding Limited	DSI Holding Limited	信託人及法團權益 Trustee and corporate interests	19,914,710 (L) ⁽³⁾	5.94*
三菱UFJ金融集團	Mitsubishi UFJ Financial Group, Inc.	法團權益 Corporate interests	50,870,777 (L)	15.18
三菱東京UFJ銀行	The Bank of Tokyo-Mitsubishi UFJ, Ltd.	實益權益 Beneficial interests	50,870,777 (L)	15.18
Aberdeen Asset Management Asia Limited	Aberdeen Asset Management Asia Limited	投資經理 Investment manager	18,048,800 (L)	5.39
Citigroup Inc.	Citigroup Inc.	投資經理 Investment manager	16,841,614 (L) 9,600 (S) 16,677,857 (P)	5.03 (L) 0 (S) 4.98 (P)

- * 以上滙豐國際信託有限公司、DSI Limited、DSI Group Limited及DSI Holding Limited各自所列之權益均屬王守業所持有本公司股份中之部份,而該等之權益已於「董事及行政總裁權益」一節予以披露。王嚴君琴的權益即該等王守業在本公司的股份全數。因此,有關股份不可累積計算,概只屬於王守業所披露有本公司股份權益之部份或全部。
- * Each of the interests of HSBC International Trustee Limited, DSI Limited, DSI Group Limited and DSI Holding Limited forms part of the shares held by David Shou-Yeh Wong in the Company as disclosed under the heading "Interests of Directors and Chief Executive". The interests of Christine Yen Wong represent the whole of such shares. Therefore, these shareholdings should not be aggregated, and rather form part or whole of the same share interests of David Shou-Yeh Wong held in the Company.

主要股東權益(續)

註:

- (1) 此等股份屬王嚴君琴被視作擁有之權益,皆 因其配偶王守業乃持有本公司有關股本中按 《證券及期貨條例》第316(1)條釋義須予申報 權益之主要股東。此等權益於上文「董事及 行政總裁權益」一節所披露中所載王守業持 有之股份相同。
- (2) 此等股份中之126,189,187股主要由家族全權信託受託人滙豐國際信託有限公司間接持有,王守業為其授予人。
- (3) 此等股份主要由為王守業及其家族成員利益 而成立之全權信託受託人DSI Limited、DSI Group Limited及DSI Holding Limited間接持 有。
- (4) 每位所述股東所持有之權益百分比乃根據本 公司於2017年6月30日之已發行股份總數計 算。
- (5) 字母「L」、「S」及「P」分別指於股份的好倉 「L」、淡倉「S」及可供借出的股份「P」。

遵守企業管治守則

截至2017年6月30日止6個月期間內,除守 則條文第A.4.1條外,本公司已應用原則及一 直遵守《上市規則》附錄14之《企業管治守則》 (「企業管治守則」)的所有守則條文。

根據企業管治守則之守則條文A.4.1規定,非執行董事之委任應有指定任期,並須接受重新選舉。本公司之非執行董事委任並無訂立特定任期,惟須根據本公司的組織章程細則於股東週年大會上輪值退任及重選連任。

SUBSTANTIAL SHAREHOLDERS' INTERESTS

(Continued)

Notes:

- (1) Such shares represent the deemed interests of Christine Yen Wong by virtue of her spouse, David Shou-Yeh Wong being a substantial shareholder of the Company having a notifiable interest in the relevant share capital of the Company (under the interpretation of section 316(1) of the SFO). These interests comprise the same shares held by David Shou-Yeh Wong under the heading "Interests of Directors and Chief Executive" above.
- (2) Out of these shares, 126,189,187 shares are mainly comprised of the interests indirectly held by HSBC International Trustee Limited in trust for a family discretionary trust of which David Shou-Yeh Wong is the settlor.
- (3) Such shares are mainly comprised of the interests indirectly held by DSI Limited, DSI Group Limited and DSI Holding Limited in trust for a discretionary trust established for the benefit of David Shou-Yeh Wong and his family members.
- (4) Percentage of interests held by each named shareholder was calculated with reference to the total number of issued shares of the Company as at 30 June 2017.
- (5) The letters "L", "S" and "P" denote a long position ("L"), short position ("S") and lending pool ("P") in the shares respectively.

COMPLIANCE WITH THE CORPORATE GOVERNANCE CODE

During the six months ended 30 June 2017, the Company has applied the principles and complied with all the code provisions as set out in the Corporate Governance Code ("CG Code") under Appendix 14 of the Listing Rules, with the exception of code provision A.4.1.

Pursuant to code provision A.4.1 of the CG Code, non-executive directors should be appointed for a specific term, subject to re-election. The Non-Executive Directors of the Company are not appointed for a specific term, but are subject to retirement by rotation and re-election at annual general meetings in accordance with the provisions of the Company's Articles of Association.

董事之證券交易守則

本公司已採納一套自行制定且條款不低於《上市規則》附錄10《上市發行人董事進行證券交易的標準守則》(「《標準守則》」)所載規定的董事進行證券交易的董事證券交易守則(「董事交易守則」)。經向本公司董事作出特定查詢後,彼等已確認截至2017年6月30日止6個月期間,均已遵守《標準守則》及本公司之董事交易守則。

董事資料之變動

根據《上市規則》第13.51B(1)條,自刊發本公司2016年年報起至本中期業績報告日期止, 董事披露資料的變動如下:

(a) 王守業先生

主席

- 固定薪酬由2017年4月1日起調整 現金津貼由每月130,000港元增加 至137,000港元
- 由2017年6月19日起辭任大新人 壽保險有限公司之董事、主席及 總裁

(b) 黄漢興先生

董事總經理兼行政總裁

- 固定薪酬由2017年4月1日起調整 現金津貼由每月125,000港元增加 至143,000港元
- 由2017年6月1日起獲委任為大新 銀行集團有限公司(「大新銀行集 團」)之董事總經理兼行政總裁

CODE FOR SECURITIES TRANSACTIONS BY DIRECTORS

The Company has adopted its own code of conduct for directors' securities transactions ("Directors' Dealing Code") on terms no less exacting than the prevailing required standard set out in the Model Code for Securities Transactions by Directors of Listed Issuers ("Model Code") under Appendix 10 of the Listing Rules. Following specific enquiry, the Directors of the Company confirmed that they had complied with the required standard set out in the Model Code and the Directors' Dealing Code throughout the six months ended 30 June 2017.

CHANGES IN INFORMATION WITH REGARD TO DIRECTORS

Pursuant to Rule 13.51B(1) of the Listing Rules, changes in information required to be disclosed by the Directors since the publication of the 2016 Annual Report of the Company and up to the date of this Interim Report are set out below:

(a) Mr. David Shou-Yeh Wong Chairman

- Fixed remuneration adjusted with a cash allowance increased from HK\$130,000 to HK\$137,000 per month with effect from 1 April 2017
- Resigned as a Director, Chairman and President of Dah Sing Life Assurance Company Limited with effect from 19 June 2017

(b) Mr. Hon-Hing Wong (Derek Wong)

Managing Director and Chief Executive

- Fixed remuneration adjusted with a cash allowance increased from HK\$125,000 to HK\$143,000 per month with effect from 1 April 2017
- Appointed as the Managing Director and Chief Executive of Dah Sing Banking Group Limited ("DSBG") with effect from 1 June 2017

董事資料之變動(續)

(c) 王伯凌先生

執行董事及副行政總裁

- 固定薪酬由2017年4月1日起調整 現金津貼由每月65,300港元增加 至72,500港元
- 由2017年6月1日起獲委任為本公司之副行政總裁及集團財務及營運總監
- 由2017年6月1日起獲委任為大 新銀行集團及大新銀行有限公司 (「大新銀行」)之集團財務及營運 總監
- 由2017年6月19日起辭任大新人 壽保險有限公司之董事
- 由2017年8月21日起由大新銀行 董事總經理兼行政總裁調任為大 新銀行副行政總裁及替任行政總 裁

(d) 史習陶先生

獨立非執行董事

- 董事袍金由2017年6月1日起調整 至每年850,000港元(包括一間附 屬公司之薪酬)
- 由2017年6月19日起辭任大新人 壽保險有限公司之獨立非執行董 事
- 由2017年8月22日起辭任大新銀 行集團提名及薪酬委員會之主席

(e) 董樂明先生

獨立非執行董事

- 董事袍金由2017年6月1日起調整 至每年850,000港元(包括一間附 屬公司之薪酬)

(f) 中村清次先生

獨立非執行董事

- 董事袍金由2017年6月1日起調整 至每年350,000港元
- 由2017年6月29日起退任栗田工 業株式會社之外部董事

CHANGES IN INFORMATION WITH REGARD TO DIRECTORS (Continued)

(c) Mr. Gary Pak-Ling Wang

Executive Director and Deputy Chief Executive

- Fixed remuneration adjusted with a cash allowance increased from HK\$65,300 to HK\$72,500 per month with effect from 1 April 2017
- Appointed as the Deputy Chief Executive and Group Chief Financial and Operating Officer of the Company with effect from 1 June 2017
- Appointed as the Group Chief Financial and Operating Officer of DSBG and Dah Sing Bank, Limited ("DSB") with effect from 1 June 2017
- Resigned as a Director of Dah Sing Life Assurance Company Limited with effect from 19 June 2017
- Re-designated from Managing Director and Chief Executive of DSB to Deputy Chief Executive and Alternate Chief Executive of DSB with effect from 21 August 2017

(d) Mr. Robert Tsai-To Sze

Independent Non-Executive Director

- Director's fee revised to HK\$850,000 per annum (including remuneration from a subsidiary) with effect from 1 June 2017
- Resigned as an Independent Non-Executive Director of Dah Sing Life Assurance Company Limited with effect from 19 June 2017
- Resigned as the Chairman of the Nomination and Remuneration Committee of DSBG with effect from 22 August 2017

(e) Mr. Lon Dounn

Independent Non-Executive Director

 Director's fee revised to HK\$850,000 per annum (including remuneration from a subsidiary) with effect from 1 June 2017

(f) Mr. Seiji Nakamura

Independent Non-Executive Director

- Director's fee revised to HK\$350,000 per annum with effect from 1 June 2017
- Retired as the External Director of Kurita Water Industries Ltd. with effect from 29 June 2017

董事資料之變動(續)

(g) 裴布雷先生

獨立非執行董事

董事袍金由2017年6月1日起調整 至每年350,000港元

(h) 吉川英一先生

非執行董事

- 董事袍金由2017年6月1日起調整 至每年300,000港元
- 由2017年5月15日起停任三菱東京UFJ銀行(「BTMU」)高級常務董事
- 由2017年5月15日起獲委任為 BTMU之副總裁(董事)

(i) 本下俊秀先生

非執行董事

- 董事袍金由2017年6月1日起調整 至每年300,000港元
- 由2017年6月8日起停任BTMU執 行要員、香港區區域主管及香港 分行總經理
- 由2017年6月26日起獲委任為 Sotsu Corporation之高級常務董事

(j) 周偉偉先生

非執行董事

董事袍金由2017年6月1日起調整 至每年300,000港元

除上文所披露外,並無其他資料須根據《上市規則》第13.51B(1)條作出披露。

未經審核之財務報表

本中期業績報告之財務資料為未經審核及不 構成法定之財務報表。

審核委員會

審核委員會與管理層已審閱本集團沿用之會 計準則與實務,並就有關內部監控及財務報 告事宜(包括審閱截至2017年6月30日止6個 月之未經審核之中期財務報表)進行審閱及 商討。

CHANGES IN INFORMATION WITH REGARD TO DIRECTORS (Continued)

(g) Mr. Blair Chilton Pickerell

Independent Non-Executive Director

Director's fee revised to HK\$350,000 per annum with effect from 1 June 2017

(h) Mr. Eiichi Yoshikawa

Non-Executive Director

- Director's fee revised to HK\$300,000 per annum with effect from 1 June 2017
- Ceased to act as Senior Managing Director of The Bank of Tokyo-Mitsubishi UFJ, Ltd. ("BTMU") with effect from 15 May 2017
- Appointed as Deputy President (Director) of BTMU with effect from 15 May 2017

(i) Mr. Toshihide Motoshita

Non-Executive Director

- Director's fee revised to HK\$300,000 per annum with effect from 1 June 2017
- Ceased to act as Executive Officer, Regional Head for Hong Kong and General Manager of BTMU Hong Kong Branch with effect from 8 June 2017
- Appointed as Senior Managing Director of Sotsu Corporation with effect from 26 June 2017

(i) Mr. John Wai-Wai Chow

Non-Executive Director

Director's fee revised to HK\$300,000 per annum with effect from 1 June 2017

Save as those disclosed above, there is no other information required to be disclosed pursuant to Rule 13.51B(1) of the Listing Rules.

UNAUDITED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

The financial information in this Interim Report is unaudited and does not constitute statutory financial statements.

AUDIT COMMITTEE

The Audit Committee has reviewed with Management the accounting principles and practices adopted by the Group and discussed internal controls and financial reporting matters including a review of the unaudited interim financial statements for the six months ended 30 June 2017.

薪酬及員工發展

本公司員工薪酬、薪酬政策及培訓計劃與 2016年年報所披露大致相同,並無重大改 變。

購買、出售或贖回證券

截至2017年6月30日止6個月期間,本公司 或其任何附屬公司並無購買、出售或贖回任 何本公司之上市證券。

中期業績報告

董事會

於本中期業績報告日,本公司的董事會成員 包括執行董事王守業先生(主席)、黃漢興 先生(董事總經理兼行政總裁)及王伯凌先 生(副行政總裁);非執行董事吉川英一先 生(堀越秀一先生為替任董事)、本下俊秀先 生及周偉偉先生;獨立非執行董事史習陶先 生、董樂明先生、中村清次先生及裴布雷先 生。

承董事會命 **王慧娜** 公司秘書

香港,2017年8月23日(星期三)

REMUNERATION AND STAFF DEVELOPMENT

There have been no material changes to the information disclosed in the Company's 2016 Annual Report in respect of the remuneration of employees, remuneration policies and training schemes.

PURCHASE, SALE OR REDEMPTION OF SECURITIES

There was no purchase, sale or redemption by the Company, or any of its subsidiaries, of listed securities of the Company during the six months ended 30 June 2017.

INTERIM REPORT

The 2017 Interim Report in both English and Chinese is now available in printed form and on the websites of Dah Sing Bank (www.dahsing.com) and Hong Kong Exchanges and Clearing Limited (www.hkexnews.hk). Shareholders are encouraged to rely on the website version to help protect the environment. Notwithstanding any choice of means for the receipt of corporate communications (i.e. either receiving a printed copy or by electronic means through Dah Sing Bank's website) previously made by shareholders and communicated to the Company, shareholders may at any time change their choice of means of receiving the Company's corporate communications free of charge by giving reasonable notice in writing to the Company's share registrar, Computershare Hong Kong Investor Services Limited at 17M Floor, Hopewell Centre, 183 Queen's Road East, Wan Chai, Hong Kong or by email to dahsingfinancial.ecom@computershare.com.hk.

BOARD OF DIRECTORS

As at the date of this Interim Report, the Board of Directors of the Company comprises Messrs. David Shou-Yeh Wong (Chairman), Hon-Hing Wong (Derek Wong) (Managing Director and Chief Executive) and Gary Pak-Ling Wang (Deputy Chief Executive) as Executive Directors; Messrs. Eiichi Yoshikawa (Hidekazu Horikoshi as alternate), Toshihide Motoshita and John Wai-Wai Chow as Non-Executive Directors; Messrs. Robert Tsai-To Sze, Lon Dounn, Seiji Nakamura and Blair Chilton Pickerell as Independent Non-Executive Directors.

By Order of the Board Doris W. N. Wong Company Secretary

Hong Kong, Wednesday, 23 August 2017

